

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 52.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1898.

TWO CENTS

LAUDS SAMPSON.

Secretary Long Praises the Officer's Service.

AN ATTACK ANSWERED.

The Acting Admiral's Plans Resulted In Cervera's Defeat.

TOLD NOT TO ENTER THE HARBOR.

Great Responsibilities Rested Upon the Shoulders of the Commanding Officer of the Fleet—The Movement on Porto Rico by Sampson's Ships Was Not For the Purpose of Capture, but a Reconnaissance to Locate Spanish Fleet.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The secretary of the navy has received letters violently attacking Admiral Sampson. He has given out a copy of his reply to one of them, written Aug. 5, which he furnishes for publication, in which he said in part:

"First—Admiral Sampson was selected for the command of the North Atlantic squadron because the department, in the exercise of its best judgment, with an eye single to the public interests, believed that he was especially fitted for the place. Admiral Sicard, who held the command, having become incapacitated for duty by reason of sickness, was necessarily withdrawn by order of the department and Sampson was next in command.

"Second—The movement on Porto Rico was not a movement for its capture. The department, which has very rarely interfered with the movements of admirals commanding squadrons, did, however, make one express order, and that was that our battleships should not be exposed to the risk of serious injury from the fire of any fort. At that time the Spanish fleet was strong. Its whereabouts and destination were unknown. The prime necessity was to meet and crush its ships and to secure for us the domination of the sea. The Oregon had not arrived, the Maine was destroyed, and no naval authority would justify the unnecessary risk of the destruction of any of our battleships, except in battle with the enemy's ships. The movement to Porto Rico was to meet, if possible, the fleet of Cervera, which was then expected. Cervera, undoubtedly learning that our fleet was at San Juan, changed his destination to Santiago. Our movements to Porto Rico thus became a reconnaissance and fulfilled its purpose.

"Third—With regard to sending our ships into the harbor of Santiago Admiral Sampson was acting under the explicit orders of the department not to expose his armored ships to the risk of sinking by mines, and the wisdom of his course, I believe, is universally acknowledged by naval authorities. He waited, as he should have done, the co-operation of the army. How effectually, under this co-operation the result was accomplished, is now a matter of history. There are few more graphic scenes than must have been presented at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of July 14, when Shafter, with his troops ready to assault Santiago, awaited the reply of the Spanish commander to the demand for surrender. Sampson's fleet was at the mouth of the harbor, drawn up in line and ready to bombard, as it had been for days previous, and the signal officer stood on the heights ready to wig-wag the signal for firing. Happily, instead of this signal, came the good word that the Spanish had surrendered to this combined readiness for attack.

"Fourth—Please bear in mind the variety and the weight of the responsibilities, which were upon Admiral Sampson for the month prior to the great battle which destroyed Cervera's fleet. He was commanding officer of the whole squadron; charged with the blockade of the whole Cuban coast; charged with the detail of all the movements of ships; charged with clerical correspondence with the department and other officers, and especially charged with preventing the escape of Cervera. Remember that this man, whom you so sweepingly accuse, was devoting his days and nights to these duties. If you will read the order issued by him, beginning with June 1, you will find that the most thorough precautions had been taken to prevent the escape of Cervera; that our fleet was kept constantly in line, so far from the entrance at night, and so far by day; that the most rigid care with searchlights and every other appliance was taken every night; that the commanding officer of every vessel knew this post and his duty in case of an attempt to escape, so that, when that attempt came, the movement to prevent it, by the attack of our vessels upon the outgoing Spaniards went on like clockwork; as at Chattanooga, every movement of that great battle was carried out, although General Grant was neither at Missionary Ridge nor Lookout Mountain.

"I cannot understand why such a bitter feeling is manifested in many quarters toward Admiral Sampson, when all these officers subordinate to him, in their reports, clearly and cordially recognize the fact that, although at the beginning he was by orders from

Washington, going to confer with General Shafter, yet the battle was fought under his orders, and that the victory was the consummation of his thorough preparation.

"For myself, I know no predelection for any one of these gallant men. I would crown everyone of them with laurel. I want them all to have their just deserts. Everyone of them deserves unstinted praise; not one of them deserves anything less than full measure for that day's work. And, therefore, I can think of nothing more cruel than a depreciation of the merit of the faithful, devoted, patriotic commander-in-chief, physically frail, worn with sleepless vigilance, weighed with measureless responsibilities and details, letting no duty go undone; for weeks with ceaseless blocking the Spanish squadron, at last, by the unerring fulfillment of his plans, crushing it under the feet which executed his command; yet now compelled, in dignified silence, to be assailed as vindictively as if he were an enemy to his country. I am sure no one more deprecates such an attack than the officers of the fleet—commanders, captains and all. Among them all is peace; whatever disquiet there may be elsewhere the navy is serene."

ROUND ROBIN JUSTIFIED.

Shafter Sent a Dispatch Confirming the Condition of the Men and the Reason.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—General Shafter telegraphed the president yesterday regarding the publication of the "round robin" signed by the general officers of his command, saying in part:

"Situation is greatly aggravated from the fact that before any of the men were taken ill they were thoroughly exhausted. At least 75 per cent of the command had been down with malarial fever, from which they recover very slowly, and are in no condition to stand an attack of yellow fever or dysentery. Placed here now in the condition in which they were when they came here I do not believe they would be in any particular danger.

"The regiment of immunes which recently arrived is not suffering at all and I don't believe they will. They can keep out of the sun, are well clothed and fed. What put my command in its present condition was the 20 days of the campaign when they had nothing but meat, bread and coffee, without change of clothes, without any shelter whatever, and during the period twice as stormy as it has been since the surrender. Fresh troops reaching here in the middle of August, with good camps, good water, abundance of tentage—which they will find here—need not apprehend serious danger."

He thanked the president for the high regard in which he held his (Shafter's) command and said Generals Wheeler, Lawton, Bates and Kent concurred with him in the views expressed regarding the situation.

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PONCE, Island of Porto Rico, Aug. 9.—General Brooke was here in conference with Major General Miles yesterday morning. His force is still at



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The United States cruiser Montgomery and the hospital ship Relief have arrived at the port of Ponce.

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In the carrying out of this program it was believed that Spain would seek to secure an understanding on many incidental points involved, some of them of considerable importance. For instance, some doubt was raised as to whether Spain's acceptance would be operative until referred to and ratified by the Spanish cortes, and it was understood that the reply might call attention to this condition. The same condition, it was pointed out, exists as to the United States, for a peace treaty requires the ratification of the senate to become operative. In case Spain's answer discussed these incidental points there promised to be wide latitude for controversy and delay unless the president and cabinet declined to enter the field of discussion.

Late yesterday afternoon the president received an indirect intimation that the Spanish reply had come to the French embassy. A cabinet officer who was with him at this time said on leaving:

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The administration, it is said, has not yet given serious consideration to the personnel of the peace commission, but it is believed that no one not in accord with the president's present views as to the disposition of the Philippines will be appointed, and Mr. McKinley, who, it is thought, favors keeping at least Manila harbor and bay and sufficient territory around it for its support and protection, if not the whole of Luzon island. As to members of the commission there are precedents for their appointment, notably the treaty of Ghent.

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suing for peace, and that there would be no more war and no further use for soldiers.

He offered a pardon to all Cuban political prisoners and over 150 were released in Havana.

He assures the soldiers and all Spanish residents who wish to return to Spain or to go to other Spanish possessions that free transportation will be given them by their mother country to their destination. He suggests that the Cubans be forgiven and no longer regarded as enemies and that no unkind feelings be cherished.

LACK OF FACILITIES.

A Medical Officer Gives That and Other Reasons For Neglect of the Wounded In Cuba.

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On reaching Cuba, he says, some of the hospital vessels were partially unloaded and then ordered out to sea, to make room for other vessels, one vessel staying, he was informed, about a week. During this time the fight at Guasima occurred. The commanding general was appealed to for a launch and pack train, but the exigency of the occasion did not apparently appeal to him and for two days the medical department was unable to get transportation of any kind to the other ships or to the shore, although there were a large number of launches and boats employed on various other duties. On the third day, by order of the adjutant general, one rowboat was turned over to the medical department for the purposes above named, and at the same time an order was issued for land transportation to carry medical supplies to the front "not to exceed one six-mule team."

He further said: "On getting into this boat with supplies from the headquarters transport I was directed by sundry staff officers to take them on various errands. On my refusal to recognize their authority the commanding general, who had appeared on the scene personally revoked the previous order, and directed, after the landing of the supplies already in the boat, that it should return without delay. Presenting the order for land transportation to the quartermaster on shore I was informed that only pack mules had as yet been landed; that neither wagon nor harness had been brought ashore, and, finally, that the road was impassable for wagons."

He details further lack of transportation facilities, partial landings of supplies and taking of wounded on board transports. Munson left July 10. He further said: "I feel justified in saying that at the time of my departure large quantities of medical supplies urgently needed on shore still remained on transports, a number of which were under orders to return to the United States."

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He complained of the reluctance of the Red Cross society, after offering its services, to subordinate itself to the medical department of the army. He further said:

"Too much praise cannot be given to the individual efforts of Dr. Lesser and the Red Cross nurses. Their work was untiring and unselfish and the assistance rendered by them was of great value."

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Wreckers Fear the Spanish Vessel Cannot Be Saved.

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GREAT WHEAT CROP.

Largest In the History of the United States Will Be Harvested.

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Ex-Mayor Sutor Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—Ex-Mayor Sutor died yesterday morning.

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Best Portion of Bismarck, N. D., Destroyed.

THE ORIGIN UNKNOWN.

The Conflagration Started In a Railway Freight Office.

FIREMEN POWERLESS TO CHECK IT

Every Drugstore In the Place Destroyed and All the Groceries, Except Two or Three—Large Bulk of the Business Section, With Several Blocks of Residences Wiped Out—Many People Are Rendered Homeless.

BISMARCK, N. D., Aug. 9.—Fire destroyed the best portion of the city of Bismarck last evening, licking up hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of property. The flames originated in the agent's office of the Northern Pacific depot. Almost before they were discovered the entire building and the immense warehouse of the company were in flames. Oils and powder contributed fuel and before the flames could be checked they had spread to the block of brick buildings across the alley, destroying The Tribune office, Hare's hardware store and an entire row of buildings.

The flames then leaped the street to the magnificent First National bank building, which melted away in a few minutes. The Central block followed and the flames spread to the postoffice, sweeping over the entire block and carrying down the postoffice, Merchants' bank block, Griffin's block and all the intermediate frame and brick structures. The fire then spread across and devoured Kupitz' shoe store and the greater part of the block. The flames also spread north into a residence block and completely destroyed it. Firemen were powerless to check the inroads of the fire, which spread to scores of buildings, licking them up as so much waste paper. The origin of the fire is unknown, as no one was in the freight office when it started. It was impossible to estimate the loss last night.

Every drug store in the city was burned and all the groceries but two or three; also two newspaper offices and the great bulk of the business portion of the city, with several blocks of residences. Many people are homeless. The Sheridan House had a narrow escape, but was saved. The line of fire extended from the Northern Pacific tracks to Thayer street on the north and Fourth to Third streets on the east and west. Insurance may cover half the loss.

SECOND ARMY CORPS CAMP.

The Soldiers to Be Permanently Located at Thoroughfare Gap, Va.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The Second army corps will be permanently encamped at Thoroughfare Gap, Va. The Second division, now at Bristow, Va., will start on Tuesday. The first division, now at Dunn Loring, will have to wait for wagon trains and probably cannot start before Sunday. Thoroughfare Gap is about 12 miles from Manassas Junction.

Much relief was expressed yesterday at the rapid decline in the number of typhoid cases. There were only 16 yesterday and there is almost no other sickness in camp.

MORE TROOPS SAILED.

Transports Loaded With Troops Leave Santiago.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 9.—The transports Miami, Matewan and Vigilancia, loaded with United States troops, sailed for the United States yesterday morning. Today the transport Grand Duchess is expected to leave with 742 men and officers of the Thirtieth infantry and six companies of the Seventy-first New York, aggregating 458 men and officers.

SICK SPANISH PRISONERS.

About One Thousand May Be Loaded on a Transport Today.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 9.—General Shafter and the Spanish General Toral held a consultation at the palace yesterday afternoon regarding the embarkation of the Spanish prisoners of war. As a result of the conference 1,000 of the Spanish sick and wounded will likely be taken on board the Alicante today and sent to Spain as soon as the vessel is properly loaded.

All at Sea.

Absentminded Professor (in the bath tub)—Well, well, now I have forgotten what I got in here for.—Fliegende Blatter.

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The flames then leaped the street to the magnificent First National bank building, which melted away in a few minutes. The Central block followed and the flames spread to the postoffice, sweeping over the entire block and carrying down the postoffice, Merchants' bank block, Griffin's block and all the intermediate frame and brick structures. The fire then spread across and devoured Kupitz' shoe store and the greater part of the block. The flames also spread north into a residence block and completely destroyed it. Firemen were powerless to check the inroads of the fire, which spread to scores of buildings, licking them up as so much waste paper. The origin of the fire is unknown, as no one was in the freight office when it started. It was impossible to estimate the loss last night.

Every drug store in the city was burned and all the groceries but two or three; also two newspaper offices and the great bulk of the business portion of the city, with several blocks of residences. Many people are homeless. The Sheridan House had a narrow escape, but was saved. The line of fire extended from the Northern Pacific tracks to Thayer street on the north and Fourth to Third streets on the east and west. Insurance may cover half the loss.

SECOND ARMY CORPS CAMP.

The Soldiers to Be Permanently Located at Thoroughfare Gap, Va.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The Second army corps will be permanently encamped at Thoroughfare Gap, Va. The Second division, now at Bristow, Va., will start on Tuesday. The first division, now at Dunn Loring, will have to wait for wagon trains and probably cannot start before Sunday. Thoroughfare Gap is about 12 miles from Manassas Junction.

Much relief was expressed yesterday at the rapid decline in the number of typhoid cases. There were only 16 yesterday and there is almost no other sickness in camp.

MORE TROOPS SAILED.

Transports Loaded With Troops Leave Santiago.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 9.—The transports Miami, Matewan and Vigilant, loaded with United States troops, sailed for the United States yesterday morning. Today the transport Grand Duchess is expected to leave with 742 men and officers of the Thirtieth infantry and six companies of the Seventy-first New York, aggregating 458 men and officers.

SICK SPANISH PRISONERS.

About One Thousand May Be Loaded on a Transport Today.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 9.—General Shafter and the Spanish General Toral held a consultation at the palace yesterday afternoon regarding the embarkation of the Spanish prisoners of war. As a result of the conference 1,000 of the Spanish sick and wounded will likely be taken on board the Alicante today and sent to Spain as soon as the vessel is properly loaded.

All at Sea.

Absentminded Professor (in the bath tub)—Well, well, now I have forgotten what I got in here for.—Fliegende Blätter.

Clearance Bargains In Shoes.

This would be a good time to buy your school shoes for girls and boys, as we are closing out all tans and odds and ends at cost.

Special Prices are
39, 48, 75 and 98c.

It is a little early yet, but it will pay to invest at once.

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Queen of the Seas.

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STAR BargainStore

CROWDED.

We were very crowded on Saturday when we are sorry to say we had to turn away dozens of customers, not being able to wait on them, although we had an extra force; and yesterday, though being for the most time a disagreeable day, we were very busy; and it is no wonder when we sell such

Seasonable Merchandise at Half Price,

and even less. If you have not been at our store Saturday, yesterday or today, be sure and call any time this week. It will pay you to lay in a stock of goods for later use. Please remember this sale is not only for a day or two, but until further notice—until our great stock will be reduced to a minimum. Evdri department is brimful of

BARGAINS,

and now is your chance to save your dollars. First come gets first choice; so do not wait too long.

A Few of Our Offerings.

60c dress goods for 25c.	\$1.50 dress skirts for 75c.
39c dress goods for 19c.	\$2.00 white P. K. skirts for \$1.25.
50c India silk for 25c.	\$3.00 black grenadine shirts for \$1.25.
\$1 plaid and fancy silks for 59c	\$8.50 brocaded satin skirts for \$5.98.
20 and 25c organdies for 10c.	\$1.25 and \$1.50 shirt waists for 75c.
10 and 12½c wash goods for 5c.	\$1.50 new white shirt waists, with insertion, for 98c.
35c white table linen for 25c.	\$1.25 wrappers for 75c.
60c white damask for 42½c.	12½c seamless oxblood hose for 5c.
8c linen crash for 5c.	10c children's tan hose for 3c.
Large size towels for 4c.	35c fancy ribbons for 12½c.
35c linen towels for 22½c.	\$1.00 feather fans for 39c.
7c 40 inch muslin for 4½c.	
9c lonsdale muslin for 6¾c.	

And all through the store you will find prices slashed right and left.

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and even less. If you have not been at our store Saturday, yesterday or today, be sure and call any time this week. It will pay you to lay in a stock of goods for later use. Please remember this sale is not only for a day or two, but until further notice—until our great stock will be reduced to a minimum. Evdry department is brimful of

BARGAINS,

and now is your chance to save your dollars. First come gets first choice; so do not wait too long.

A Few of Our Offerings.

60c dress goods for 25c.

39c dress goods for 19c.

50c India silk for 25c.

\$1 plaid and fancy silks for 59c

20 and 25c organdies for 10c.

10 and 12½c wash goods for 5c.

35c white table linen for 25c.

60c white damask for 42½c.

8c linen crash for 5c.

Large size towels for 4c.

35c linen towels for 22½c.

7c 40 inch muslin for 4½c.

9c lonsdale muslin for 6¾c.

\$1.50 dress skirts for 75c.

\$2.00 white P. K. skirts for \$1.25.

\$3.00 black grenadine shirts for \$1.25.

\$8.50 brocaded satin skirts for \$5.98.

\$1.25 and \$1.50 shirt waists for 75c.

\$1.50 new white shirt waists, with insertion, for 98c.

\$1.25 wrappers for 75c.

12½c seamless oxblood hose for 5c.

10c children's tan hose for 3c.

35c fancy ribbons for 12½c.

\$1.00 feather fans for 39c.

And all through the store you will find prices slashed right and left.

STAR BargainStore

138 and 140 Fifth Street.

WELLSVILLE.
MAYOR DENNIS TO TALK
When the Teachers' Institute
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50 good fast back school umbrellas at 38c each.
50 \$1 gloria umbrellas, steel rod, fancy handles, 78c.
15 dozen fine lace curtain ends, worth double the
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A lot of 25 and 35c fancy ribbons to close at 14c a
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About 250 yards of 10 and 12½c wash goods at 5c
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About 500 yards of 15 and 18c wash goods; choice
for 7½c.

A lot of 50 and 59c corsets to close out at 38c a pair
A case of light colored calicos at 3c a yard.
About 20 pieces Irish lawns at 3c a yard.
25 \$2 separate skirts, black and colored, at \$1.25.
15 \$5 and \$6 separate skirts for \$3.50 each.
25 \$1 light colored wrappers; choice for 50c
A lot of 39c wash waists for 25c.
Choice of all \$1.25, \$1.35 waists for 95c each.
20 pieces 7c bleached and unbleached linen crash at
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**Experience of a Seventy-first Man During
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last, and we went at it with a rush.
Nearly half the regiment were mixed
up in the regular ranks this trip. I got
lost, and when I looked around I found
I was in the Third United States caval-
ry, and how they can fight! I think it
comes as a special gift to some people.
We got our line of trenches, and while
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to the top of the hill. The boys went
up that hill like a gale, and I want to
say right here that if any one tries to
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More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used
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**SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS'
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All Live Druggists Sell It.

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WANTED—A limited number of persons
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five cents paid for every hundred words.
Promptness and good work necessary. Ap-
plications must be accompanied by ten cents
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Electric Alarms, Batteries, etc. High
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The Press

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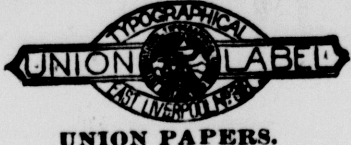
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The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

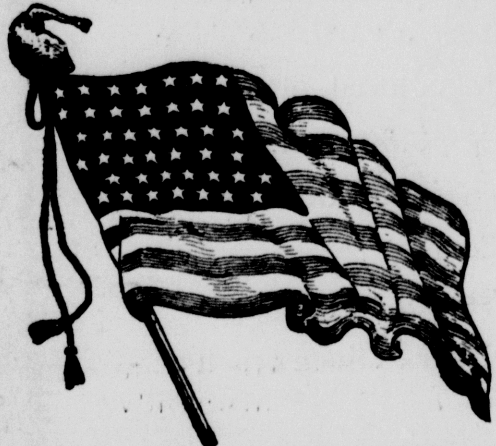
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 One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
 Three Months.....1 25
 By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, AUGUST 9



UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Label at the head of their columns.



"REMEMBER THE MAINE."

If the Ohio Democracy comes out of the convention with a consistent platform even Allen O. Myers will wonder what has happened.

The queen regent may save the throne of Spain for her son, but it is an empty heritage, based upon the sin and iniquity of a long line of sinful and iniquitous ancestors.

UNCLE SAM'S position in this peace matter should not be misunderstood. He has the long end of the deal and can dictate any terms he desires. For him to accept any of Spain's excuses seems nothing short of a lack of appreciation of himself.

DURING the last few months we have heard much of Spanish honor, yet with all their aggressiveness of spirit not even the war correspondents have attempted to define it. Does anyone know what it is? Has anyone heard of it other than in jest except from a Spaniard?

It is nothing if not appropriate that the flag which Grover Cleveland ordered hauled down at Honolulu, when he made what was doubtless the most serious mistake of his official career, should be the one to be used when the formal services of annexation are passed through.

SOME of the knowing ones are already talking of a government for Cuba, and prophesying troubles galore for President McKinley. They may be right, but with a strong army of occupation there need be little doubt of the result. Even the nervous Cubans will recognize that this country is to run the machine for the present.

REMEMBERING THE DEAD.

The government has done right in deciding to bring home the bodies of its brave boys who were killed in battle or died of disease on foreign soil. Every grave is being plainly marked in order that there be no mistakes when the time for removal comes, and that time will be as soon as the proper arrangements can be made. This country differs from others in that its rulers are of the people, and they knowing the people do that, often without suggestion, which the people desire.

POLITICS IN THE ARMY.

There has doubtless been politics in the army and some men have been favored because of the positions they held in private life, but to the present there has been no excuse for the wholesale charges that have been so recklessly made on this line. If they are true, or if any considerable proportion can be proved, the public must have more evidence. These must be presented on array of facts which will show someone guilty of favoritism of a damaging kind.

CUTTING EXPENSES.

The end of the war is so near that Secretary Long feels justified in cutting down expenses, wherein the secretary is doing just what every business man with common sense would have him do. He realizes the uselessness of continued expenditure at this time, and forgetting that he may offend some politicians who have friends anxious for places and may become angry, he is using his pruning knife right and left. Yet he is the same man who spent money like water when it was necessary to reinforce the navy. Mr. Long seems to be the right kind of a secretary.

TO THE OLD FLAG

A Handsome Tribute From Rev. Dr. Farrell.

CARROLL CLUB PRESENTATION

The Weather Would Not Permit the Holding of the Exercises at Central School Building, and After the Flag Had Been Raised the People Crowded Association Auditorium Where They Heard Excellent Addresses—A Patriotic Event In Which East Liverpool Again Showed Its Love For Old Glory.

Again was an emblem of a liberty loving people raised in this city. The Carroll club in raising a large American flag at the Central school did themselves proud in every respect. The program was carried out as arranged. The parade was formed in Market street and marched to the school building, and from there to the Association hall in the following order:

Squad of police.
 Manley's band.
 Sons of Veterans.
 Grand Army.
 Carroll club.
 Carriages.

A platform had been built under the trees, and when the parade marched into Fourth street the crowd assembled to hear the addresses. The band continued its medley of national airs, the Sons of Veterans' gun squad took position and the flag was pulled to the top of the pole. Then as it unfolded and the scores of smaller flags fell down the salute from the cannon, the strains of "America" and the cheers of the crowd told that another time had East Liverpool demonstrated its patriotism.

When the enthusiasm had subsided Secretary Grafton of the Carroll club mounted the platform and said that owing to the inclement weather the addresses would be made at Association hall. There the crowd went at once.

The hall was crowded, at least 1,500 people being present. Upon the platform were the board of education, J. J. Purinton, Col. H. R. Hill, Revs. Fathers Smythe, Halligan and Farrell.

President Vodrey opened the meeting by introducing Father Smythe, who said: "We give thanks to God for this grand and glorious country in which we live. It is the grandest under the sun. No sectionalism in this country, but all under one grand flag."

Rev. Dr. Farrell, the speaker of the evening, said:

"To the board of education, I present to you this beautiful flag. To me it is a holy thing, the emblem of liberty. My heart goes back to my boyhood days, when, through the days of '61, I learned my first lesson in patriotism in this city."

"Thou hast a lesson to teach, thou glorious flag, and as thou floatest forth, thou beautiful banner, teach thy children in this grand land the events which thou hast passed through during the century. [Applause.]

"It is well, gentlemen, that this beautiful and sacred flag should float over every school house in this grand land, and why? we may ask. Because we would have it known that God-given rights to man in this great country are protected by this flag, this emblem of liberty and union."

"We, the people of this country, are the rulers of this land, and righteous rulers we are. The voters of this country are the prime rulers, and the man who cannot read and write intelligently cannot vote and think intelligently. It is very well, indeed, that every state has passed a law which compels the father to educate his children."

"There is only one more emblem that is, to my heart, more sacred than this beautiful flag. It is the holy cross of our Savior."

"Patriotism in our country, America, is something peculiar and unique. It differs greatly to that observed in other countries. In America, in the United States, patriotism is loyalty to the flag, love of union and liberty. It is something grand. This flag will tell to the children, now and to be, of this noble land that which has been taught by our forefathers, and that teaching is that all men are created equal in the sight of God and have equal rights in the government of a nation."

"Breathes there a man with soul so dead,
 'Who never to himself has said, this is my own native land.'

"The revolution in America was the outburst of patriotism, and what is now true Americanism. The outbreak of the revolution in France was the beginning of anarchy. Which is the best?"

"The lesson this beautiful emblem teaches is, first of all, loyalty and inde-

pendence. It will also teach our children of those memorable events at Bunker Hill, Valley Forge, Yorktown and Lexington, and of the old continentals who yielded not in every battle in which they were engaged.

"The United States, over which floats the Stars and Stripes, the emblem of liberty, has welcomed to its doors the exiles of all the old nations. Our country in this single sense is the highest personification of human liberty. See how she welcomes the stranger and makes him and his to sit at the same table with us and our children. There is no line drawn, and all for love of liberty and humanitarianism."

"From the much-talked-of and so-called foreign element, much of the bone and sinew of this country have been obtained. When they have been in this country the lawful number of years and swear allegiance to the flag of their recently adopted country they lose all of that distasteful prejudice."

"I say let no man take away the emblem that is ever ready to encircle and protect the immigrant."

"Star after star has been added to our great and glorious flag. But in our country there lay a danger and diversity of opinion, and in course of time this one flag has been compelled to teach this class the love of union."

"The nations until a few weeks ago looked upon us in astonishment and at our volunteer soldier. All honor to him, the volunteer. Those of other nations said, they are a lot of raw recruits, untrained, young and unfit to cope with an army of well drilled soldiers. Oh, what a difference and change of opinion there was within a short time. Those raw recruits that were unfit for service, as they said, picked up their guns and in a deadly fire from the enemy dashed up Santiago hill, through the deep trenches, and in the end won a glorious, grand and noble victory. I say what astonishment that was among the people of the other nations. What was it that inspired the hearts and breasts of those raw recruits, that made them, first, courageous, lastly heroes? It was those beautiful colors they carried in the flag."

"We are no heroes," they said, "we do not fight for our mere pay. we do not make a profession of arms, but instead of this all we have in our souls is courage and love of country. (Applause.)

"Among the great characters of this conflict there figures one most prominently. When the clouds of war began to arise and gather about our country, he stood among his counsellors, and with uplifted hand cautioned care and judgment. He stood aloft, out among the others and bravely faced the storm. He was slow to act his part, but when the time came this character acted most nobly. He faced the aggressive with a strong arm, and to those who were oppressed he stood ready to help in the most kindly way. I speak of one who has fought his part of the struggle bravely, of one who is near and dear to the hearts of this country and especially East Liverpool, of one whose record is unblemished, of William McKinley. (Applause.)

"When the terms of peace were being arranged for Turkey and Greece a year ago we heard the roar of the lion, the growl of the bear, but listen, do we hear such now. No such noises are to be heard this year. Some one has said, 'Hands off.' Like Dewey in Manila bay, when the German admiral wanted to interfere, said: 'If you come between me and the enemy I will sink your ships.'

"The Star Spangled Banner,
 O! Long may it wave;
 O'er the land of the free
 And the home of the brave."

Mr. W. B. Hill, of the board of education, in accepting the flag, said in part:

"On behalf of the board of education, the citizens of East Liverpool, I accept the flag in the interest of which it is given. To this end we should thank our legislatures for the provision which allows such flags to float over public institutions. The flag, and that which it represents, are irrespective of both race and religion, and as our orator said there should be but one land, and that the land of the free and home of the brave."

WANT REVEREND CARSON.

His Congregation Asked For His Retention.

The last business meeting of the African M. E. church for this conference year was held in the church in Spring street last evening.

Matters for the year were attended to and the presiding elder of this district was instructed to ask for the retention of Reverend Carson for another year, making it the fourth year of his pastorate in this city.

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The Odd Fellows last evening initiated seven candidates. This is the largest number of candidates taken into the lodge at one time in the last 21 years.

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~AT~

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EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

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 Odd bolts paper at 1, 2 and 3c
 Hammocks at Closing Out Prices.
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 Mrs. Potts' sad irons, set.....85c

KINSEY'S 5 & 10,

Diamond, East Liverpool, O.

A REUNION.

Liverpool Veterans Met With Their Old Comrades.

The annual reunion of Company F, Forty-sixth Pennsylvania, was held in Rochester today, at the home of one of its members. Those from this city who attended were N. A. Frederick, Charles Shenkle, James Wildblood, Ben Haines, J. R. Todd. As a guest W. T. McCain, from this city, was present.

News of Spring Grove.

George Buxton, Sr., and family yesterday afternoon moved to the campground.

Rev. B. S. Taylor and a corps of ministers arrived yesterday afternoon and last evening took charge of the services. Evangelist Harris is expected to arrive today.

Council Will Meet.

Council will hold its regular meeting this evening, and while there is not much business to transact beyond hear-

ing the monthly reports of officers the session will no doubt be lengthy, as usual.

JOHN IS BETTER.

But the Ball Is Still In His Cheek.

John, the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Vaughn, of Third street, who was accidentally shot in the face yesterday afternoon, as a result of pounding a cartridge with a stone, was much improved this morning. The ball is still in his left cheek, but it is thought it will be extracted tomorrow.

FOR SALE.

Lady's bicycle. It has been used but little, and is the greatest bargain ever offered. Inquire at once at the News Review.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Erlanger and Miss Joseph, of Fifth street, left last evening for a few weeks stay at Mackinac Island.

The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

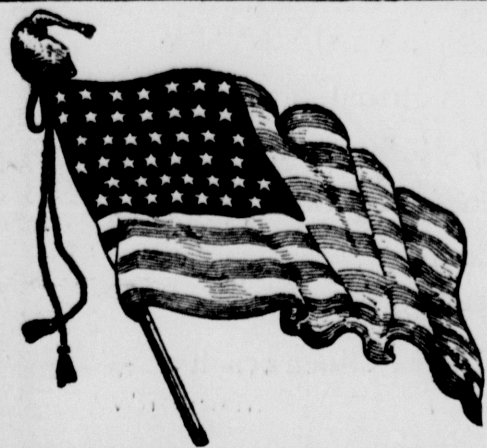
PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
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 One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
 Three Months.....1 25
 By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, AUGUST 9



UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are
 known to the various craft and unions of
 the city by the printing of the above
 Union Label at the head of their columns.



"REMEMBER THE MAINE."

If the Ohio Democracy comes out of
 the convention with a consistent plat-
 form even Allen O. Myers will wonder
 what has happened.

THE queen regent may save the
 throne of Spain for her son, but it is an
 empty heritage, based upon the sin and
 iniquity of a long line of sinful and
 iniquitous ancestors.

UNCLE SAM'S position in this peace
 matter should not be misunderstood. He
 has the long end of the deal and can
 dictate any terms he desires. For him
 to accept any of Spain's excuses seems
 nothing short of a lack of appreciation
 of himself.

DURING the last few months we have
 heard much of Spanish honor, yet with
 all their aggressiveness of spirit not even
 the war correspondents have attempted
 to define it. Does anyone know what it
 is? Has anyone heard of it other than
 in jest except from a Spaniard?

It is nothing if not appropriate that
 the flag which Grover Cleveland
 ordered hauled down at Honolulu,
 when he made what was doubtless the
 most serious mistake of his official
 career, should be the one to be used
 when the formal services of annexation
 are passed through.

SOME of the knowing ones are already
 talking of a government for Cuba, and
 prophesying troubles galore for Presi-
 dent McKinley. They may be right,
 but with a strong army of occupation
 there need be little doubt of the result.
 Even the nervous Cubans will recog-
 nize that this country is to run the
 machine for the present.

REMEMBERING THE DEAD.

The government has done right in de-
 ciding to bring home the bodies of its
 brave boys who were killed in battle or
 died of disease on foreign soil. Every
 grave is being plainly marked in order
 that there be no mistakes when the time
 for removal comes, and that time
 will be as soon as the proper arrange-
 ments can be made. This country dif-
 fers from others in that its rulers are of
 the people, and they knowing the people
 do that, often without suggestion, which
 the people desire.

POLITICS IN THE ARMY.

There has doubtless been politics in
 the army and some men have been fa-
 vored because of the positions they held
 in private life, but to the present there
 has been no excuse for the wholesale
 charges that have been so recklessly
 made on this line. If they are true, or
 if any considerable proportion can be
 proved, the public must have more evi-
 dence. These must be presented on ar-
 ray of facts which will show someone
 guilty of favoritism of a damaging kind.

CUTTING EXPENSES.

The end of the war is so near that
 Secretary Long feels justified in cutting
 down expenses, wherein the secretary is
 doing just what every business man
 with common sense would have him do.
 He realizes the uselessness of continued
 expenditure at this time, and forgetting
 that he may offend some politicians who
 have friends anxious for places and may
 become angry, he is using his pruning
 knife right and left. Yet he is the same
 man who spent money like water when
 it was necessary to reinforce the navy.
 Mr. Long seems to be the right kind of
 a secretary.

TO THE OLD FLAG

A Handsome Tribute From Rev.
 Dr. Farrell.

CARROLL CLUB PRESENTATION

The Weather Would Not Permit the
 Holding of the Exercises at Central
 School Building, and After the Flag Had
 Been Raised the People Crowded Asso-
 ciation Auditorium Where They Heard
 Excellent Addresses—A Patriotic Event
 In Which East Liverpool Again Showed
 Its Love For Old Glory.

Again was an emblem of a liberty
 loving people raised in this city. The
 Carroll club in raising a large American
 flag at the Central school did themselves
 proud in every respect. The program
 was carried out as arranged. The pa-
 rade was formed in Market street
 and marched to the school building, and
 from there to the Association hall in the
 following order:

Squad of police.
 Manley's band.
 Sons of Veterans.
 Grand Army.
 Carroll club.
 Carriages.

A platform had been built under the
 trees, and when the parade marched in-
 to Fourth street the crowd assembled to
 hear the addresses. The band continued
 its medley of national airs, the Sons of
 Veterans' gun squad took position and
 the flag was pulled to the top of the pole.
 Then as it unfolded and the scores of
 smaller flags fell down the salute from
 the cannon, the strains of "America"
 and the cheers of the crowd told that
 another time had East Liverpool dem-
 onstrated its patriotism.

When the enthusiasm had subsided
 Secretary Grafton of the Carroll club
 mounted the platform and said that ow-
 ing to the inclement weather the ad-
 dresses would be made at Association
 hall. There the crowd went at once.

The hall was crowded, at least 1,500
 people being present. Upon the plat-
 form were the board of education, J. J.
 Purinton, Col. H. R. Hill, Revs. Fathers
 Smythe, Halligan and Farrell.

President Vodrey opened the meeting
 by introducing Father Smythe, who
 said: "We give thanks to God for this
 grand and glorious country in which we
 live. It is the grandest under the sun.
 No sectionalism in this country, but all
 under one grand flag."

Rev. Dr. Farrell, the speaker of the
 evening, said:

"To the board of education, I present
 to you this beautiful flag. To me it is a
 holy thing, the emblem of liberty. My
 heart goes back to my boyhood days,
 when, through the days of '61, I learned
 my first lesson in patriotism in this
 city.

"Thou hast a lesson to teach, thou
 glorious flag, and as thou floatest forth,
 thou beautiful banner, teach thy chil-
 dren in this grand land the events which
 thou hast passed through during the cen-
 tury. [Applause.]

"It is well, gentlemen, that this beau-
 tiful and sacred flag should float over
 every school house in this grand land,
 and why? we may ask. Because we
 would have it known that God-given
 rights to man in this great country are
 protected by this flag, this emblem of
 liberty and union.

"We, the people of this country, are
 the rulers of this land, and righteous
 rulers we are. The voters of this coun-
 try are the prime rulers, and the man
 who cannot read and write intelligently
 cannot vote and think intelligently. It
 is very well, indeed, that every state has
 passed a law which compels the father
 to educate his children.

"There is only one more emblem that
 is, to my heart, more sacred than this
 beautiful flag. It is the holy cross of our
 Savior.

"Patriotism in our country, America,
 is something peculiar and unique. It
 differs greatly to that observed in other
 countries. In America, in the United
 States, patriotism is loyalty to the flag,
 love of union and liberty. It is some-
 thing grand. This flag will tell to the
 children, now and to be, of this noble
 land that which has been taught by our
 forefathers, and that teaching is that all
 men are created equal in the sight of
 God and have equal rights in the gov-
 ernment of a nation.

"Breathes there a man with soul so
 dead,
 'Who never to himself has said, this is
 my own my native land.'

"The revolution in America was the
 outburst of patriotism, and what is now
 true Americanism. The outbreak of
 the revolution in France was the begin-
 ning of anarchy. Which is the best?

"The lesson this beautiful emblem
 teaches is, first of all, loyalty and inde-

pendence. It will also teach our child-
 ren of those memorable events at Bunker
 Hill, Valley Forge, Yorktown and Lex-
 ington, and of the old continentals who
 yielded not in every battle in which
 they were engaged.

"The United States, over which floats
 the Stars and Stripes, the emblem of
 liberty, has welcomed to its doors the
 exiles of all the old nations. Our coun-
 try in this single sense is the highest
 personification of human liberty. See
 how she welcomes the stranger and
 makes him and his to sit at the
 same table with us and our children.
 There is no line drawn, and all for love
 of liberty and humanitarianism.

"From the much-talked-of and so-
 called foreign element, much of the
 bone and sinew of this country have
 been obtained. When they have been
 in this country the lawful number of
 years and swear allegiance to the flag of
 their recently adopted country they
 lose all of that distasteful prejudice.

"I say let no man take away the em-
 blem that is ever ready to encircle and
 protect the immigrant.

"Star after star has been added to our
 great and glorious flag. But in our coun-
 try there lay a danger and diversity of
 opinion, and in course of time this one
 flag has been compelled to teach this
 class the love of union.

"The nations until a few weeks ago
 looked upon us in astonishment and at
 our volunteer soldier. All honor to him,
 the volunteer. Those of other nations
 said, they are a lot of raw recruits, un-
 trained, young and unfit to cope with
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POOR OLD SPAIN

Accepts All Our Conditions For Peace,
BUT PRESENTS SOME VIEWS

On Questions Which May Arise When the Conditions Are Executed—It Has Not Yet Been Decided by President McKinley Whether This Is Satisfactory, and It Is Probable Some Delay Will Follow—The Battle at Manila.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—[Special]—After many hours of anxious waiting the announcement has been made that Spain's answer to the President's note containing our terms of peace has been deciphered. It was delivered to President McKinley and the cabinet and is now being considered.

The reply is more than was expected. In it Spain accepts all conditions for peace imposed by this government, but also presents elaborate views on points involved and on questions which would naturally arise when the conditions in question are executed.

Whether this can be considered as satisfactory by President McKinley remains to be seen, but it is announced this afternoon that no decision has yet been reached. The reply is not received with great favor in official circles.

FIGHT AT MANILA.

Spaniards Beaten After Three Hours of Battle.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—[Special]—Later details from Manila concerning the engagement which took place between the Spanish and American troops show that 11 of the latter were killed and 44 wounded, while the Spanish loss could not have been less than 500 in killed and wounded.

The Spanish, 3,000 strong, burst upon the American force, and were met by artillery, supported by infantry. For three hours the battle lasted, when the Spaniards were repulsed. They left a number of their dead to fall into our hands.

The battle took place July 31.

LAST REPORT

Says That Company E Boys Are All Well.

Robert Hall this afternoon received a letter from Mr. Weybrecht at Alliance, which says:

"Brother Andrew arrived home this morning. He was in a hospital with fever five days, and was sent home on the transport Louisiana. He left Santiago Aug. 1. Aside from being very much emaciated and nervous, he is all right.

"He reports having seen Lieutenant Hall the day he left and he is as well as any of the boys in the battalion. He says the Third battalion has been detached from the regiment for three weeks guarding headquarters and the hospital. Many of the boys are down for a few days with what he calls 'native fever.'

"He brought me a letter from the major in which is noted that Capt. Billy Hill, of Company E, has completely recovered from the illness of Camp Alger and parades around camp clothed in the costume of the country, with only a cigarette and a smile. He also mentions that Lieutenant Hall is well.

"Andrew states that four transports were at Santiago, ready to embark the cavalry, when he left. They met several large transports on the way to Santiago, to take Shafter's army to Long Island. He thinks the entire Fifth corps will be in the United States in 10 days.

TRANSFERRED

Residence Property Changed Hands Yesterday.

Doctor O. D. Shay yesterday sold his property in Seventh street to Will Reed. The consideration is private.

George H. Owen sold the Robinson property in Fifth street to Doctor Shay for \$3200. Doctor Shay will erect a handsome residence upon the property early next year.

Repaired a Break.

Foreman Hickey and his force of workmen yesterday repaired a broken water main at the intersection of Apple alley. The pipe had been leaking for several weeks, and it made the track sink at that place.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



TWO WANDERERS

Were Ordered From Town by Mayor Bough.

Mayor Bough this morning had several cases to dispose of, but as two of them were put down as tramps, the city treasury was not enriched one cent.

John Connelly was drunk last night in Sixth street, and Officer White called the patrol and John was soon sleeping on a hard bed. On the bottom of the charge slip was this note:

"When I told him to move on he said for me to move him and I did."

When brought out this morning he had not much to say, and the mayor gave him his choice of going to the workhouse for 90 days or getting away from town. He left Liverpool as soon as it was possible.

Patrick Sheenan was a victim of Officer Terrence last night. He is a wanderer, and when he came to town yesterday loaded up on bad whisky. He wandered to the Erlanger store and was soon sleeping on the steps. The patrol took him to jail. This morning he took his choice of six months to the works or going to Wellsville. He went to the lower river town.

J. H. Moore was another victim of Officer White. He was asleep on some steps at the corner of Fifth and Market streets late last night, and after being taken to jail made arrangements for his appearance today.

Thomas Amos, who was to appear yesterday on a charge preferred against him by a Broadway woman, had not appeared up to noon.

Henry Palmer, who was arrested by Officer Whan in Sixth street, Saturday, and who was charged with disorderly conduct, appeared yesterday afternoon and pleaded not guilty. His hearing was set for 2 o'clock this afternoon.

McConaughy is still in jail, as no one has appeared to secure his release with the necessary bond.

TO PLAY IN TORONTO.

The Local Team Will Try a Game There Tomorrow.

The local ball team will tomorrow go to Toronto where they will meet the team of that city. The lineup:

Davis, catcher; McCurran or Ashbaugh, pitcher; McNicol, short; Heckathorn, first; Carev, second; Godwin, third; Barker, left; Finch, middle; Clark, right; Webb, substitute.

Will Carey has returned from New Kensington where he has been playing second base for the team of that place. He put up an elegant game, but the club disbanded owing to a lack of support.

George McNicol has signed to captain and manage the Freedom, Pa., club and will assume charge next Saturday.

ALMOST BROKE.

The City Only Has a Little Money on Hand.

The report of City Treasurer Herbert for the month shows the finances of the city to be in a very poor condition, but the balance of the August apportionment, amounting to about \$10,000, is due this month.

The street fund is overdrawn \$891.07, and the interest \$437.72. The balance in the other funds are as follows: General, \$1,075.03; wharf, \$68.97; fire, \$2.40; police, \$542.76; light, \$1,172.17; sinking, \$5,284.39; sanitary, \$40.48; bridge, \$529.44.

SEBRING EMPLOYES

Will Picnic Some Day in the Near Future.

The Sebring potteries are arranging to give a picnic at Columbian park the latter part of this month.

The sports will be for the employees of their three plants, and will be hotly contested. One of the features of the day will be a ball game between the employees of the East Palestine plant and the employees of the Sebring and French China company potteries.

SHE STOLE AFFECTIONS

According to a Petition Filed In Court.

MRS. HAY WANTS FINANCIAL BALM

She Has Brought Suit For \$5,000 Against the Defendant, Relating a Story Which Dates Back Almost Ten Years—The Husband Seeks a Divorce.

LISBON, Aug. 9.—[Special]—The most sensational suit filed in court in many months was placed on the books this morning. It involves well known residents of East Palestine.

Mrs. Clyde Hay has begun proceedings against Laura Rowe to recover \$5,000 damages for alienating the affections of her husband, Joseph Hay.

Mrs. Hay claims they were married June 14, 1885, and the defendant has been bringing her evil influence to bear upon him since 1889.

Her husband left her Dec. 7, 1897, and some time ago began proceedings for divorce, alleging that she was an habitual drunkard, and that she had been untrue to him. They have one child, Monta Hay, aged 10 years, for whose custody the father asks in his petition for divorce.

George Flowers sued the Wellsville Pioneer Pottery Works company before Mayor Dennis for \$43.69 for labor performed, and obtained a judgment for \$15.69. The defendant gave \$100 bond, and appealed the case to common pleas court.

In the case of Mary Ann Rogers against Hannah Smith, upon execution, Sheriff Gill offered 160 acres of land in Wayne township for sale, but no bidders were found. The property was appraised at \$4,500.

A deed was left in the recorder's office today for record, bearing date of 1864, upon which were ten five cent internal revenue stamps of that date. The grantor was John Goodwin and the grantee was Luther Dnel. The property conveyed was a tract of land situated in Phelps's addition to Wellsville, consideration \$200.

POTTERS' NOTICE.

Go to the Grand and Hear the Middleman Tonight.

Tuesday and Wednesday, Aug. 9 and 10, the great potters' play, the "Middleman," will be presented in its entirety at the opera house. The play is a masterpiece of pathos and humor from the pen of Arthur Jones as played by E. S. Willard, of London, Eng., and can be seen a dozen times without losing any of its charm. It deals exclusively with pottery life, and for this reason alone should awaken the interest of the citizens of East Liverpool. The plot lingers on the recovery of a lost art and depicts the struggles of a genius (Cyrus Blink-arm) to discover it.

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THE LEADER.

CLEARANCE SALE ALL THIS WEEK

This sale presents an opportunity to supply your dry good needs at prices which mean quite a saving to you.

TABLE LINENS.

Goods you use every day of the week.
The 50c goods for 42c
The 69c goods for 55c
The \$1 goods for 89c
The \$1.25 goods for \$1.10
The \$1.40 goods for \$1.20
and like reductions on all other grades.

UMBRELLAS

What Could be more seasonable. Reduced prices on entire stock.

\$.75 ones reduced to .65
1.00 " .78
\$1.25 " \$1.05
1.50 " 1.25
2.00 " 1.60
2.25 " 1.85
3.00 " 2.50
4.00 " 3.50
5.00 " 4.25
All parasols at one-half former price.

WRAPPERS.

A good dark calico wrapper that was cheap at 50c for 39c.

\$.75 wrappers for \$.60
.89 " .70
1.00 " .75
1.25 " 1.00

Come in this week. We believe we can prove to you that you will save money by trading with us this week.

D.M.OGILVIE & Co

SHIRT WAISTS.

A lot of waists in light colors, some of them were 59c, some 50c, your choice of them now at .25c

A lot of dark colored waists, blue and white red and white and polka dot at .39c

The 69c and 75c waists at .50c

The 98c and \$1 waists at .65c

The \$1.25 waists at .95c

The \$1.50 waists at \$1.05

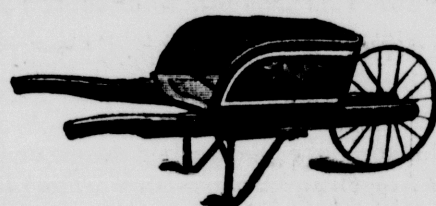
These prices are for colored waists only.

BLACK DRESS GOODS

Plain black mohair Henrietta, serges, figured mohairs, crepons, in short, all black goods, from 12½c to \$2.75 per yard, at reduced prices.

COLORED DRESS GOODS

The .25 goods at 21c.
The .50 " 40c.
The .75 " 60c.
The \$1.00 " 79c.



W.A. HILL

5 AND 10,

Wholesale and Retail.

Wagons at 75c, 99c, \$1.25, \$1.50.

Mason's 1 qt. jars.....58c
Mason's ½ qt jars.....85c
Tin cans (warranted).....25c
Hammocks.....50c to \$3.00
4 qt. coffee pot.....10c
3 qt. granite coffee pot.....25c
Clark's O. N. T.....4
Window Shades.....10c, 15c, 25c

TABLE OIL CLOTH 12½c and 15c.

Wall Paper Remnants. Having gone stock and assorted out all odds and ends, we have yet a lot of Remnants to sell you at less than half price. Come now, they will not last long.

Two Second Hand Bikes Cheap.

W. A. HILL, 5 & 10.

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When Cook Martin Wrote a Letter July 30.

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THE LEADER.

One Man Made Changes.

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THE LEADER.

The News Review for News.

The Pittsburg Grocery,

Cor. Second and Washington Sts.

H. SOHN

has started a first-class grocery and produce house, at the corner of Second and Washington streets, where he will handle all kinds of groceries at the lowest prices in the city.

Here Are a Few Prices.

Standard flour, per sack.....55c
Armour's washing powder, 5c packages, two for.....5c
Lenox soap, ten bars for.....25c
Ginger snaps, lunch biscuits and oyster crackers, per lb.....5c

Cor. Second and Washington.

WANTED—Experienced dining room girl. Inquire S. J. Martin, Broadway.

POOR OLD SPAIN

Accepts All Our Conditions For Peace,

BUT PRESENTS SOME VIEWS

On Questions Which May Arise When the Conditions Are Executed—It Has Not Yet Been Decided by President McKinley Whether This Is Satisfactory, and It Is Probable Some Delay Will Follow—The Battle at Manila.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—[Special]—After many hours of anxious waiting the announcement has been made that Spain's answer to the President's note containing our terms of peace has been deciphered. It was delivered to President McKinley and the cabinet and is now being considered.

The reply is more than was expected. In it Spain accepts all conditions for peace imposed by this government, but also presents elaborate views on points involved and on questions which would naturally arise when the conditions in question are executed.

Whether this can be considered as satisfactory by President McKinley remains to be seen, but it is announced this afternoon that no decision has yet been reached. The reply is not received with great favor in official circles.

FIGHT AT MANILA.

Spaniards Beaten After Three Hours of Battle.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—[Special]—Later details from Manila concerning the engagement which took place between the Spanish and American troops show that 11 of the latter were killed and 44 wounded, while the Spanish loss could not have been less than 500 in killed and wounded.

The Spanish, 3,000 strong, burst upon the American force, and were met by artillery, supported by infantry. For three hours the battle lasted, when the Spaniards were repulsed. They left a number of their dead to fall into our hands.

The battle took place July 31.

LAST REPORT

Says That Company E Boys Are All Well.

Robert Hall this afternoon received a letter from Mr. Weybrecht at Alliance, which says:

"Brother Andrew arrived home this morning. He was in a hospital with fever five days, and was sent home on the transport Louisiana. He left Santiago Aug. 1. Aside from being very much emaciated and nervous, he is all right."

"He reports having seen Lieutenant Hall the day he left and he is as well as any of the boys in the battalion. He says the Third battalion has been detached from the regiment for three weeks guarding headquarters and the hospital. Many of the boys are down for a few days with what he calls 'native fever.'"

"He brought me a letter from the major in which is noted that Capt. Billy Hill, of Company E, has completely recovered from the illness of Camp Alger and parades around camp clothed in the costume of the country, with only a cigarette and a smile. He also mentions that Lieutenant Hall is well."

"Andrew states that four transports were at Santiago, ready to embark the cavalry, when he left. They met several large transports on the way to Santiago, to take Shafter's army to Long Island. He thinks the entire Fifth corps will be in the United States in 10 days."

TRANSFERRED

Residence Property Changed Hands Yesterday.

Doctor O. D. Shay yesterday sold his property in Seventh street to Will Reed. The consideration is private.

George H. Owen sold the Robinson property in Fifth street to Doctor Shay for \$3200. Doctor Shay will erect a handsome residence upon the property early next year.

Repaired a Break.

Foreman Hickey and his force of workmen yesterday repaired a broken water main at the intersection of Apple alley. The pipe had been leaking for several weeks, and it made the track sink at that place.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

TWO WANDERERS

Were Ordered From Town by Mayor Bought.

Mayor Bought this morning had several cases to dispose of, but as two of them were put down as tramps, the city treasury was not enriched one cent.

John Connelly was drunk last night in Sixth street, and Officer White called the patrol and John was soon sleeping on a hard bed. On the bottom of the charge slip was this note:

"When I told him to move on he said for me to move him and I did."

When brought out this morning he had not much to say, and the mayor gave him his choice of going to the workhouse for 90 days or getting away from town. He left Liverpool as soon as it was possible.

Patrick Sheenan was a victim of Officer Terrence last night. He is a wanderer, and when he came to town yesterday loaded up on bad whisky. He wandered to the Erlanger store and was soon sleeping on the steps. The patrol took him to jail. This morning he took his choice of six months to the works or going to Wellsville. He went to the lower river town.

J. H. Moore was another victim of Officer White. He was asleep on some steps at the corner of Fifth and Market streets late last night, and after being taken to jail made arrangements for his appearance today.

Thomas Amos, who was to appear yesterday on a charge preferred against him by a Broadway woman, had not appeared up to noon.

Henry Palmer, who was arrested by Officer Whan in Sixth street, Saturday, and who was charged with disorderly conduct, appeared yesterday afternoon and pleaded not guilty. His hearing was set for 2 o'clock this afternoon.

McConnaughy is still in jail, as no one has appeared to secure his release with the necessary bond.

TO PLAY IN TORONTO.

The Local Team Will Try a Game There Tomorrow.

The local ball team will tomorrow go to Toronto where they will meet the team of that city. The lineup:

Davis, catcher; McCurran or Ashbaugh, pitcher; McNicol, short; Heckathorn, first; Carey, second; Godwin, third; Barker, left; Finch, middle; Clark, right; Webb, substitute.

Will Carey has returned from New Kensington where he has been playing second base for the team of that place. He put up an elegant game, but the club disbanded owing to a lack of support.

George McNicol has signed to captain and manage the Freedom, Pa., club and will assume charge next Saturday.

ALMOST BROKE.

The City Only Has a Little Money on Hand.

The report of City Treasurer Herbert for the month shows the finances of the city to be in a very poor condition, but the balance of the August apportionment, amounting to about \$10,000, is due this month.

The street fund is overdrawn \$891.07, and the interest \$437.72. The balance in the other funds are as follows: General, \$1,075.03; wharf, \$68.97; fire, \$2.40; police, \$542.76; light, \$1,172.17; sinking, \$5,284.39; sanitary, \$40.48; bridge, \$529.44.

SEBRING EMPLOYES

Will Picnic Some Day in the Near Future.

The Sebring potteries are arranging to give a picnic at Columbian park the latter part of this month.

The sports will be for the employees of their three plants, and will be hotly contested. One of the features of the day will be a ball game between the employees of the East Palestine plant and the employees of the Sebring and French China company potteries.

SHE STOLE AFFECTIONS

According to a Petition Filed In Court.

MRS. HAY WANTS FINANCIAL BALM

She Has Brought Suit For \$5,000 Against the Defendant, Relating a Story Which Dates Back Almost Ten Years—The Husband Seeks a Divorce.

LISBON, Aug. 9.—[Special]—The most sensational suit filed in court in many months was placed on the books this morning. It involves well known residents of East Palestine.

Mrs. Clyde Hay has begun proceedings against Laura Rowe to recover \$5,000 damages for alienating the affections of her husband, Joseph Hay.

Mrs. Hay claims they were married June 14, 1885, and the defendant has been bringing her evil influence to bear upon him since 1889.

Her husband left her Dec. 7, 1897, and some time ago began proceedings for divorce, alleging that she was an habitual drunkard, and that she had been untrue to him. They have one child, Monta Hay, aged 10 years, for whose custody the father asks in his petition for divorce.

George Flowers sued the Wellsville Pioneer Pottery Works company before Mayor Dennis for \$43.69 for labor performed, and obtained a judgment for \$15.69. The defendant gave \$100 bond, and appealed the case to common pleas court.

In the case of Mary Ann Rogers against Hannah Smith, upon execution, Sheriff Gill offered 160 acres of land in Wayne township for sale, but no bidders were found. The property was appraised at \$4,500.

A deed was left in the recorder's office today for record, bearing date of 1864, upon which were ten five cent internal revenue stamps of that date. The grantor was John Goodwin and the grantee was Luther Duell. The property conveyed was a tract of land situated in Phelps's addition to Wellsville, consideration \$200.

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WANTED—Experienced dining room girl. Inquire S. J. Martin, Broadway.

CLAIMS ARE COMING IN

For the Damage Caused by Recent Storms.

MR. CHAMBERS SENT A LETTER

It Will Be Presented to Council This Evening—He Thinks His Property Was Injured to the Extent of Fifty Dollars, and Wants It.

All the damage claims against the city by reason of the late flood have not yet been filed, and they are still coming in.

Clerk Hanley yesterday received the following communication, which will be presented at council tonight. It is as follows:

"To the honorable council of the city of East Liverpool, Ohio,

"GENTLEMEN:—The damage done to my property, being lots No. 1,840, 1,841 on Pennsylvania avenue, by the late floods, owing to the bridge on said street not being large enough to carry the volume of water, I ask damages in the sum of \$50. In my opinion it will cost that amount to replace damage done. Am willing for street committee to confer, as this is the third time I have suffered loss, and am unable to bear such loss, and this is the first time I have asked damages. Please give it your attention.

Yours truly,
HENRY CHAMBERS,
East End, City."

The communication will no doubt find its way to Solicitor McGarry.

A DELIGHTFUL TRIP.

The Pennsylvania Company Takes Care of Its Passengers.

The service of the Pennsylvania company east of Pittsburgh is, as it is throughout the system, the best in the world.

The traveler who desires to go east these hot summer days should take the Pennsylvania for a great many reasons. The line passes through a beautiful mountain country, where the scenery is such as to materially relieve what might otherwise prove a tedious journey. The Allegheny mountains are now at their best, and thousands of travelers who have gone that way remark upon the hours they have spent watching the constantly changing panorama.

The service is of the best. Nothing that the passengers could desire has been omitted. It has been said that nowhere on earth is the Pennsylvania railroad excelled, and that applies to the equipment, as well as the line itself. Not only are there necessities, but provision has been made for comforts, so many of them that to enumerate them all would require much space. Suffice to say that never in the history of railroads has there been a system so complete as the Pennsylvania, and never was the science of railroading developed to a higher degree. Money seems not to worry the competent officials, for they are determined that the passenger service over which they preside shall be without a rival.

CAUGHT A THIEF.

But He Was Not Turned Over to the Police.

A leading business man of the city has for some time been missing small articles from his home, and once the refrigerator was robbed.

As these thefts always occurred in the evening he determined to watch, and Sunday night he was rewarded by seeing a colored lad near the house. He waited, and in a short time went to the kitchen. He arrived in time to see the boy going over the fence. He followed and caught the youngster, but he pleaded so hard for liberty that he was released. The merchant has sufficient faith in human nature to believe he will have no more trouble.

MUSICAL UNION LOCAL NO. 77.

Board and local meets Wednesday, August 10, at Manley's band room. Important business. E. B. GOULD, Secretary.

Not Informed.

When Freight Agent T. J. Thomas was asked this morning if he could throw any light upon the work of Engineer McConnell near Georgetown, he said:

"I am aware that they are working in that vicinity, and that is all I know."

MONEY FOR SOLDIERS.

As was announced in the News Review several days ago, contributions for the Red Cross society will be received at this office.

Bright and spicy—News Review.

MEMORIES.

The heart grows sad sometimes when strange hands waken
A strain, a melody of other days.
And backward through the past the mind goes straying
Till heartstrings snap in twain on which he plays.

I walked today along the village highway.
A sunny head was bared, a form bent low—
Ah, with a pang it brought to me sweet memories
Of one so like him in the long ago!

But bitter sweet, the memories that I waken
The love that filled each heart was never told.
For both of us were proud, and I, so fearful
My secret should be known, was silent, cold.

Ah, well, the same old tale, so oft repeated!
I knew not that he loved me—ah, you smile—
'Twas after years I learned it, but he never
Never knew I loved him all the while.

—Rose Van B. Speece.

CHINESE SHOES.

The Comfort and Healthfulness of Woven Straw Sandals.

"I may seem to be quarreling with my bread and butter," said an up town chiropodist to one of his best customers the other day, "but in my humble and somewhat professional opinion, the most sensible of all men in the matter of footwear is the Chinaman. Did you ever notice his feet? I don't believe there is such a thing as a corn or a bunion in all China. Chiropodists would starve to death there so far as the requirements of the masculine foot are concerned. Whatever the deformities inflicted on the feet of women in China may be, the men certainly enjoy sound and comfortable understandings. Look at the Chinese laundrymen here in Washington. They stand at their work 18 hours a day. No class of workmen I know of spend so many hours on their feet as they do. Yet they never break down there, and, physically, they are a wonderfully healthy race.

"Simple living and freedom from the nervous pursuits of our civilization may have something to do with it, but I attribute their exemption from foot weakness and disease to the kind of house shoe so universally worn by them. I have a pair that I have worn for several years, and I wouldn't wear anything else for genuine indoor comfort. They are woven of straw and seaweed and soled with horse hide. There is a thick sole of straw above the leather, and through this the air can circulate freely, keeping the muscles of the underpart of the foot always cool. The laundrymen, you notice, are usually barefoot, which is an added advantage in the matter of healthfulness. There is about as little material in the uppers as is consistent with the idea of a shoe, and this is just enough to keep the thing on the foot. This upper, too, is woven loosely of seaweed, so that the air can have access to the foot. Nowhere does this shoe pinch or in the least degree press the foot.

"These are the indoor shoes of the Chinaman. On the street here in the United States nowadays he wears very commonly the leather shoes or boots of American manufacture. That is one of the ways in which he is becoming Americanized. But the outdoor cloth shoe of China is a great deal worn also. That, like the indoor shoe, is very thick and soft in the sole, and the foot is never pinched or strained by it. The healthiest footgear ever known probably was the sandal of the Greeks. It had no upper, and, as you will see in statuary, the feet of men and women were ideally perfect. All the sandal afforded was a protection from the ground. 'To him who wears sandals,' say the Arabs, 'it is as if the world were shod with leather.' The Chinaman seems to follow out this motto, and his shoes are nearly soles and nothing more. But the great secret of the excellence of his indoor shoe is the half inch straw sole."

—Washington Star.

Neatly Caught.

A certain Greek adventurer some years ago undertook to palm off upon the public some false copies of the gospel manuscripts. Many learned men were deceived, but not Dr. Cox, librarian of the Bodleian library at Oxford. How he detected the fraud is related in his own words in The Spectator:

I never really opened the book, but I held it in my hand and took one page of it between my finger and thumb while I listened to the rascal's account of how he found this most interesting antiquity.

At the end of three or four minutes I handed it back to him with the short comment, "Nineteenth century paper, my dear sir," and he took it away in a hurry and did not come again.

Yes, I was pleased, but I have handled several ancient manuscripts in my time, and I know the feel of old paper.

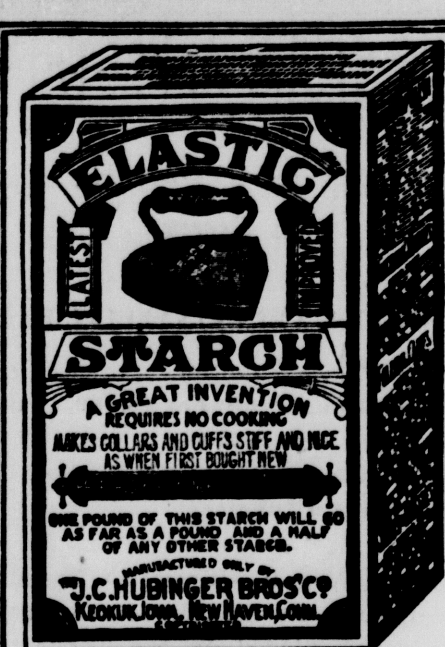
Easily Managed.

Scene—Editor's sanctum. Printer (rushing in excitedly)—Here's a go! Johnson, the murderer, has just been found innocent, and the government has telegraphed a pardon. We've got the whole account of the hanging set up, with illustrations, and the form is on the press.

Editor (coolly)—Don't get excited, man. Just put over the account in large capitals: "Johnson Pardoned. Full Account of What He Escaped!"—Pearson's Weekly.

A Thing to Remember.

We have remembered the Maine, we have substantially freed Cuba; let us now remember our own interests and those of humanity.—Chicago Chronicle.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant, English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER

to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch. Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

REDUCED FARES

To Various Points via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as indicated in the following paragraphs. Although concessions in fare are authorized for meetings of certain Orders, tickets may be obtained by any person whether a member of the order or interested in the event. The reduced rates will be open to everybody.

To Saratoga, N. Y.—August 1st and 2d, account Young People's Christian Union, U. P. Church. Return limit August 10th, with privilege to extend until August 31st.

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Read the NEWS REVIEW for news.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59	Through coaches on Trains 336, 337 and 340 between Cleveland and Baltimore.
Pittsburgh	AM	PM	PM	PM	AM	
Rochester	15:45	11:30	14:30	11:00	17:30	
Beaver	6:40	2:15	8:15	11:50	8:25	
Vanport	6:50		8:25	11:55	8:34	
Industry	7:00		8:35	12:10	8:44	
Cooks Ferry	7:03		8:38	12:11	8:48	
Smiths Ferry	7:11	2:40		12:20	8:55	
East Liverpool	7:20	2:48		12:30	9:05	
Wellsville	7:33	3:00		12:40	9:15	
Wellsville Shop	7:42	3:06		12:45		
Yellow Creek	7:52			12:55		
Hammondsville	8:01			1:03		
Irontdale	8:06	3:22		1:06		
Sallenville	8:25	3:38		1:27		
Bayard	9:09	4:16		2:05		
Alliance	9:40	4:47		2:30		
Ravenna	10:05	4:55		2:35		
Hudson	11:02	5:52		3:30		
Cleveland	12:10	6:22		4:30		
Wellsville	7:47	3:10		12:55	15:02	
Wellsville Shop	7:52	3:16		1:00		
Yellow Creek	7:57	3:21		1:05		
Port Homer	8:03	3:27		1:09		
Empire	8:10	3:34		1:17	11:21	
Ellittsville	8:17	3:41		1:24	11:28	
Portland	8:28	3:52		1:35	11:39	
Costonia	8:38	4:02		1:45	11:49	
Steuenville	8:44	4:08		1:51	11:55	
Mingo Jc.	8:51	4:15		1:58	12:02	
Brilliant	8:58	4:22		2:04	12:09	
Rush Run	9:07	4:31		2:13	12:18	
Yorkville	9:14	4:38		2:20	12:25	
Martins Ferry	9:23	4:47		2:29	12:34	
Bridgeport	9:30	4:54		2:36	12:41	
Bellaire	9:40	5:05		2:46	12:51	
Eastward.	3:40	3:36	3:38	3:40	4:14	
Bellaire	14:45	13:00	14:45	11:00	12:45	
Bridgeport	5:01	3:15	5:01	1:15	13:05	
Martins Ferry	5:10	3:24	5:10	1:24	13:14	
Yorkville	5:15	3:29	5:15	1:29	13:19	
Portland	5:25	3:39	5:25	1:39	13:29	
Rush Run	5:35	3:49	5:35	1:49	13:39	
Brilliant	5:42	3:56	5:42	1:56	13:46	
Mingo Jc.	5:49	4:03	5:49	2:03	13:53	
Steuenville	5:54	4:08	5:54	2:08	14:00	
Costonia	6:00	4:14	6:00	2:14	14:06	
Toronto	6:07	4:21	6:07	2:21	14:13	
Ellittsville	6:11	4:25	6:11	2:25	14:17	
Empire	6:13	4:27	6:13	2:27	14:19	
Port Homer	6:20	4:34	6:20	2:34	14:26	
Yellow Creek	6:28	4:42	6:28	2:42	14:34	
Wellsville Shop	6:31	4:45	6:31	2:45	14:37	
Wellsville	6:35	4:49	6:35	2:49	14:41	
Wellsville	7:42		7:42		3:05	
Yellow Creek	7:52		7:52		3:15	
Hammondsville	8:01		8:01		3:24	
Irontdale	8:06		8:06		3:29	
Sallenville	8:25		8:25		3:48	
Bayard	9:09		9:09		4:26	
Alliance	9:40		9:40		4:57	
Ravenna	10:05		10:05		5:22	
Hudson	11:02		11:02		6:19	
Cleveland	12:10		12:10		7:27	
Wellsville	6:45	10:57	6:51	3:10	3:50	
East Liverpool	6:57	11:07	7:03	3:20	4:01	
Smiths Ferry	7:07	11:18	7:13	3:30	4:12	
Cooks Ferry	7:20	11:24	7:26	3:36	4:20	
Industry	7:25	11:30	7:31	3:42	4:25	
Vanport	7:34	11:40	7:40	3:52	4:35	
Beaver	7:40	11:45	7:46	3:58	4:40	
Rochester	7:50	11:55	7:56	4:08	4:45	
Pittsburgh	8:50	12:49	8:56	5:10	5:40	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	

Fullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 340 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, 6-26-93. H. PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.



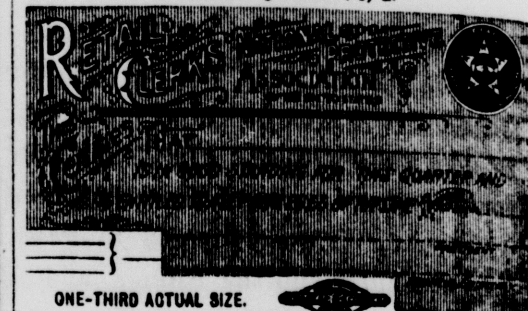
Is Your Head Clear? Do you feel a boundless energy in your blood? You can have these and renewed vitality by taking a dose of Paragon Tea before retiring. Our stipulation: Return 25 cents for one month's treatment. All druggists. Send 2 cents stamp for sample. E. F. FILL & CO. Cleveland, O.

UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others? The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE. COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER. Good only during months named in lower left hand corner, and when properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Label.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.

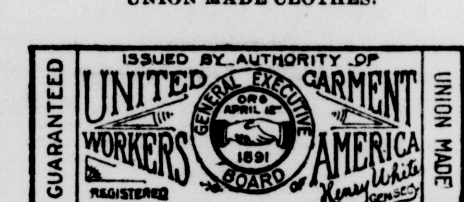


The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union-made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it on another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeited, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.

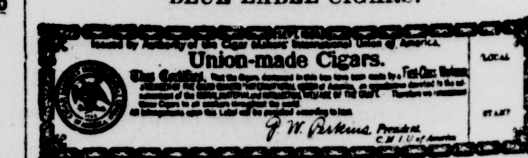


You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

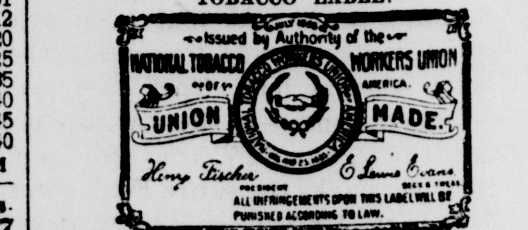
"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold. The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



CLAIMS ARE COMING IN

For the Damage Caused by Recent Storms.

MR. CHAMBERS SENT A LETTER

It Will Be Presented to Council This Evening—He Thinks His Property Was Injured to the Extent of Fifty Dollars, and Wants It.

All the damage claims against the city by reason of the late flood have not yet been filed, and they are still coming in.

Clerk Hanley yesterday received the following communication, which will be presented at council tonight. It is as follows:

"To the honorable council of the city of East Liverpool, Ohio,

"GENTLEMEN:—The damage done to my property, being lots No. 1,840, 1,841 on Pennsylvania avenue, by the late floods, owing to the bridge on said street not being large enough to carry the volume of water, I ask damages in the sum of \$50. In my opinion it will cost that amount to replace damage done. Am willing for street committee to confer, as this is the third time I have suffered loss, and am unable to bear such loss, and this is the first time I have asked damages. Please give it your attention.

Yours truly,
HENRY CHAMBERS,
East End, City."

The communication will no doubt find its way to Solicitor McGarry.

A DELIGHTFUL TRIP.

The Pennsylvania Company Takes Care of Its Passengers.

The service of the Pennsylvania company east of Pittsburgh is, as it is throughout the system, the best in the world.

The traveler who desires to go east these hot summer days should take the Pennsylvania for a great many reasons. The line passes through a beautiful mountain country, where the scenery is such as to materially relieve what might otherwise prove a tedious journey. The Allegheny mountains are now at their best, and thousands of travelers who have gone that way remark upon the hours they have spent watching the constantly changing panorama.

The service is of the best. Nothing that the passengers could desire has been omitted. It has been said that nowhere on earth is the Pennsylvania railroad excelled, and that applies to the equipment, as well as the line itself. Not only are there necessities, but provision has been made for comforts, so many of them that to enumerate them all would require much space. Suffice to say that never in the history of railroads has there been a system so complete as the Pennsylvania, and never was the science of railroading developed to a higher degree. Money seems not to worry the competent officials, for they are determined that the passenger service over which they preside shall be without a rival.

CAUGHT A THIEF.

But He Was Not Turned Over to the Police.

A leading business man of the city has for some time been missing small articles from his home, and once the refrigerator was robbed.

As these thefts always occurred in the evening he determined to watch, and Sunday night he was rewarded by seeing a colored lad near the house. He waited, and in a short time went to the kitchen. He arrived in time to see the boy going over the fence. He followed and caught the youngster, but he pleaded so hard for liberty that he was released. The merchant has sufficient faith in human nature to believe he will have no more trouble.

MUSICAL UNION LOCAL NO. 77.

Board and local meets Wednesday, August 10, at Manley's band room. Important business.
E. B. GOULD,
Secretary.

Not Informed.

When Freight Agent T. J. Thomas was asked this morning if he could throw any light upon the work of Engineer McConnell near Georgetown, he said:

"I am aware that they are working in that vicinity, and that is all I know."

MONEY FOR SOLDIERS.

As was announced in the News Review several days ago, contributions for the Red Cross society will be received at this office.

Bright and spicy—NEWS REVIEW.

MEMORIES.

The heart grows sad sometimes when strange hands waken
A strain, a melody of other days,
And backward through the past the mind goes straying
Till heartstrings snap in twain on which he plays.

I walked today along the village highway,
A sunny head was bowed, a form bent low—
Ah, with a pang it brought to me sweet memories
Of one so like him in the long ago!

But bitter sweet, the memories that Iaken
The love that filled each heart was never told,
For both of us were proud, and I, so fearful
My secret should be known, was silent, cold.

Ah, well, the same old tale, so oft repeated!
I knew not that he loved me—ah, you smile—
Twas after years I learned it, but he never,
Never knew I loved him all the while.

—Rose Van B. Speece.

CHINESE SHOES.

The Comfort and Healthfulness of Woven Straw Sandals.

"I may seem to be quarreling with my bread and butter," said an up town chiropodist to one of his best customers the other day, "but in my humble and somewhat professional opinion, the most sensible of all men in the matter of footwear is the Chinaman. Did you ever notice his feet? I don't believe there is such a thing as a corn or a bunion in all China. Chiropodists would starve to death there so far as the requirements of the masculine foot are concerned. Whatever the deformities inflicted on the feet of women in China may be, the men certainly enjoy sound and comfortable understandings. Look at the Chinese laundrymen here in Washington. They stand at their work 18 hours a day. No class of workmen I know of spend so many hours on their feet as they do. Yet they never break down there, and, physically, they are a wonderfully healthy race.

"Simple living and freedom from the nervous pursuits of our civilization may have something to do with it, but I attribute their exemption from foot weakness and disease to the kind of house shoe so universally worn by them. I have a pair that I have worn for several years, and I wouldn't wear anything else for genuine indoor comfort. They are woven of straw and seaweed and soled with horse hide. There is a thick sole of straw above the leather, and through this the air can circulate freely, keeping the muscles of the underpart of the foot always cool. The laundrymen, you notice, are usually barefoot, which is an added advantage in the matter of healthfulness. There is about as little material in the uppers as is consistent with the idea of a shoe, and this is just enough to keep the thing on the foot. This upper, too, is woven loosely of seaweed, so that the air can have access to the foot. Nowhere does this shoe pinch or in the least degree press the foot.

"These are the indoor shoes of the Chinaman. On the street here in the United States nowadays he wears very commonly the leather shoes or boots of American manufacture. That is one of the ways in which he is becoming Americanized. But the outdoor cloth shoe of China is a great deal worn also. That, like the indoor shoe, is very thick and soft in the sole, and the foot is never pinched or strained by it. The healthiest footgear ever known probably was the sandal of the Greeks. It had no upper, and, as you will see in statuary, the feet of men and women were ideally perfect. All the sandal afforded was a protection from the ground. 'To him who wears sandals,' say the Arabs, 'it is as if the world were shod with leather.' The Chinaman seems to follow out this motto, and his shoes are nearly soles and nothing more. But the great secret of the excellence of his indoor shoe is the half inch straw sole."

—Washington Star.

Neatly Caught.

A certain Greek adventurer some years ago undertook to palm off upon the public some false copies of the gospel manuscripts. Many learned men were deceived, but not Dr. Cox, librarian of the Bodleian library at Oxford. How he detected the fraud is related in his own words in The Spectator:

I never really opened the book, but I held it in my hand and took one page of it between my finger and thumb while I listened to the rascal's account of how he found this most interesting antiquity.

At the end of three or four minutes I handed it back to him with the short comment, "Nineteenth century paper, my dear sir," and he took it away in a hurry and did not come again.

Yes, I was pleased, but I have handled several ancient manuscripts in my time, and I know the feel of old paper.

Easily Managed.

Scene—Editor's sanctum. Printer (rushing in excitedly)—Here's a go! Johnson, the murderer, has just been found innocent, and the government has telegraphed a pardon. We've got the whole account of the hanging set up, with illustrations, and the form is on the press.

Editor (coolly)—Don't get excited, man. Just put over the account in large capitals: "Johnson Pardoned. Full Account of What He Escaped!"—Pearson's Weekly.

A Thing to Remember.

We have remembered the Maine, we have substantially freed Cuba; let us now remember our own interests and those of humanity.—Chicago Chronicle.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant,
English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch. Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

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Industry	7:00	2:35	5:45	12:10	8:44
Cooks Ferry	7:03	2:40	5:50	12:15	8:48
Smiths Ferry	7:11	2:48	5:58	12:20	8:56
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Wellsville	7:42	3:05	6:22	12:45	
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Empire	8:10	3:33	7:16	1:17	11:21
Elliottsville	8:17	3:40	7:23	1:24	11:23
Toronto	8:21	3:44	7:27	1:28	11:28
Costonia	8:28	3:51	7:34	1:35	
Steubenville	8:44	4:00	7:45	1:45	11:45
Mingo	8:51	4:07	7:52	1:52	11:53
Brilliant	8:58	4:14	7:59	2:00	12:01
Rush Run	9:07	4:23	8:08	2:10	12:10
Yorkville	9:14	4:30	8:15	2:17	12:16
Yorkville	9:19	4:35	8:20	2:22	12:21
Martins Ferry	9:30	4:45	8:30	2:32	12:28
Bridgeport	9:40	4:55	8:40	2:42	12:38
Bellaire	9:50	5:05	8:50	2:52	12:45
	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM

Eastward.	3:40	3:36	3:38	3:40	3:42
	AM	AM	PM	PM	PM
Bellaire	14:55	13:00	14:45	11:00	12:45
Bridgeport	14:53	12:58	14:43	10:55	12:40
Martins Ferry	15:01	13:05	14:51	11:10	12:50
Yorkville	15:10	13:15	15:00	11:20	13:00
Port Homer	15:15	13:20	15:05	11:25	13:05
Empire	15:20	13:25	15:10	11:30	13:10
Brilliant	15:28	13:33	15:18	11:38	13:18
Mingo	15:35	13:40	15:25	11:45	13:25
Steubenville	15:44	13:49	15:34	11:54	13:34
Costonia	15:54	13:59	15:44	12:04	13:44
Toronto	16:07	14:12	15:57	12:17	13:57
Elliottsville	16:11	14:16	16:01	12:21	14:01
Empire	16:13	14:18	16:03	12:23	14:03
Port Homer	16:20	14:25	16:10	12:30	14:10
Yellow Creek	16:25	14:30	16:15	12:35	14:15
Wellsville Shop	16:31	14:36	16:21	12:41	14:21
Wellsville	16:35	14:40	16:25	12:45	14:25
Wellsville	7:42	3:10	6:55	12:55	11:02
Wellsville Shop	7:46	3:14	6:59	1:00	11:06
Yellow Creek	7:52	3:20	7:04	1:05	11:11
Hammondsville	8:01	3:27	7:13	1:12	11:18
Irontdale	8:06	3:32	7:18	1:17	11:23
Sallenville	8:25	3:43	7:29	1:27	11:34
Bayard	9:09	4:15	8:11	2:05	12:12
Alliance	10:40	5:00	8:30	3:10	13:20
Ravenna	10:40	5:00	8:30	3:10	13:20
Hudson	11:02	5:20	8:50	3:30	13:40
Cleveland	12:10	6:20	9:58	4:30	14:40
Wellsville	6:45	10:57	7:00	3:10	13:50
East Liverpool	6:57	11:07	7:10	3:20	14:01
Smiths Ferry	7:01	11:11	7:14	3:24	14:05
Cooks Ferry	7:01	11:11	7:14	3:24	14:05
Industry	7:25	11:35	7:22	3:48	14:25
Vanport	7:34	11:40	7:31	3:53	14:30
Beaver	7:40	11:45	7:37	3:58	14:35
Rochester	7:50	11:55	7:47	4:08	14:45
Pittsburgh	8:50	12:40	8:30	5:10	15:40
	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 340 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, 6-26-93-H PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.



Is Your Head Clear? Do you feel a boundless energy in your blood? You can have these and renewed vitality by taking a dose of Paragon Tea before retiring. For one month's treatment. All druggists. Send 2 cent stamp for sample. S. E. FREIL & CO. Cleveland, O.

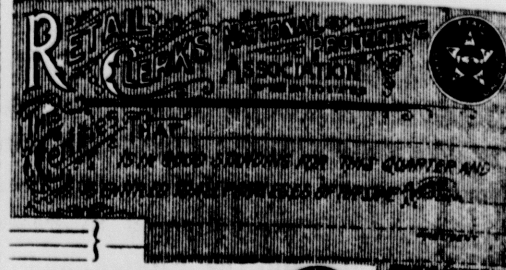
UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.

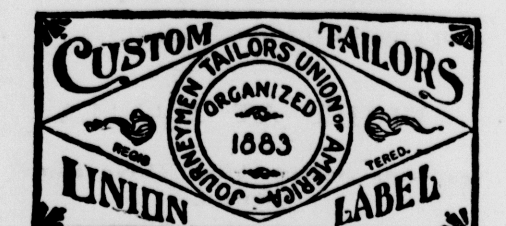


COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER. Good only during months named in lower left hand corner and when properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.

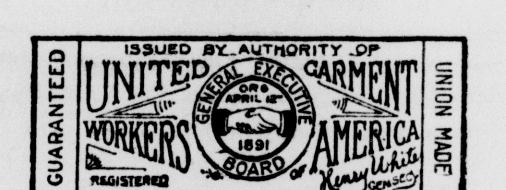


The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



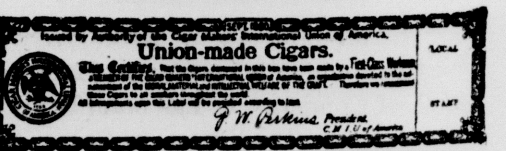
You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold.

The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper,

FIRST OFFICER TO DIE

Captain Leininger, of the Eighth, Passed Away.

YOUNGEST IN THE REGIMENT

He Was the Son of the Chief of Canton's Fire Department—Four Others Dead. Error in Press Dispatches Causes Confusion.

The first officer of the Eighth Ohio to die since the regiment landed on Cuban soil passed away yesterday morning. He is Captain Leininger, commanding Company F, of Canton.

Adjutant Kuhns cabled the Canton Repository from Santiago, last Saturday, that Captain Leininger was ill, and yesterday he wired the announcement of his death. John Leininger, chief of the fire department and the young man's father, was notified of his demise yesterday afternoon.

Captain Leininger was the youngest captain of the regiment, and was popular not only before he went into the army, but with his men.

Death has been playing sad havoc among the men of the Eighth within the last few days, and four deaths are reported today. They are: Corporal Geo. L. Hopper, Company H; Private Ira N. Royer, Company K; Corporal Dudley Wilson, Company G; Private Frank Diblock, Company F. In every instance the cause is given as yellow fever. It will be noticed that the Liverpool company is not mentioned as having suffered loss.

EIGHTH COMING HOME.

A Mistake Said It Was the Eighth Illinois.

The press dispatches Sunday carried the announcement that the Eighth Illinois had been ordered to leave Santiago for the United States. This is supposed to have been an error of transmission and that it is the Eighth Ohio that has been ordered home. The Eighth Illinois is a colored regiment and is not in Santiago but in Camp Tanner, and is under orders to proceed to Santiago to do garrison duty.

IN HONOLULU.

Corporal Taylor Writes to His Family in This Place.

Arthur B. Taylor yesterday afternoon received a letter from his son, Corporal James E. Taylor, Troop K, Fourth United States cavalry, now enroute for the Philippines. The letter was written at Honolulu July 25, and the writer stated that the trip from San Francisco was made in seven days. His regiment will remain at Honolulu for 15 days, and expects to take part in the annexation exercises. Corporal Taylor had but three months to serve in the regular army, but announced his intention of re-enlisting in the service. He has not been in the city for several years, but will be remembered by many residents.

WANTED TO GO HOME.

David Johnson Begged Assistance on the Streets.

An old man who said his name was David Johnson and his home Canton, asked alms from a number of people on the streets last night. The man said he had been living with his son-in-law in West End, but had decided to go home, and as he had no money thought he could collect it sooner in that way than in any other. He met with very little encouragement.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 9th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co. Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c.

CANCELING STAMPS.

According to the new revenue law you must cancel every stamp you put on a check, and you must put a stamp on every check you draw. The News Review has the best canceler. Leave your order to once.

LONG DISTANCE MAILS.

Time of Letters From New York to Far-away Destinations.

A letter sent from New York to Bangkok, Siam, travels overland to San Francisco and thence by water, reaching its destination in about 43 days, having been carried nearly 13,000 miles. A letter mailed here for Adelaide, Australia, also goes via San Francisco, travels 12,845 miles and is delivered usually within 35 days. New York mail destined for Calcutta goes by way of London, traveling 11,120 miles in 29 days, while mail sent from this city to Cape Town, goes 125 miles farther in two days' less time.

Mail communication between New York and Hongkong ordinarily consumes one month of time. The letters go by way of San Francisco and cover 10,500 miles of distance. To reach Melbourne, Australia, from this city a letter will travel 12,265 miles in about 32 days, and to reach Sydney a letter will travel 11,570 miles in 31 days. The mail route from New York to Yokohama, via San Francisco, is 7,348 miles long, and about 22 days are consumed in transit. To go to Honolulu from this city a letter travels 5,645 miles in 13 days.

Leaving New York on steamer days, mail matter is scheduled to reach Rome in about ten days, Madrid in ten days, London and Liverpool in eight days, Rotterdam in nine days, St. Petersburg in 11 days, Vienna in nine days, Paris in eight days, Berlin in nine days and Athens and Alexandria in 14 days. Communication with South American ports is much slower. It takes 24 days for a letter to go from New York to Rio Janeiro, which is only about 50 miles farther from this city than is Alexandria. Mail matter going from New York to Buenos Ayres, which is 8,045 miles distant, consumes 29 or 30 days. —New York Times.

VEGETABLE GEMS.

Bamboo Opals and Coconut Pearls Found in the Philippines, Though Rarely.

Among other queer things found in the Philippines are vegetable gems. There are not many of them, though. The bamboo is empty normally. One might cut open a jungle of the giant grass and find unaltered hollowness. But once in a million times or more accident brings to light in the bamboo stem a gem. Nature has molded into a lump a little of the flinty material which makes the outer stem so hard. The nodule usually presents the appearance of an opal, and several specimens are in the museums which reproduce the characteristic lines of that gem. These nodules are known as tabaccer. It is interesting to note that the first chemical and mineralogical examination of them was made by the James Smithson whose munificence established the first of the scientific bureaus of the American government.

In the condition in which the fruit is known in the United States the milk in the coconut is considered its only content. The really ripe nut, however, is filled with a white spongy mass, rich in the finest oil which the nut produces. This sponge is exposed to the hot sun for two or three days in a wooden trough until thoroughly pulped. The last of the oil is then extracted by squeezing the soft sponge in the hands. Very rarely this careful handling has developed the presence of small spheres which have much of the luster of the pearl. Eight or ten of these coconut pearls, all discovered in the Philippines, are treasured in European museums. They range from the size of a pinhead to that of a very small pea. —New York Sun.

The English Flag.

England's national flag has been called "a triplet of crosses," for it is composed of the cross of St. George, the cross of St. Andrew and the cross of St. Patrick. Thus: The flag of "St. George for merrie England," a red cross on a white ground, the red lines drawn straight from top to bottom and from side to side; the flag of St. Andrew for Scotland, a white cross on a blue ground; the flag of St. Patrick for Ireland, a red cross on a white ground, the narrow red lines drawn from corner to corner. By placing the cross of St. George on that of St. Andrew we have "the Jack," as ordered in 1606 by James I, whose signature was always "Jacques;" hence the expression, "the Jack." By laying the cross of St. Patrick over that of St. Andrew and then placing that of St. George over both, we have "the union jack," as borne since the union with Ireland in 1800. —Boston Transcript.

The Hobson Kind.

Lieutenant Hobson appears to be as energetic in the work of raising cruizers as he was in the task of sinking colliers. Taken all in all, whether as a hero, a naval constructor or the modest recipient of unexpected plaudits, Mr. Hobson is a pleasing exemplar of young American manhood. May the twentieth century multiply and increase him and give us Hobsons in every walk of life! —Philadelphia Record.

Cuban Custom.

In Cuba a bereaved family keep the windows of their house shut and darkened for six months. They destroy the value of the clothing on the dead and back the coffin before burial. This is done that there may be nothing in the grave worth thieving.

TROPICAL DISEASES.

SOME OF THE ILLS TO WHICH OUR SOLDIERS ARE EXPOSED.

Pernicious Malarial Fever Far More Dangerous Than Yellow Fever—Look Out For Fever In Lowlands Near Manila. Sprew a Dangerous Malady.

The Medical News recently published two articles relating to diseases in the tropics, to which the soldiers of our armies in Cuba and the Philippines are subject. One of the articles, which was written by Dr. J. Edward Stubbett, is entitled "The Pernicious Malarial Fever of the Tropics." The other article, which is entitled "A Few Things to Look Out For In Manila," is from the pen of Joseph Earle Stevens, author of a recent work on the Philippines.

Dr. Stubbett in the course of his article says:

"Far more dangerous to the patient than yellow fever is pernicious malarial fever, especially in the form known as malarial hematuria. This undoubtedly is the disease known as the 'black water fever' in Africa, and a careful perusal of its history will, I believe, show that the administration of quinine, contrary to the report of Koch on his recent trip to Africa, has nothing to do with its production. Those familiar with malarial hematuria in our southern states and Central America know that generally the hematuria antedates administration of the drug and disappears when the patient is thoroughly cinchonized. If the milder forms of remittent fever are early recognized and promptly treated, the pernicious forms will not be encountered, for it seldom develops as a primary form. There is always a history recurring, and generally neglected malarial attacks, and seldom does it develop in a new arrival in the tropics.

"The statement that 'malaria, even untreated, in any single attack is a self limited disease, and successive attacks are milder and milder,' unfortunately will not prove true in the West Indies. On the contrary, immigrants from northern climes, if properly treated during their first, second and third attacks of malarial fever, show greater resisting powers during the second and seldom have more than the three attacks. If neglected, each successive illness becomes more severe, and finally they develop the dreaded pernicious type. Pernicious malaria occurs only in those persons who have been a long time subjected to slow malarial infection without the proper administration of quinine. So closely does the appearance of the patient resemble that of one with yellow fever that superficial observers have named the disease 'highland yellow fever.'"

Mr. Stevens, in his warning against undesirable things that are to be found in the Philippines, says:

"Look out for fever in the lowlands surrounding the capital, and, as far as is possible, do not sleep within six or eight feet of the ground," for fevers, both malarial and typhoid, are at home all the year round in the Philippines as well as in other tropical countries, and though the yellow variety is not known yet the others are insidious enough to bother the strongest. The natives in order to divorce the floors of their houses from the ground generally build these structures on posts, leaving a free space of some two yards between the earth and the thresholds of their front doors, and a commanding officer should think twice before quartering his men in tents pitched on the lowlands of Manila or Cavite. After all, the Nipa hut, with its roof of thatch, its frame of bamboo and its floor of slats, is the most rational form of domicile for the Philippines, and temporary barracks for our troops, built up in the fashion of native dwellings, would in any portion of the islands be better than tents pitched on the ground.

"Colds and dysentery, like fever, are common troubles, and it indeed seems curious that the former should be so popular in a hot climate. But such is the case, and the grip appears to have reached Manila as well as more accessible corners of the world. It is a great mistake to sleep in silk pyjamas in the tropics, and new arrivals seem to suffer from colds, more often caught by exposure during the cool hours of the night than at any other time. Flannel sleeping suits are far more sensible than silk or cotton ones and are especially to be recommended, since they absorb the moisture which invariably exudes from the pores of the skin on a warm night and thus protect one from catching cold while he is asleep. Flannel cholera belts are also excellent and protect the bowels from drafts of air that often strike home during the dampness of the night or the cold hours before sunrise.

"Sprew, that peculiar tropical disease which seems to attack the lining of one's interior and to render it so sensitive that food cannot be retained by one suffering from the malady, is not uncommon in Manila, and is apt to attack certain foreigners whose stomachs are peculiarly susceptible to change of fare, and let him who finds he has sprue get out of the country just as quick as he can, for nothing but a change of climate will effect a cure, and if the trouble is not attended to at the outset the victim will frequently get so weak that he will be unable to get away at all. Some may have sprew, leave the islands for Japan or the Pacific coast and recover from it



Cupid is usually pictured as a frolicksome, playful little fellow, always smiling or laughing, but with just a trace of malice in his make-up.

This is the artist's ideal. In reality, Cupid in these days is a matter-of-fact little chap. He is beginning to learn that life is not all a summer holiday. He is fast learning that sick men and unhealthy women

have no right to tamper with love or matrimony. It is best for themselves and best for the human race that they should not. It is not a hard matter for men and women to preserve their health if they wish. It is far from impossible for them to restore it after it has been lost. That being the case, the modern Cupid is right in looking with disfavor upon matrimonial matches between sick men and unhealthy women. Ill-health in a woman is generally the result of some weakness or disorder of the distinctly feminine organism that is slowly sapping her vitality. At first, a little pain and slight indispositions which seem to her quite unimportant. They grow steadily worse until she suffers all the time from burning and dragging sensations, and occasionally has to take to her bed. Finally they completely unfit her for wifehood and motherhood. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is an unfailing remedy for ailments of this kind. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned in maternity and makes them well and strong. It transforms weak, sickly, nervous invalids into healthy, happy wives and mothers. Medicine dealers sell it. No honest druggist will recommend a substitute. "Since I wrote you we have had a baby girl born to us," writes W. R. Malcom, of Knoxville, Tenn. "My wife took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription during the expectant period and until confinement, and she had no trouble to mention. A stouter, healthier child was never born. Our child will be one year of age on the 8th inst., and she has not been sick a day. Has not had so much as the colic."

CAN'T DENY IT.

When the Facts Are Brought Home to Us, and By Our Neighbors, Too—They Are East Liverpool Facts.

A wholesome suspicion is one of our characteristics as a people. In matters worthy of investigation we want real tangible facts regarding it. The word of those we know; the nearby evidence obtainable, are generally what we most desire. When we call on a neighbor, a man of business at that, and say: "You have had some experience with so-and-so; what do you think of it?" and he answers: "Just the thing, I know, because I have tried it." It goes a long way in helping our decision. This is always the case with Doan's Kidney Pills. Everybody who has used them for any kidney complaint will tell you, "They are just the thing." Why? Because they do the work every time and in all disordered conditions of the kidneys. The proof lies with your neighbors. Many have been cured in East Liverpool, and are ready to tell you or anyone enquiring.

The majority of our citizens know that Mr. Thos. Laughlin, of 172 Sophia street, has been unable to work at his calling, that of an engineer, for two years, that his condition was serious and that little hope was entertained of a return to his old-time health and strength. Read his own account of the change that took place through using Doan's Kidney Pills. He says: "I caught cold and neglected it. Result, it settled in my back and kidneys, forced me to quit work, and almost cost me my life. I could not move without suffering and often could neither sit, stand or lie for pain. The secretions of the kidneys went wrong and distressed and annoyed me both night and day. I took medicines for two years, but did not get well. When I read of Doan's Kidney Pills I got a box at the W. & W. Pharmacy. Noticing some improvement by the time I had taken the first one-half box I continued until I took four boxes, and my back was all right as well as the urinary trouble. Doan's Kidney Pills are without a doubt a grand remedy. I will endorse them at all times. I will substantiate my statement of Doan's Kidney Pills if anyone will call at my home to investigate for themselves. My wife had some backache also; she took Doan's Kidney Pills and was cured."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers for 50 cents per box. By mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name. Doan's, and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

AXAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Falling Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Axax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure. 50 CENTS each case or refund the money. Price \$2.50 per package; or six pkgs. (full treatment) for \$25.00. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. AXAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

to come back to Manila, but others are not able to shake it off even by returning home.

"Sunstroke is apparently uncommon in Manila, for one soon gets to respect the sun after a day or two of his attentions. The vital point to protect during one's stay in the direct sunlight is the back of the neck, and a new arrival should be careful about wearing hats that do not shelter this tender region. Letting alone the question of sunstroke, it is an admitted fact that overexposure to the sun is the direct cause of much of the Manila fever."

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

From an Election Sticker to a 3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE COLOR PRINTING, ART CATALOGUES, EMBOSSEING, HALF TONE WORK, IM. LITHOGRAPHY, IM. TYPE WRITER, &c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

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Captain Leininger, of the Eighth, Passed Away.

YOUNGEST IN THE REGIMENT

He Was the Son of the Chief of Canton's Fire Department—Four Others Dead. Error in Press Dispatches Causes Confusion.

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LUCAS COUNTY,

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LONG DISTANCE MAILS.

Time of Letters From New York to Far-away Destinations.

A letter sent from New York to Bangkok, Siam, travels overland to San Francisco and thence by water, reaching its destination in about 43 days, having been carried nearly 13,000 miles. A letter mailed here for Adelaide, Australia, also goes via San Francisco, travels 12,845 miles and is delivered usually within 35 days. New York mail destined for Calcutta goes by way of London, traveling 11,120 miles in 29 days, while mail sent from this city to Cape Town, goes 125 miles farther in two days' less time.

Mail communication between New York and Hongkong ordinarily consumes one month of time. The letters go by way of San Francisco and cover 10,500 miles of distance. To reach Melbourne, Australia, from this city a letter will travel 12,265 miles in about 32 days, and to reach Sydney a letter will travel 11,570 miles in 31 days. The mail route from New York to Yokohama, via San Francisco, is 7,348 miles long, and about 22 days are consumed in transit. To go to Honolulu from this city a letter travels 5,645 miles in 13 days.

Leaving New York on steamer days, mail matter is scheduled to reach Rome in about ten days, Madrid in ten days, London and Liverpool in eight days, Rotterdam in nine days, St. Petersburg in 11 days, Vienna in nine days, Paris in eight days, Berlin in nine days and Athens and Alexandria in 14 days. Communication with South American ports is much slower. It takes 24 days for a letter to go from New York to Rio Janeiro, which is only about 50 miles farther from this city than is Alexandria. Mail matter going from New York to Buenos Ayres, which is 8,045 miles distant, consumes 29 or 30 days. —New York Times.

VEGETABLE GEMS.

Bamboo Opals and Coconut Pearls Found in the Philippines, Though Rarely.

Among other queer things found in the Philippines are vegetable gems. There are not many of them, though. The bamboo is empty normally. One might cut open a jungle of the giant grass and find unaltered hollowness. But once in a million times or more accident brings to light in the bamboo stem a gem. Nature has molded into a lump a little of the flinty material which makes the outer stem so hard. The nodule usually presents the appearance of an opal, and several specimens are in the museums which reproduce the characteristic lines of that gem. These nodules are known as tabacoe. It is interesting to note that the first chemical and mineralogical examination of them was made by the James Smithson whose munificence established the first of the scientific bureaus of the American government.

In the condition in which the fruit is known in the United States the milk in the coconut is considered its only content. The really ripe nut, however, is filled with a white spongy mass, rich in the finest oil which the nut produces. This sponge is exposed to the hot sun for two or three days in a wooden trough until thoroughly pulped. The last of the oil is then extracted by squeezing the soft sponge in the hands. Very rarely this careful handling has developed the presence of small spheres which have much of the luster of the pearl. Eight or ten of these coconut pearls, all discovered in the Philippines, are treasured in European museums. They range from the size of a pinhead to that of a very small pea. —New York Sun.

The English Flag.

England's national flag has been called "a triplet of crosses," for it is composed of the cross of St. George, the cross of St. Andrew and the cross of St. Patrick. Thus: The flag of "St. George for merrie England," a red cross on a white ground, the red lines drawn straight from top to bottom and from side to side; the flag of St. Andrew for Scotland, a white cross on a blue ground; the flag of St. Patrick for Ireland, a red cross on a white ground, the narrow red lines drawn from corner to corner. By placing the cross of St. George on that of St. Andrew we have "the Jack," as ordered in 1606 by James I, whose signature was always "Jacques;" hence the expression, "the Jack." By laying the cross of St. Patrick over that of St. Andrew and then placing that of St. George over both, we have "the union jack," as borne since the union with Ireland in 1800. —Boston Transcript.

The Hobson Kind.

Lieutenant Hobson appears to be as energetic in the work of raising cruizers as he was in the task of sinking colliers. Taken all in all, whether as a hero, a naval constructor or the modest recipient of unexpected plaudits, Mr. Hobson is a pleasing exemplar of young American manhood. May the twentieth century multiply and increase him and give us Hobsons in every walk of life! —Philadelphia Record.

Cuban Custom.

In Cuba a bereaved family keep the windows of their house shut and darkened for six months. They destroy the value of the clothing on the dead and hack the coffin before burial. This is done that there may be nothing in the grave worth thieving.

TROPICAL DISEASES.

SOME OF THE ILLS TO WHICH OUR SOLDIERS ARE EXPOSED.

Pernicious Malarial Fever Far More Dangerous Than Yellow Fever—Look Out For Fever In Lowlands Near Manila. Sprew a Dangerous Malady.

The Medical News recently published two articles relating to diseases in the tropics, to which the soldiers of our armies in Cuba and the Philippines are subject. One of the articles, which was written by Dr. J. Edward Stubbart, is entitled "The Pernicious Malarial Fever of the Tropics." The other article, which is entitled "A Few Things to Look Out For In Manila," is from the pen of Joseph Earle Stevens, author of a recent work on the Philippines.

Dr. Stubbart in the course of his article says:

"Far more dangerous to the patient than yellow fever is pernicious malarial fever, especially in the form known as malarial hematuria. This undoubtedly is the disease known as the 'black water fever' in Africa, and a careful perusal of its history will, I believe, show that the administration of quinine, contrary to the report of Koch on his recent trip to Africa, has nothing to do with its production. Those familiar with malarial hematuria in our southern states and Central America know that generally the hematuria antedates administration of the drug and disappears when the patient is thoroughly cinchonized. If the milder forms of remittent fever are early recognized and promptly treated, the pernicious forms will not be encountered, for it seldom develops as a primary form. There is always a history recurring, and generally neglected malarial attacks, and seldom does it develop in a new arrival in the tropics.

"The statement that 'malaria, even untreated, in any single attack is a self limited disease, and successive attacks are milder and milder,' unfortunately will not prove true in the West Indies. On the contrary, immigrants from northern climes, if properly treated during their first, second and third attacks of malarial fever, show greater resisting powers during the second and seldom have more than the three attacks. If neglected, each successive illness becomes more severe, and finally they develop the dreaded pernicious type. Pernicious malaria occurs only in those persons who have been a long time subjected to slow malarial infection without the proper administration of quinine. So closely does the appearance of the patient resemble that of one with yellow fever that superficial observers have named the disease 'highland yellow fever.'"

Mr. Stevens, in his warning against undesirable things that are to be found in the Philippines, says:

"Look out for fever in the lowlands surrounding the capital, and, as far as is possible, do not sleep within six or eight feet of the ground," for fevers, both malarial and typhoid, are at home all the year round in the Philippines as well as in other tropical countries, and though the yellow variety is not known yet the others are insidious enough to bother the strongest. The natives in order to divorce the floors of their houses from the ground generally build these structures on posts, leaving a free space of some two yards between the earth and the thresholds of their front doors, and a commanding officer should think twice before quartering his men in tents pitched on the lowlands of Manila or Cavite. After all, the Nipa hut, with its roof of thatch, its frame of bamboo and its floor of slats, is the most rational form of domicile for the Philippines, and temporary barracks for our troops, built up in the fashion of native dwellings, would in any portion of the islands be better than tents pitched on the ground.

"Colds and dysentery, like fever, are common troubles, and it indeed seems curious that the former should be so popular in a hot climate. But such is the case, and the grip appears to have reached Manila as well as more accessible corners of the world. It is a great mistake to sleep in silk pyjamas in the tropics, and new arrivals seem to suffer from colds, more often caught by exposure during the cool hours of the night than at any other time. Flannel sleeping suits are far more sensible than silk or cotton ones and are especially to be recommended, since they absorb the moisture which invariably exudes from the pores of the skin on a warm night and thus protect one from catching cold while he is asleep. Flannel cholera belts are also excellent and protect the bowels from drafts of air that often strike home during the dampness of the night or the cold hours before sunrise.

"Sprew, that peculiar tropical disease which seems to attack the lining of one's interior and to render it so sensitive that food cannot be retained by one suffering from the malady, is not uncommon in Manila, and is apt to attack certain foreigners whose stomachs are peculiarly susceptible to change of fare, and let him who finds he has sprue get out of the country just as quick as he can, for nothing but a change of climate will effect a cure, and if the trouble is not attended to at the outset the victim will frequently get so weak that he will be unable to get away at all. Some may have sprew, leave the islands for Japan or the Pacific coast and recover from it



Cupid is usually pictured as a frolicksome, playful little fellow, always smiling or laughing, but with just a trace of malice in his make-up.

This is the artist's ideal. In reality, Cupid in these days is a matter-of-fact little chap. He is beginning to learn that life is not all a summer holiday. He is fast learning that sick men and unhealthy women

have no right to tamper with love or matrimony. It is best for themselves and best for the human race that they should not. It is not a hard matter for men and women to preserve their health if they wish. It is far from impossible for them to restore it after it has been lost. That being the case, the modern Cupid is right in looking with disfavor upon matrimonial matches between sick men and unhealthy women. Ill-health in a woman is generally the result of some weakness or disorder of the distinctly feminine organism that is slowly sapping her vitality. At first, a little pain and slight indispositions which seem to her quite unimportant. They grow steadily worse until she suffers all the time from burning and dragging sensations, and occasionally has to take to her bed. Finally they completely unfit her for wifehood and motherhood. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is an unfailing remedy for ailments of this kind. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned in maternity and makes them well and strong. It transforms weak, sickly, nervous invalids into healthy, happy wives and mothers. Medicine dealers sell it. No honest druggist will recommend a substitute. "Since I wrote you we have had a baby girl born to us," writes W. R. Malcolm, of Knoxville, Tenn. "My wife took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription during the expectant period and until confinement, and she had no trouble to mention. A stouter, healthier child was never born. Our child will be one year of age on the 8th inst., and she has not been sick a day. Has not had so much as the colic."

CAN'T DENY IT.

When the Facts Are Brought Home to Us, and By Our Neighbors, Too—They Are East Liverpool Facts.

A wholesome suspicion is one of our characteristics as a people. In matters worthy of investigation we want real tangible facts regarding it. The word of those we know; the nearby evidence obtainable, are generally what we most desire. When we call on a neighbor, a man of business at that, and say: "You have had some experience with so-and-so; what do you think of it?" and he answers: "Just the thing, I know, because I have tried it." It goes a long way in helping our decision. This is always the case with Doan's Kidney Pills. Everybody who has used them for any kidney complaint will tell you, "They are just the thing." Why? Because they do the work every time and in all disordered conditions of the kidneys. The proof lies with your neighbors. Many have been cured in East Liverpool, and are ready to tell you or anyone enquiring.

The majority of our citizens know that Mr. Thos. Laughlin, of 172 Sophia street, has been unable to work at his calling, that of an engineer, for two years, that his condition was serious and that little hope was entertained of a return to his old-time health and strength. Read his own account of the change that took place through using Doan's Kidney Pills. He says: "I caught cold and neglected it. Result, it settled in my back and kidneys, forced me to quit work, and almost cost me my life. I could not move without suffering and often could neither sit, stand or lie for pain. The secretions of the kidneys went wrong and distressed and annoyed me both night and day. I took medicines for two years, but did not get well. When I read of Doan's Kidney Pills I got a box at the W. & W. Pharmacy. Noticing some improvement by the time I had taken the first one-half box I continued until I took four boxes, and my back was all right as well as the urinary trouble. Doan's Kidney Pills are without a doubt a grand remedy. I will endorse them at all times. I will substantiate my statement of Doan's Kidney Pills if anyone will call at my home to investigate for themselves. My wife had some backache also; she took Doan's Kidney Pills and was cured."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers for 50 cents per box. By mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name. Doan's, and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure. Price 50 CENTS per package; or six pkgs (full treatment) for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price (Circular to Dealers, free). AJAX REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

to come back to Manila, but others are not able to shake it off even by returning home.

"Sunstroke is apparently uncommon in Manila, for one soon gets to respect the sun after a day or two of his attentions. The vital point to protect during one's stay in the direct sunlight is the back of the neck, and a new arrival should be careful about wearing hats that do not shelter this tender region. Letting alone the question of sunstroke, it is an admitted fact that overexposure to the sun is the direct cause of much of the Manila fever."

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

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No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

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Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell
High Wages,
Fine Equipment,
Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

TO THE ADVERTISERS.
The Evening News Review has the largest bonafide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.
The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The library directors will hold their regular meeting Friday evening.

A force of men are at work today cleaning the West Market street sewer.

Morgan Simms, of East End, Pittsburg, was in the city today on business.

Hon. David Boyce left at noon for Chautauqua where he will remain several weeks.

This morning a lot of machinery was received in the lower yards for the East End flint mill.

Next Sunday morning Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert will preach a temperance sermon at the First U. P. church.

John E. Sandusky, a buyer for several firms in Atlanta, Ga., was in the city yesterday and today placing orders.

The remains of Mrs. Kingsley Lucas were last evening on the steamer Avalon sent to Bellville, W. Va., for interment.

Father Smythe, of St. Aloysius church, left this morning for Salineville, where he is assisting in a 40 hours' service.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Peach and family will leave this evening for the Mackinac islands where they will spend one month.

The First Presbyterian Sunday school will hold their annual picnic at Columbian park, Thursday. The scholars will meet at the church at 10 o'clock.

The Camera club held their regular meeting last evening. The appointment of various committees and other business occupied the evening.

Last evening a passenger on a late street car lost his hat while going down Franklin street. The car was stopped while the passenger went after his hat.

The funeral of Mrs. Ellen Durber took place this afternoon from St. Stephen's church, Reverend Jones officiating. Interment was made at Spring Grove.

The street force are today putting in a four-inch sewer at the foot of Fourth street. They are also unloading a car of sewer pipe to be used on Bradshaw avenue.

The NEWS REVIEW is in receipt of a number of London papers containing interesting articles on the Spanish war. They were sent by Chas. E. Macrum, consul to Pretoria, S. A. R.

The flag presented to the Central school by the Carroll club presented a beautiful sight this morning. Early in the day Janitor Albright hoisted it on the pole and soon a stiff wind carried it out to its full length.

Councilman John Cain is in Pittsburg today on business, and when he returns he will bring with him a new oil pump for the Diamond well. It will be placed in position at once, and the well started as soon as possible.

The barbers association held an interesting meeting in their hall last evening. Several matters of importance in addition to routine business were given attention. A pleasant luncheon was served after the business session.

The Catholic Mutual Benefit association of this section are today holding their annual outing at Silver lake. A special train composed of 15 coaches left this city at 8 o'clock this morning. About 400 tickets were sold in this city.

The fourth quarterly meeting of the Free Methodist church will commence this evening. Rev. J. S. McGeary, the district elder, will be present and preach tonight and tomorrow night. After the preaching tomorrow evening baptism and the sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered.

A large amount of freight was sent from the outbound platform at the freight depot yesterday and a large number of cars were loaded and sent out. Today business was even better than yesterday, and it is safe to predict a larger number of cars were dispatched than yesterday.

A GOOD TITLE.

Abstracts Will Be Furnished of East End Land Company's Lots.

Purchasers of homes in the East End Land company's tract can be assured of an absolutely good title to their property. Abstracts will be furnished to all who desire. The records in this property were looked up and approved by Prosecuting Attorney Brookes and General Riley. They pronounced the title held by the East End Land company as perfect, so no one need hesitate to purchase these lots and all can be promised a clear title.

The investment is sure to be a profitable one to all who purchase direct from the company and the opportunity will not long be open. There are a few choice lots left and these will undoubtedly be sold during the present week.

For particulars in reference to lots, call on S. J. Cripps, president, or H. F. Harris, secretary. Mr. Cripps can be seen at Reed's drug store and Mr. Harris at the Crisis office.

A LIVERPOOL MAN

Named by the Socialists For Infirmary Director.

At the convention of the Socialist Labor party held in Salem, William Buchagen, of this place was named for infirmary director. He took a prominent part in the convention.

The county ticket named is as follows: Auditor, Charles Bonsell, Salem; commissioner, T. R. Whinnery, Winona; coroner, E. Weigel, Salineville.

ONLY ONE MEETING

Was Held by Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert Last Night.

Owing to the flag raising last evening Reverend Vibbert only conducted one meeting. That was in the tent and was well attended.

The gentleman will conduct services in the Diamond and in the tent this evening.

On the River.

Once more are rivermen a happy lot, as the Ohio is rising again, and the prospects for a 10-foot stage by midnight are very good. This amount of water will allow the coalboats to get out, and about 2,500,000 bushels will go south. At a late hour this morning the marks at the wharf registered eight feet and rising. This afternoon the marks registered 9.6 feet and still rising.

Like the times of old, the packets are now running on schedule time. The Queen City was up today, and the Kanawha is down tonight. The Ben Hur is up tomorrow and the Queen City down. Thursday the Cummings and Urania are up, and the Ben Hur down.

Card of Thanks.

The Carroll club desire to return thanks to the Sons of Veterans, General Lyon post, Young Men's Christian association and all citizens who aided in making the flag raising so successful. We appreciate the patriotic spirit of the people.

D. T. McCARRON,

J. S. GRAFTON, President.
Secretary.

Entertained Buyers.

Geo. W. Clark, western traveler for the Laughlin company, yesterday entertained Mr. Kesner and brother, leading crockery buyers of New York.

Special No. 4 For Wednesday & Thursday—125 belts in all colors have been 25c to go at 15c at

THE LEADER.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Joe Chapman is visiting friends in Empire.

—William Scullen, of Cleveland, is in the city visiting friends.

—Doctor and Mrs. Gardner are spending a few weeks at Chautauqua.

—Mrs. Curfman and her son, William, are spending a few days in Steubenville.

—A. Solomon and W. R. Wilkoff will leave next Thursday for an extended eastern trip.

—James Green, W. H. Shindler and H. G. Moore, of Toronto, spent yesterday in the city.

—Mrs. C. T. Hard left at noon for Chautauqua, where she will remain several weeks.

—Miss Annie B. Todd is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Todd, Lincoln avenue.

—Mrs. C. S. Chambers, of East End, Pittsburg, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. John E. Anderson, West End.

—Earnest Norton left this morning for his home in Salamara, N. Y. He will remain there several weeks.

—Mrs. Newell, of Walnut street, left yesterday for Allegheny where she will remain several weeks with friends.

TAKES PHILIP'S PLACE.

Sigsbee to Command the Texas and Philip May Go to Mare Island.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Two important changes in the command of vessels of the navy were announced last evening by Secretary Long. Captain Charles B. Sigsbee, who commanded the battleship Maine when she met her fate in the harbor of Havana, and who has been in command of the auxiliary cruiser St. Paul since the war began, has been ordered to relieve Captain John W. Philip of command of the



CAPTAIN PHILIP.

battleship Texas, now undergoing repairs in New York. It is understood that Captain Philip will be assigned to shore duty, probably the command of the Mare Island navyyard at San Francisco.

Secretary Long announced also that Captain Caspar F. Goodrich of the auxiliary cruiser St. Louis had been ordered to the command of the Newark, Commodore Schley's new flagship, to succeed Captain Albert S. Barker, who has been transferred to the battleship Oregon on account of the illness of Captain Charles E. Clark.

SEVENTEEN KILLED.

A Party of Klondikers and a Missionary and His Family Lost.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—A letter received by the Alaska Commercial company, dated Unalaska, July 28, says: Information received here is to the effect that an entire party of 12 prospectors, calling themselves the Columbia Exploring company, together with the Rev. R. Weber, a Moravian missionary, his wife and two native pilots, bound for the Muskovite river, have been lost. Not long ago the Rev. Weber was asked by some of the prospecting party, who were on board the steamer Lakme, to go with them as pilot and interpreter, with two Indian pilots, up the Muskovite river. He agreed to do so, taking his wife and children along. On June 24 Weber met the party, who had a 50-foot steamer and two barges. They were at Good News bay, but were short one boat, which was needed to carry their stores.

On July 27th, the natives say the small steamer with two barges in tow left Good News bay to proceed up the river. Soon after their departure a terrific storm arose. A few days later the natives reported a stranded barge ashore on the north side of the river. It was laden with supplies all of which were appropriated by the finders. Later on a raft was found adrift. Nothing has been heard of any of the 17 persons who started up the river and all are thought to have perished. The names of the prospectors have not yet been ascertained.

A DENIAL BY SHAFTER.

Declared He Was Not Responsible For Neglect of Wounded in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—General Shafter, in a report to the war department, emphatically denies that he is responsible for the inadequate provision made for the sick and wounded brought from Santiago to the United States on the Seneca and Concho. Everything possible, he says, was sent with the sick and wounded. The matter of shortage of water, he says, is inexcusable. He partly said in closing: "There is no excuse for lack of food, as there has at all times been plenty of that. I have no doubt that many more were put on the ship than should have been, owing to the great desire to get home, as they had the fear of yellow fever, and were almost wholly without hospital accommodation. The sick and wounded had only the clothing on that they wore into battle, and, of course, that was ragged and worn out by the time they reached home. There was none to issue to them at the time they left, and their own extra clothing they could not get at. There has never been a case of suffering here that could be remedied by the means at hand that was not attended to. The surgeons have worked as well as any men that ever lived, and their complaint has been universal of lack of means and facilities."

Union Veterans' Union.

ROCK ISLAND, Ills., Aug. 9.—General H. L. Street, commander-in-chief of the Union Veterans' union, and other workers arrived yesterday. The thirtieth national encampment opened today and lasts four days.

Origin of Cuba.

Haiti is a native name, meaning mountainous country. The name Cuba is of native origin. The meaning is unknown.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 8.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 76¢ for old; 69¢ for new.
CORN—No. 2 yellow, ear, 43¢; 43¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 39¢; 39¢; high, mixed, shelled, 39¢.
OATS—No. 1 white, 32¢; 32¢; No. 2 white, 31¢; 31¢; light mixed, 29¢.
HAY—No. 1 timothy, new, \$9.00; \$9.00; No. 1 timothy, old, \$9.75; \$10.00; No. 2, \$7.50; \$8.50; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$5.50; \$6.00; packing, \$6.00; \$6.25; wagon hay, \$9.50; \$10.00 for timothy.
POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 70¢; per pair; small, 55¢; 55¢; spring chickens, \$2.00; \$2.50 per dozen; ducks, 40¢; 40¢; per pair; turkeys, 70¢; 70¢; per pound; geese, 50¢; 50¢; per pair. Dressed—Fancy chickens, 11¢; 11¢; per pound; spring chickens, 15¢; 15¢; ducks, 11¢; 11¢; turkeys, 12¢; 12¢; geese, 70¢.
BUTTER—Elgin prints, 12¢; 12¢; extra creamery, 20¢; 20¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 18¢; 17¢; country roll, 12¢; 12¢; low grades and cooking, 9¢; 11¢.
CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 8¢; 8¢; new Ohio, full cream, 8¢; 8¢; do skims, 7¢; 7¢; Wisconsin Swiss, 11¢; 11¢; Limburger, new, 9¢; 9¢; brick cheese, 5-pound average, 9¢; 10¢.
EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 11¢; 12¢; candied, 13¢.

CATTLE—Receipts 60 loads; market firm on best grades, others steady. Extra, \$5.10; 5.15; prime, \$5.00; 5.10; good, \$4.80; 4.90; tidy, \$4.55; 4.75; fair, \$4.25; 4.40; common, \$3.80; 4.00; fat oxen, \$2.25; 2.40; common to good fat bulls and cows, \$2.00; 2.00; good fresh cows, \$3.50; 4.50; common to good fresh cows and springers, \$3.00; 3.50.
HOGS—Receipts light, about 17 loads on sale; market a shade higher than on Saturday. We would quote: Prime mediums and good Yorkers, \$4.10; 4.15; common to fair, \$4.00; 4.05; heavy, \$4.00; 4.10; pigs, \$3.70; 4.00; roughs, \$2.50; 3.50.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply 15 loads; market 10¢ higher on best sheep and 25¢ higher on lambs. We quote: Choice, \$4.50; 4.60; good, \$4.30; 4.40; fair, \$3.90; 4.15; common, \$3.25; 3.75; spring lambs, \$4.50; 4.60; veal calves, \$6.00; 6.50; heavy and thin calves, \$4.00; 4.50.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 8.

HOGS—Market active and higher at \$3.35; 4.10.

CATTLE—Market active at \$2.75; 4.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep steady at \$2.25; 4.00. Lambs higher at \$4.50; 6.50.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.

WHEAT—Spot market active; No. 2 red, 78¢; 79¢; f. o. b. float, export grade, to arrive.

CORN—Spot market steady; No. 2, 38¢; f. o. b. float.

OATS—Spot market firm; No. 2, 23¢; No. 3 white, 22¢.

CATTLE—Market slow; prime steers firm to a higher grade; others steady; general market closed firm. Native steers, \$4.45; 5.35; cows, \$1.25; 3.05.



The Many Rich Prizes

Captured by Uncle Sam didn't drop into his hat through sheer luck—strength and shrewd judgment won them. Business successes are won in the same way. It isn't luck that enables us to offer you the most expert, scientific optical service to be found anywhere, at extremely low prices. It is full and perfect equipment, investment and enterprise. We employ a first class oculist, a medical doctor especially educated in the treatment of the eye. When you come to us you take no chances, but are sure of first class service. Examination free of charge. Why not have the best?

M. WADE, JEWELER.

205 Market St., East Liverpool, Ohio

The First National Bank

Of East Liverpool, O.

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Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
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General Banking Business.

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An 8 Minute Walk From the Diamond

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Dr. Geo. D. Arnum,

Surgeon Dentist,
Specialties: Syndicate Bldg.,
Crown and Bridge Work, Sixth St.
and Preservation of the Natural Teeth

RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for t
Celebrated Air Cush
Rubber Stamps.

THE NEWS REVIEW

ALL the News in t
News Review.

Spring Grove

CAMP MEETING,

EVERY DAY THIS WEEK.

Glorious Meetings

Every Day and Night.

MINISTERS IN CHARGE.

Rev. B. S. TAYLOR,
Rev. J. H. NORRIS,
Rev. J. DAWSON,
Rev. S. SPRAGUE,
Rev. A. B. RIGGS,
and others.

Splendid Music.

Admission -----10c

Hack from street cars to ground
10 cents.

Everybody Invited.

DENTISTRY.

NO GAS. NO PAIN. NO COCAINE.

Painless Extracting by an application to the gums. FREE when you want plates. Examinations Free.

Crowns, Bridge Work, Fine Gold Fillings, and Teeth Without Plates Our Specialty.

A good set of teeth.....\$5.00
Our best sets (none better) 8.00
Solid gold fillings..... 1 up
Solid silver fillings..... 50c
Platinum and gold alloy fillings..... 75c
Cleaning and polishing teeth free when other work is done.

U. S. DENTAL PARLORS,

Thompson Block, over Gass's Shoes Store, Diamond, East Liverpool, O.

Ask For Dr. J. M. Little, Head Operator and Manager.

Office open Daily, 8:30 a. m. to 5:30 p. m.
Evenings till 8 p. m.
Sundays from 10 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.

LADY ATTENDANT.

LOST—Left on a street car Monday evening black silk umbrella with tassel on handle. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at this office.

TO THE ADVERTISERS.

The Evening News Review has the largest bonafide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The library directors will hold their regular meeting Friday evening.

A force of men are at work today cleaning the West Market street sewer.

Morgan Simms, of East End, Pittsburg, was in the city today on business.

Hon. David Boyce left at noon for Chautauqua where he will remain several weeks.

This morning a lot of machinery was received in the lower yards for the East End flint mill.

Next Sunday morning Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert will preach a temperance sermon at the First U. P. church.

John E. Sandusky, a buyer for several firms in Atlanta, Ga., was in the city yesterday and today placing orders.

The remains of Mrs. Kingsley Lucas were last evening on the steamer Avalon sent to Bellville, W. Va., for interment.

Father Smythe, of St. Aloysius church, left this morning for Salineville, where he is assisting in a 40 hours' service.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Peach and family will leave this evening for the Mackinac islands where they will spend one month.

The First Presbyterian Sunday school will hold their annual picnic at Columbian park, Thursday. The scholars will meet at the church at 10 o'clock.

The Camera club held their regular meeting last evening. The appointment of various committees and other business occupied the evening.

Last evening a passenger on a late street car lost his hat while going down Franklin street. The car was stopped while the passenger went after his hat.

The funeral of Mrs. Ellen Durber took place this afternoon from St. Stephen's church, Reverend Jones officiating. Interment was made at Spring Grove.

The street force are today putting in a four-inch sewer at the foot of Fourth street. They are also unloading a car of sewer pipe to be used on Bradshaw avenue.

The NEWS REVIEW is in receipt of a number of London papers containing interesting articles on the Spanish war. They were sent by Chas. E. Macrum, consul to Pretoria, S. A. R.

The flag presented to the Central school by the Carroll club presented a beautiful sight this morning. Early in the day Janitor Albright hoisted it on the pole and soon a stiff wind carried it out to its full length.

Councilman John Cain is in Pittsburg today on business, and when he returns he will bring with him a new oil pump for the Diamond well. It will be placed in position at once, and the well started as soon as possible.

The barbers association held an interesting meeting in their hall last evening. Several matters of importance in addition to routine business were given attention. A pleasant luncheon was served after the business session.

The Catholic Mutual Benefit association of this section are today holding their annual outing at Silver lake. A special train composed of 15 coaches left this city at 8 o'clock this morning. About 400 tickets were sold in this city.

The fourth quarterly meeting of the Free Methodist church will commence this evening. Rev. J. S. McGeary, the district elder, will be present and preach tonight and tomorrow night. After the preaching tomorrow evening baptism and the sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered.

A large amount of freight was sent from the outbound platform at the freight depot yesterday and a large number of cars were loaded and sent out. Today business was even better than yesterday, and it is safe to predict a larger number of cars were dispatched than yesterday.

A GOOD TITLE.

Abstracts Will Be Furnished of East End Land Company's Lots.

Purchasers of homes in the East End Land company's tract can be assured of an absolutely good title to their property. Abstracts will be furnished to all who desire. The records in this property were looked up and approved by Prosecuting Attorney Brookes and General Riley. They pronounced the title held by the East End Land company as perfect, so no one need hesitate to purchase these lots and all can be promised a clear title.

The investment is sure to be a profitable one to all who purchase direct from the company and the opportunity will not long be open. There are a few choice lots left and these will undoubtedly be sold during the present week.

For particulars in reference to lots, call on S. J. Cripps, president, or H. F. Harris, secretary. Mr. Cripps can be seen at Reed's drug store and Mr. Harris at the Crisis office.

A LIVERPOOL MAN

Named by the Socialists For Infirmary Director.

At the convention of the Socialist Labor party held in Salem, William Buchagen, of this place was named for infirmary director. He took a prominent part in the convention.

The county ticket named is as follows: Auditor, Charles Bonsell, Salem; commissioner, T. R. Whinnery, Winona; coroner, E. Weigel, Salineville.

ONLY ONE MEETING

Was Held by Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert Last Night.

Owing to the flag raising last evening Reverend Vibbert only conducted one meeting. That was in the tent and was well attended.

The gentleman will conduct services in the Diamond and in the tent this evening.

On the River.

Once more are rivermen a happy lot, as the Ohio is rising again, and the prospects for a 10-foot stage by midnight are very good. This amount of water will allow the coalboats to get out, and about 2,500,000 bushels will go south. At a late hour this morning the marks at the wharf registered eight feet and rising. This afternoon the marks registered 9.6 feet and still rising.

Like the times of old, the packets are now running on schedule time. The Queen City was up today, and the Kanawha is down tonight. The Ben Hur is up tomorrow and the Queen City down. Thursday the Cummings and Urania are up, and the Ben Hur down.

Card of Thanks.

The Carroll club desire to return thanks to the Sons of Veterans, General Lyon post, Young Men's Christian association and all citizens who aided in making the flag raising so successful. We appreciate the patriotic spirit of the people.

D. T. McCARRON,
J. S. GRAFTON, President.
Secretary.

Entertained Buyers.

Geo. W. Clark, western traveler for the Laughlin company, yesterday entertained Mr. Kesner and brother, leading crockery buyers of New York.

Special No. 4 For Wednesday & Thursday.
125 belts in all colors have been 25c to go at 15c at

THE LEADER.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Joe Chapman is visiting friends in Empire.

—William Scullen, of Cleveland, is in the city visiting friends.

—Doctor and Mrs. Gardner are spending a few weeks at Chautauqua.

—Mrs. Curfman and her son, William, are spending a few days in Steubenville.

—A. Solomon and W. R. Wilkoff will leave next Thursday for an extended eastern trip.

—James Green, W. H. Shindler and H. G. Moore, of Toronto, spent yesterday in the city.

—Mrs. C. T. Hard left at noon for Chautauqua, where she will remain several weeks.

—Miss Annie B. Todd is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Todd, Lincoln avenue.

—Mrs. C. S. Chambers, of East End, Pittsburg, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. John E. Anderson, West End.

—Earnest Norton left this morning for his home in Salamara, N. Y. He will remain there several weeks.

—Mrs. Newell, of Walnut street, left yesterday for Allegheny where she will remain several weeks with friends.

TAKES PHILIP'S PLACE.

Sigsbee to Command the Texas and Philip May Go to Mare Island.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Two important changes in the command of vessels of the navy were announced last evening by Secretary Long. Captain Charles B. Sigsbee, who commanded the battleship Maine when she met her fate in the harbor of Havana, and who has been in command of the auxiliary cruiser St. Paul since the war began, has been ordered to relieve Captain John W. Philip of command of the



CAPTAIN PHILIP.

battleship Texas, now undergoing repairs in New York. It is understood that Captain Philip will be assigned to shore duty, probably the command of the Mare Island navyyard at San Francisco.

Secretary Long announced also that Captain Caspar F. Goodrich of the auxiliary cruiser St. Louis had been ordered to the command of the Newark, Commodore Schley's new flagship, to succeed Captain Albert S. Barker, who has been transferred to the battleship Oregon on account of the illness of Captain Charles E. Clark.

SEVENTEEN KILLED.

A Party of Klondikers and a Missionary and His Family Lost.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—A letter received by the Alaska Commercial company, dated Unalaska, July 28, says: Information received here is to the effect that an entire party of 13 prospectors, calling themselves the Columbia Exploring company, together with the Rev. R. Weber, a Moravian missionary, his wife and two native pilots, bound for the Muskovite river, have been lost. Not long ago the Rev. Weber was asked by some of the prospecting party, who were on board the steamer Lakme, to go with them as pilot and interpreter, with two Indian pilots, up the Muskovite river. He agreed to do so, taking his wife and children along. On June 24 Weber met the party, who had a 50-foot steamer and two barges. They were at Good News bay, but were short one boat, which was needed to carry their stores.

On July 27th, the natives say the small steamer with with two barges in tow left Good News bay to proceed up the river. Soon after their departure a terrific storm arose. A few days later the natives reported a stranded barge ashore on the north side of the river. It was laden with supplies all of which were appropriated by the finders. Later on a raft was found adrift. Nothing has been heard of any of the 17 persons who started up the river and all are thought to have perished. The names of the prospectors have not yet been ascertained.

A DENIAL BY SHAFTER.

Declared He Was Not Responsible For Neglect of Wounded in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—General Shafter, in a report to the war department, emphatically denies that he is responsible for the inadequate provision made for the sick and wounded brought from Santiago to the United States on the Seneca and Concho. Everything possible, he says, was sent with the sick and wounded. The matter of shortage of water, he says, is inexcusable. He partly said in closing:

"There is no excuse for lack of food, as there has at all times been plenty of that. I have no doubt that many more were put on the ship than should have been, owing to the great desire to get home, as they had the fear of yellow fever, and were almost wholly without hospital accommodation. The sick and wounded had only the clothing on that they wore into battle, and, of course, that was ragged and worn out by the time they reached home. There was none to issue to them at the time they left, and their own extra clothing they could not get at. There has never been a case of suffering here that could be remedied by the means at hand that was not attended to. The surgeons have worked as well as any men that ever lived, and their complaint has been universal of lack of means and facilities."

Union Veterans' Union.

ROCK ISLAND, Ills., Aug. 9.—General H. L. Street, commander-in-chief of the Union Veterans' union, and other workers arrived yesterday. The thirtieth national encampment opened today and lasts four days.

Origin of Cuba.

Haiti is a native name, meaning mountainous country. The name Cuba is of native origin. The meaning is unknown.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 8.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 79¢@73¢ for old; 69¢@70¢ for new.
CORN—No. 2 yellow, ear, 43¢@43¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 39¢@39¢; high, mixed, shelled, 38¢@38¢.

OATS—No. 1 white oats, 32¢@33¢; No. 2 white clipped, 32¢@32¢; extra, No. 3 white, 31¢@31¢; light mixed, 29¢@30¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy hay, new, \$9.00@9.50; No. 1 timothy, old, \$9.75@10.00; No. 2, \$7.50@8.50; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$5.50@6.00; packing, \$6.00@6.25; wagon hay, \$9.50@10.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 70¢@80¢ per pair; small, 55¢@65¢; spring chickens, \$2.00@3.50 per dozen; ducks, 40¢@50¢ per pair; turkeys, 70¢@80¢ per pair; geese, 50¢@70¢ per pair. Dressed—Fancy chickens, 11¢@12¢ per pound; spring chickens, 15¢@17¢; ducks, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, 12¢@14¢; geese, 7¢@8¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 21¢@22¢; extra creamery, 20¢@21¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 18¢@17¢; country roll, 12¢@13¢; low grades and cooking, 9¢@11¢.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 8¢@8¢; new Ohio, full cream, 8¢@8¢; do skims, 7¢@7¢; Wisconsin Swiss, 11¢@12¢; limburger, new, 9¢@9¢; brick cheese, 5-pound average, 9¢@10¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 11¢@12¢; candied, 12¢@13¢.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 8.

CATTLE—Receipts 60 loads; market firm on best grades, others steady. Extra, \$5.10@5.15; prime, \$5.00@5.10; good, \$4.80@4.90; tidy, \$4.55@4.75; fair, \$4.25@4.40; common, \$3.90@4.00; fat oxen, \$2.25@4.00; common to good fat bulls and cows, \$2.00@4.00; good fresh cows, \$3.50@4.50; common to good fresh cows and springers, \$2.00@3.50.

HOGS—Receipts light, about 17 loads on sale; market a shade higher than on Saturday. We would quote: Prime mediums and good Yorkers, \$4.10@4.15; common to fair, \$4.00@4.05; heavy, \$4.00@4.10; pigs, \$3.70@4.00; roughs, \$2.50@3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply 15 loads; market 10¢ higher on best sheep and 25¢ higher on lambs. We quote: Choice, \$4.50@4.60; good, \$4.30@4.40; fair, \$3.90@4.15; common, \$3.25@3.75; spring lambs, \$4.50@6.00; veal calves, \$6.00@6.50; heavy and thin calves, \$4.00@5.00.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 9.

HOGS—Market active and higher at \$3.35@4.10.

CATTLE—Market active at \$2.75@4.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep steady at \$2.25@4.00. Lambs higher at \$4.50@6.50.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.

WHEAT—Spot market easy; No. 2 red, 79¢@79¢; f. o. b. float, export grade, to arrive.

CORN—Spot market steady; No. 2, 38¢@f. o. b. float.

OATS—Spot market firm; No. 2, 28¢; No. 3 white, 32¢.

CATTLE—Market slow; prime steers firm to a higher grade; others steady; general market closed firm. Native steers, \$4.45@5.35; cows, \$1.25@3.05.

Spring Grove CAMP MEETING, EVERY DAY THIS WEEK.

Glorious Meetings Every Day and Night.

MINISTERS IN CHARGE.

Rev. B. S. TAYLOR,
Rev. J. H. NORRIS,
Rev. J. DAWSON,
Rev. S. SPRAGUE,
Rev. A. B. RIGGS,
and others.

Splendid Music.

Admission ----- 10c

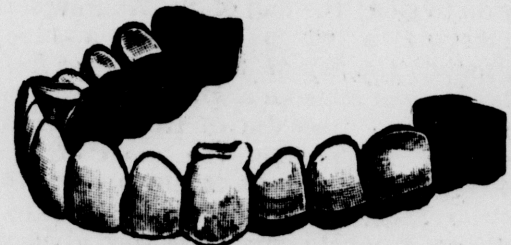
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Painless Extracting by an application to the gums. FREE when you want plates. Examinations Free.



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LADY ATTENDANT.

LOST—Left on a street car Monday evening black silk umbrella with tassel on handle. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at this office.



The Many Rich Prizes

Captured by Uncle Sam didn't drop into his hat through sheer luck--strength and shrewd judgment won them. Business successes are won in the same way. It isn't luck that enables us to offer you the most expert, scientific optical service to be found anywhere, at extremely low prices. It is full and perfect equipment, investment and enterprise. We employ a first class Oculist, a medical doctor especially educated in the treatment of the eye. When you come to us you take no chances, but are sure of first class service. Examination free of charge. Why not have the best?

M. WADE, JEWELER.

205 Market St., East Liverpool, Ohio

The First National Bank

Of East Liverpool, O.

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Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.

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THE NEWS REVIEW

ALL the News in the News Review.

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 52.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1898.

TWO CENTS

LAUDS SAMPSON.

Secretary Long Praises the Officer's Service.

AN ATTACK ANSWERED.

The Acting Admiral's Plans Resulted In Cervera's Defeat.

TOLD NOT TO ENTER THE HARBOR.

Great Responsibilities Rested Upon the Shoulders of the Commanding Officer of the Fleet—The Movement on Porto Rico by Sampson's Ships Was Not For the Purpose of Capture, but a Reconnaissance to Locate Spanish Fleet.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The secretary of the navy has received letters violently attacking Admiral Sampson. He has given out a copy of his reply to one of them, written Aug. 5, which he furnishes for publication, in which he said in part:

"First—Admiral Sampson was selected for the command of the North Atlantic squadron because the department, in the exercise of its best judgment, with an eye single to the public interests, believed that he was especially fitted for the place. Admiral Sigsbee, who held the command, having become incapacitated for duty by reason of sickness, was necessarily withdrawn by order of the department and Sampson was next in command.

"Second—The movement on Porto Rico was not a movement for its capture. The department, which has very rarely interfered with the movements of admirals commanding squadrons, did, however, make one express order, and that was that our battleships should not be exposed to the risk of serious injury from the fire of any fort. At that time the Spanish fleet was strong. Its whereabouts and destination were unknown. The prime necessity was to meet and crush its ships and to secure for us the domination of the sea. The Oregon had not arrived, the Maine was destroyed, and no naval authority would justify the unnecessary risk of the destruction of any of our battleships, except in battle with the enemy's ships. The movement to Porto Rico was to meet, if possible, the fleet of Cervera, which was then expected. Cervera, undoubtedly learning that our fleet was at San Juan, changed his destination to Santiago. Our movements to Porto Rico thus became a reconnaissance and fulfilled its purpose.

"Third—With regard to sending our ships into the harbor of Santiago Admiral Sampson was acting under the explicit orders of the department not to expose his armored ships to the risk of sinking by mines, and the wisdom of his course, I believe, is universally acknowledged by naval authorities. He waited, as he should have done, the co-operation of the army. How effectually, under this co-operation the result was accomplished, is now a matter of history. There are few more graphic scenes than must have been presented at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of July 14, when Shafter, with his troops ready to assault Santiago, awaited the reply of the Spanish commander to the demand for surrender. Sampson's fleet was in line and ready to bombard, as it had been for days previous, and the signal officer stood on the heights ready to wig-wag the signal for firing. Happily, instead of this signal, came the good word that the Spanish had surrendered to this combined readiness for attack.

"Fourth—Please bear in mind the variety and the weight of the responsibilities, which were upon Admiral Sampson for the month prior to the great battle which destroyed Cervera's fleet. He was commanding officer of the whole squadron; charged with the blockade of the whole Cuban coast; charged with the detail of all the movements of ships; charged with clerical correspondence with the department and other officers, and especially charged with preventing the escape of Cervera. Remember that this man, whom you so sweepingly accuse, was devoting his days and nights to these duties. If you will read the order issued by him, beginning with June 1, you will find that the most thorough precautions had been taken to prevent the escape of Cervera; that our fleet was kept constantly in line, so far from the entrance at night, and so far by day; that the most rigid care with searchlights and every other appliance was taken every night; that the commanding officer of every vessel knew his post and his duty in case of an attempt to escape, so that, when that attempt came, the movement to prevent it, by the attack of our vessels upon the outcoming Spaniards went on like clockwork; as at Chattanooga, every movement of that great battle was carried out, although General Grant was neither at Missionary Ridge nor Lookout Mountain.

"I cannot understand why such a bitter feeling is manifested in many quarters toward Admiral Sampson, when all these officers subordinate to him, in their reports, clearly and cordially recognize the fact that, although at the beginning he was by orders from

Washington, going to confer with General Shafter, yet the battle was fought under his orders, and that the victory was the consummation of his thorough preparation.

"For myself, I know no predelection for any one of these gallant men. I would crown everyone of them with laurel. I want them all to have their just deserts. Everyone of them deserves unstinted praise; not one of them deserves anything less than full measure for that day's work. And, therefore, I can think of nothing more cruel than a depreciation of the merit of the faithful, devoted, patriotic commander-in-chief, physically frail, worn with sleepless vigilance, weighed with measureless responsibilities and details, letting no duty go undone; for weeks with ceaseless blocking the Spanish squadron, at last, by the unerring fulfillment of his plans, crushing it under the feet which executed his command; yet now compelled, in dignified silence, to be assailed as vindictively as if he were an enemy to his country. I am sure no one more deprecates such an attack than the officers of the fleet—commanders, captains and all. Among them all is peace; whatever disquiet there may be elsewhere the navy is serene."

ROUND ROBIN JUSTIFIED.

Shafter Sent a Dispatch Confirming the Condition of the Men and the Reason.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—General Shafter telegraphed the president yesterday regarding the publication of the "round robin" signed by the general officers of his command, saying in part:

"Situation is greatly aggravated from the fact that before any of the men were taken ill they were thoroughly exhausted. At least 75 per cent of the command had been down with malarial fever, from which they recover very slowly, and are in no condition to stand an attack of yellow fever or dysentery. Placed here now in the condition in which they were when they came here I do not believe they would be in any particular danger.

"The regiment of immunes which recently arrived is not suffering at all and I don't believe they will. They can keep out of the sun, are well clothed and fed. What put my command in its present condition was the 20 days of the campaign when they had nothing but meat, bread and coffee, without change of clothes, without any shelter whatever, and during the period twice as stormy as it has been since the surrender. Fresh troops reaching here in the middle of August, with good camps, good water, abundance of tentage—which they will find here—need not apprehend serious danger."

He thanked the president for the high regard in which he held his (Shafter's) command and said Generals Wheeler, Lawton, Bates and Kent concurred with him in the views expressed regarding the situation.

GENERALS CONFER.

General Brooke Met In Conference With General Miles In Porto Rico.

PONCE, Island of Porto Rico, Aug. 9.—General Brooke was here in conference with Major General Miles yesterday morning. His force is still at



MAJOR GENERAL JOHN R. BROOKE.

Guayama. A force of about 400 regular Spanish troops are stationed about eight miles away.

The United States cruiser Montgomery and the hospital ship Relief have arrived at the port of Ponce.

Pope Issued an Encyclical.

ROME, Aug. 9.—The pope has issued an encyclical protesting against the suppression of Catholic journals during the recent insurrection, which it declares "illegal, contrary to Christian principles, specially directed against the papacy and calculated to embitter religious conflict, so prejudicial to Italy, and to remove a conservative force against socialism and anarchy."

Brigadier General Poland Dead.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The war department yesterday received notification of the death of Brigadier General John S. Poland, of typhoid fever, at Asheville, N. C. General Poland came to Asheville several days ago with the hope of recovery from the attack of typhoid fever, but the efforts of the doctors were unavailing, his disease was beyond control.

SPAIN'S ANSWER.

Official Note Finally Reached Washington.

LIKELY AN ACCEPTANCE.

But From Its Length It Is Believed to Contain Conditions.

WILL STAND ON OUR TERMS.

A Cabinet Officer, Who Had Been With the President, Stated There Would Be No Backing Down by This Government. A Rumor That Secretary of State Day May Be One of the Peace Commissioners—Then He May Retire.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The reply of the Spanish government to the peace conditions laid down by the United States was received by the French ambassador, M. Cambon, shortly before 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Neither at the White House nor at the state department was there any official knowledge that the reply had reached Washington, and the usual office hours closed with no appointment made for a conference.

The reply was so long that there was a belief that Spain had not given a simple and direct affirmative to the American conditions. It seemed evident that if the reply was an acceptance, it was accompanied by extended discussion and probably conditions. This caused considerable apprehension in official circles here, for while it was felt last week that Spain would surely yield in every particular it began to be felt that possibly there might be another period of discussion, and possibly an indirect attempt to open up a diplomatic exchange on the nature of the terms. The prevailing view, however, was that the reply was on its face an acceptance, although not such a one as precluded all possibility of further discussion. All vital points were believed to be conceded—the abandonment of Cuba or Porto Rico and the Ladronez and the establishment of a commission to pass upon questions relating to the Philippines.

In the carrying out of this program it was believed that Spain would seek to secure an understanding on many incidental points involved, some of them of considerable importance. For instance, some doubt was raised as to whether Spain's acceptance would be operative until referred to and ratified by the Spanish cortes, and it was understood that the reply might call attention to this condition. The same condition, it was pointed out, exists as to the United States, for a peace treaty requires the ratification of the senate to become operative. In case Spain's answer discussed these incidental points there promised to be wide latitude for controversy and delay unless the president and cabinet declined to enter the field of discussion.

Late yesterday afternoon the president received an indirect intimation that the Spanish reply had come to the French embassy. A cabinet officer who was with him at this time said on leaving:

"The information that has come from Madrid about the action of the Spanish cabinet indicates the Spanish have accepted our terms in a general way, but leaves several questions open that we did not include in the terms submitted. The communication offering those terms was explicit, specifically stating such points as would be left open to further negotiations. We will stand on those terms."

The administration, it is said, has not yet given serious consideration to the personnel of the peace commission, but it is believed that no one not in accord with the president's present views as to the disposition of the Philippines will be appointed, and Mr. McKinley, who, it is thought, favors keeping at least Manila harbor and bay and sufficient territory around it for its support and protection, if not the whole of Luzon island. As to members of the cabinet as members of the commission there are precedents for their appointment, notably the treaty of Ghent.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—A special to The Herald from Washington, printed yesterday, said in part: "In connection with the probable selection of Secretary Day as one of the peace commissioners, it is stated that he will at an early date retire from the office of secretary of state and, after concluding his labors as a member of the commission, resume the practice of law in Canton."

LONDON, Aug. 8.—The Madrid correspondent of The Daily Mail, telegraphing Sunday, says:

"The answer of the Spanish government declares that Spain cannot discuss the American proposals, but only accepts them because they are imposed upon her by force. A few unessential changes in the American demands were asked for and it is not expected President McKinley will refuse them."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—News has just reached Washington of a recent proclamation of amnesty in which General Blanco has made known to the Spanish people of Cuba that Spain had, through the intervention of foreign powers, been forced to the disgraceful issue of

suing for peace, and that there would be no more war and no further use for soldiers.

He offered a pardon to all Cuban political prisoners and over 150 were released in Havana.

He assures the soldiers and all Spanish residents who wish to return to Spain or to go to other Spanish possessions that free transportation will be given them by their mother country to their destination. He suggests that the Cubans be forgiven and no longer regarded as enemies and that no unkind feelings be cherished.

LACK OF FACILITIES.

A Medical Officer Gives That and Other Reasons For Neglect of the Wounded in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Surgeon General Sternberg has received a report concerning the conditions existing at Santiago, medical supplies, transportation and other features connected with the expedition to Santiago under General Shafter. It is sent by Edward Munson, captain and assistant surgeon, U. S. A., is dated Tampa Heights, Fla., July 29, 1898, and says in part:

"Drugs, medicines, dressings, instruments, hospital tentage and supplies were loaded on the transports at Tampa in quantities sufficient to meet the needs of the Santiago expedition."

On reaching Cuba, he says, some of the hospital vessels were partially unloaded and then ordered out to sea, to make room for other vessels, one vessel staying, he was informed, about a week. During this time the fight at Guasima occurred. The commanding general was appealed to for a launch and pack train, but the exigency of the occasion did not apparently appeal to him and for two days the medical department was unable to get transportation of any kind to the other ships or to the shore, although there were a large number of launches and boats employed on various other duties. On the third day, by order of the adjutant general, one rowboat was turned over to the medical department for the purposes above named, and at the same time an order was issued for land transportation to carry medical supplies to the front "not to exceed one six-mule team."

He further said: "On getting into this boat with supplies from the headquarters transport I was directed by sundry staff officers to take them on various errands. On my refusal to recognize their authority the commanding general, who had appeared on the scene personally revoked the previous order, and directed, after the landing of the supplies already in the boat, that it should return without delay. Presenting the order for land transportation to the quartermaster on shore I was informed that only pack mules had as yet been landed; that neither wagon nor harness had been brought ashore, and, finally, that the road was impassable for wagons."

He details further lack of transportation facilities, partial landings of supplies and taking of wounded on board transports. Munson left July 10. He further said: "I feel justified in saying that at the time of my departure large quantities of medical supplies urgently needed on shore still remained on transports, a number of which were under orders to return to the United States."

Munson says some of the crews almost mutinied in their refusal to obey the medical officers, as did the captain of the Seneca.

He complained of the reluctance of the Red Cross society, after offering its services, to subordinate itself to the medical department of the army. He further said:

"Too much praise cannot be given to the individual efforts of Dr. Lesser and the Red Cross nurses. Their work was untiring and unselfish and the assistance rendered by them was of great value."

COLON PROBABLY LOST.

Wreckers Fear the Spanish Vessel Cannot Be Saved.

PLAYA DEL ESTE, Province of Santiago de Cuba, Aug. 9.—The Merritt and Chapman Wrecking steamer Potomac has arrived at the scene of the battle of July 3 and has visited the Cristobal Colon. The wreckers report her to be in a very bad situation and they fear it is impossible to save her.

The Maria Teresa has not yet been floated.

GREAT WHEAT CROP.

Largest in the History of the United States Will Be Harvested.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—According to reports received by railway companies and business men, the largest wheat crop in the history of the United States will be harvested within a fortnight. The winter wheat yield, which aggregates from 375,000,000 to 400,000,000 bushels, will be increased to the extent of nearly 350,000,000 bushels from the spring wheat region. The "bumper crop" of 1891 will be eclipsed this year by 100,000,000 bushels from present indications.

Ex-Mayor Suro Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—Ex-Mayor Suro died yesterday morning.

A GREAT FIRE.

Best Portion of Bismarck, N. D., Destroyed.

THE ORIGIN UNKNOWN.

The Conflagration Started In a Railway Freight Office.

FIREMEN POWERLESS TO CHECK IT.

Every Drugstore in the Place Destroyed and All the Groceries, Except Two or Three—Large Bulk of the Business Section, With Several Blocks of Residences Wiped Out—Many People Are Rendered Homeless.

BISMARCK, N. D., Aug. 9.—Fire destroyed the best portion of the city of Bismarck last evening, licking up hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of property. The flames originated in the agent's office of the Northern Pacific depot. Almost before they were discovered the entire building and the immense warehouse of the company were in flames. Oils and powder contributed fuel and before the flames could be checked they had spread to the block of brick buildings across the alley, destroying The Tribune office, Hare's hardware store and an entire row of buildings.

The flames then leaped the street to the magnificent First National bank building, which melted away in a few minutes. The Central block followed and the flames spread to the postoffice, sweeping over the entire block and carrying down the postoffice, Merchants' bank block, Griffin's block and all the intermediate frame and brick structures. The fire then spread across and devoured Kupitz' shoe store and the greater part of the block. The flames also spread north into a residence block and completely destroyed it. Firemen were powerless to check the inroads of the fire, which spread to scores of buildings, licking them up as so much waste paper. The origin of the fire is unknown, as no one was in the freight office when it started. It was impossible to estimate the loss last night.

Every drug store in the city was burned and all the groceries but two or three; also two newspaper offices and the great bulk of the business portion of the city, with several blocks of residences. Many people are homeless. The Sheridan House had a narrow escape, but was saved. The line of fire extended from the Northern Pacific tracks to Thayer street on the north and Fourth to Third streets on the east and west. Insurance may cover half the loss.

SECOND ARMY CORPS CAMP.

The Soldiers to Be Permanently Located at Thoroughfare Gap, Va.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The Second army corps will be permanently encamped at Thoroughfare Gap, Va. The Second division, now at Bristow, Va., will start on Tuesday. The first division, now at Dunn Loring, will have to wait for wagon trains and probably cannot start before Sunday. Thoroughfare Gap is about 12 miles from Manassas Junction.

Much relief was expressed yesterday at the rapid decline in the number of typhoid cases. There were only 16 yesterday and there is almost no other sickness in camp.

MORE TROOPS SAILED.

Transports Loaded With Troops Leave Santiago.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 9.—The transports Miami, Matetan and Vigilancia, loaded with United States troops, sailed for the United States yesterday morning. Today the transport Grand Duchess is expected to leave with 742 men and officers of the Thirtieth infantry and six companies of the Seventy-first New York, aggregating 458 men and officers.

SICK SPANISH PRISONERS.

About One Thousand May Be Loaded on a Transport Today.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 9.—General Shafter and the Spanish General Toral held a consultation at the palace yesterday afternoon regarding the embarkation of the Spanish prisoners of war. As a result of the conference 1,000 of the Spanish sick and wounded will likely be taken on board the Alicante today and sent to Spain as soon as the vessel is properly loaded.

All at Sea.

Absentminded Professor (in the bath tub)—Well, well, now I have forgotten what I got in here for.—Fliegende Blätter.

Clearance Bargains In Shoes.

This would be a good time to buy your school shoes for girls and boys, as we are closing out all tans and odds and ends at cost.

Special Prices are
39, 48, 75 and 98c.

It is a little early yet, but it will pay to invest at once.

W. H. GASS, 220 Diamond.

HELD SOME BILLS OVER

Because They Were Not Properly Signed.

MR. OLNHAUSEN OBJECTED

Because East End Has a Street Commissioner and West End Has Not—For That Reason His Claim Was Not Paid—What the Committee Did.

Claims committee met last evening, but failed to engage in their usual discussions.

There were present at the meeting Messrs. Olnhausen, Chahis, Seckerson and Peach. The bills of C. Shaub for 75 cents; John Ryan, \$159.65; Sears & Hinton, \$15; T. Walter, \$13; H. C. Walter, \$6; G. L. Frederick, \$3.35; Eagle Hardware, \$2.14; W. H. Frazier, \$14.48; East Liverpool Coal company, \$82.87; Enterprise Coal company, \$82; Union Planing company, \$63.50, and several bills from Knowles, Taylor & Anderson were laid over because they were not signed by someone in authority.

Chairman Olnhausen remarked that he would sign no bills that were not "O. K'd," and while the bills might be perfectly right he did not think it the proper thing for claims committee to sign them. The bill of Mr. Ramsay, the East End street commissioner for \$39.82 also went over after Mr. Olnhausen had said that he did not like the idea of the East End having a street commissioner, and wanted to know why the West End was not entitled to a commissioner also.

After the bills had all been signed and the committee were ready to go home H. S. Rinehart presented a bill of \$35 for extra gravel on Jefferson street. It was not signed by Engineer George, and the committee refused to pay it, although the contractor explained the work was made necessary by the engineer changing the stakes after the grading of the street had been completed. The following bills were then ordered paid:

W. K. White, \$1.50; Light company, \$561.27; salary and supplies of fire department, \$513.71; H. Yates, \$22; A. J. McCain, \$4.81; D. M. Ogilvie, \$5.84; J. N. Hanley, \$53.25; Rose & Dix, \$3.65; salary of police force, \$280; A. J. Johnson, salary, \$60, feeding prisoners, \$12.50; J. I. Bruin, \$16.50; pay roll of Engineer George, \$107.03; Engineer George, salary and one assistant, \$180; Shingleton & Cunningham, \$36.17; Robert Hall, \$19.17; N. U. Walker, \$35.20; salary of East End volunteer fire department, \$5; board of health, \$75; A. Watson, 30c; Diamond Hardware company, \$1.56; W. H. Adams, \$3.70; salary of street commissioner and force, \$509.42; S. T. Herbert, \$125; Oscar Birch, \$44.85; NEWS REVIEW, \$9.90; William Welch, salary and force, \$389.24; Crisis, \$39.74; Tribune, \$40.40; H. S. Rinehart, \$259.75.

GREEN GOODS.

New Circulars Find Their Way to the City.

Eastern sharpers, who hope to find a few innocents in this part of the world, have sent a number of circulars of the green goods order to the city.

The circulars are an improvement on those with which the country was flooded a few years ago, and are much more concise than those received here last spring. They are couched in the nicest of terms, and are intended to convey the impression that the writer is a gentleman.

—Z. Solomon will return this evening from a two week's trip to the lakes.

TOLD BY HIS VALET.

PRINCE BISMARCK'S OLD RETAINER TALKS OF HIS MASTER.

August Hilderbrand Tells How His Brother Was Saved From Drowning by the Iron Chancellor—Kindness of the Warrior—Joke Played on Philip Ender.

August Hilderbrand of Chicago, for 15 years the personal attendant of the late Prince Bismarck, is 77 years old, nearly six years younger than Bismarck. Tears welled from his eyes when he heard the news of his old master's death, and he said, "The greatest of men and the kindest of masters is gone."

Then in a trembling voice he read the last letter he had received from the famous chancellor. The letter was neatly framed, and hung under an autograph and photograph of Bismarck in the little parlor of the Hilderbrand home. It is a friendly letter. It referred in the kindest words to August Hilderbrand's elder brother, Ferdinand, who was Bismarck's attendant before August held the place. The letter jokingly referred to an occasion when Bismarck, then a young lieutenant, saved Ferdinand's life. Then it spoke of August's first wife whom Bismarck admired as a "good and beautiful girl." There were kind words, too, for "Lieber Hilderbrand's" second wife, and then a guess on the writer's part that August's son was a real, good Yankee. The Hilderbrands were natives of Pomerania. Ferdinand was eight years older than Bismarck and they were boys together.

After Bismarck's college days, and his trip to France and England, the love of a soldier's life induced him again to take up the profession of arms. He became a lieutenant of lancers in the landwehr, and selected Ferdinand Hilderbrand as his attendant. There were military maneuvers near Leppahan and Bismarck was there with his command. After the exercises one day the lancers were ordered to take their tired and heated horses and those of the officers into the river. A torrent was raging at the time and some of the soldiers hesitated, among them Ferdinand, who, mounted on his own horse, was leading that of his lieutenant.

"Go ahead, Ferdinand," said Bismarck. "I will be watching you, and I will come if I am needed."

Ferdinand, with confidence in his master, rode into the water. He was caught in the rush of waters and hurled from his horse. He sank once, twice and a third time. Bismarck was standing on a bridge, accoutered in his full uniform, cavalry boots, spurs and all. He tore off his coat as he ran toward the spot where his servant had disappeared and plunged boldly in. He soon came up, dragging the unconscious form of Ferdinand Hilderbrand. With brave and powerful strokes he swam to the shore, and after great difficulty resuscitated the man. It was for this service that Bismarck earned his first decoration—the one of which he was always proudest—the medal presented by the Prussian Humane society for saving human life. Throughout his life he wore that medal, ignoring the insignia of honor which nations and monarchs felt honored in having him accept.

After that experience Bismarck entered upon the management of his estates in Pomerania, and that of Schoenhauzen, on the Elbe, and Ferdinand Hilderbrand went with him as attendant and manager. Within three years Ferdinand was married and gave up the service, and in 1842 Bismarck selected August Hilderbrand to fill the place. August was the master of stock, but when Bismarck was sent to Frankfort-on-the-Main, and later to Russia, August accompanied him as companion and attendant.

"I was more like a member of the family than a servant," said August. "I lived with him all the time and traveled with him. He was not married, and I saw him much. He was the finest, kindest of men. When I was first with him, he was learning the law, but he would not keep still for his boss or the men he was with. He was thin like a fence post, fond of riding and shooting and all sport out in the air and in the country. He had so much fun in him. Of course I loved him because he saved my brother's life, but I must have loved him anyhow."

Philip Ender, who for 27 years has kept a hotel in Chicago, is a brother-in-law of Hilderbrand. He, too, though much younger, well remembers Bismarck. "I used to visit in Frankfort, and I went to Bismarck's house to see Hilderbrand. Bismarck petted me, asking all about myself and family. I was then 15 years old. He asked me:

"Can you shoot?" "Yes," I told him, and then he took me to the fine shooting gallery he had in his house. He loaded a gun, and taking aim struck the target in the center. He loaded the gun again and gave it to me. I fired, but I missed the target entirely. Bismarck fired again and again, striking the bullseye, but on my many trials I missed the target every time. Bismarck roared with laughter. You could hear him all over the house. Of course I felt ashamed, as I had felt rather proud of my marksmanship. I spoke to Hilderbrand, and he said: 'Never mind, Phil. When Bismarck loads the gun for you, he forgets to put in the bullet. He jokes with you.'

"I remember when Herbert was a baby we boys used to get even with Bismarck for his pranks on us. In Herbert's little wagon—like the baby buggies here—there were always candies and fruits. When Bismarck was out with Herbert, we couldn't do much, but when any one else was with him we used to trade a poor apple or something of that sort for all of Herbert's sweets, and we did it whether or not Herbert liked it. As children we all loved Bismarck, and he was always kind to the boys of the town."—Chicago Tribune.

WHAT THE MATTER WAS.

Little Game of Two Choir Members Which the Minister Spoiled.

A minister's widow tells this: "My husband," she said, "had brown eyes that turned deeply, darkly black when he was angry, and which danced with most miraculous merriment when he was amused. Naturally, in the course of a long life with him, I came to know the varying expression of those eyes pretty well. I used to watch his eyes when he was preaching to know how things were going with him and, incidentally, with the congregation. I remember once in the midst of a most earnest discourse to have seen him stop suddenly for the space of a minute, not more, his eyes growing strangely black, then brightening again with that irresistible twinkle, though the rest of his features remained quite grave throughout. As I said, it was only for a moment; then he resumed his sermon as before.

"What was the matter?" I asked when church was out and we were on our way home.

"Why, I came so near laughing out in church that there was no fun in it," he said. "Of course the choir is hidden from the congregation behind its protecting screen in the rear of the church, but it chances to be exactly in my line of vision as I stand on the rostrum. When I stopped in my sermon today, it was because I happened to glance choirward and saw our new soprano and new tenor having a quiet game of cards behind the screen. They must have felt my gaze upon them, for when they looked up and caught my eye those cards disappeared so suddenly and mysteriously I thought that in spite of everything I should burst out laughing."—Philadelphia Times.

ORIGINAL TACTICS.

Unique Manual of Arms Prepared by "Extra Billy."

The most remarkable company of soldiers ever drilled in this country fought under "Extra Billy" Smith, twice governor of Virginia. He acquired the nickname through connection with the extensive mill contracts which he had before the war, his charge to the government of "extra work" on his star routes being so frequent and large as to keep the postoffice department in a state of constant ferment.

He was a grand old man of the rough, honest type of "Blue Jeans" Williams, Lincoln, Thurman, Jerry Rusk, Crawford and Jenkins. His education had been sadly neglected, but he owned brains to spare and horse sense enough for three ordinary governors. He drilled his men according to "Extra Billy's Tactics," an unpublished manual of arms.

A drill lesson: Colonel "Extra Billy"—Now, boys, git yo'selves in persi-tion. Are yo' ready? Tote arms! Deliver arms! Rest yo' muskets! Tote arms! Ground yo' rifles! That's to'lb' good. Are you ready again? Well, here we go. Fix yo' stickers! (Fix bayonets.) Now charge 'em and stick 'em!

One day he led his men into a blind lane about a mile long, and arriving at the end could not see his way out except by tearing down fences and going through a wheatfield guarded by an angry farmer with a dangerous looking gun. The objective point was the opposite side of the field. After studying gravely the situation he gave the order, "Disband, boys, an meet me tomorrer mornin on the tother side of the field whar we aimed to git this evening."—Kansas City Journal.

A Military Trick.

One of our German-American citizens related the following incident of the German revolution of 1848:

"We were short of men and had a large number of prisoners to look after. That did not worry us as long as we were not moving, but one day we had to make a forced march. The country through which we were to pass was hostile, and extreme watchfulness was necessary. We had few enough men as it was, and we knew that those prisoners were ready to make a dead run at the first opening.

"Finally a young officer made a brilliant suggestion, and it was promptly carried out. We ripped the suspender buttons from the prisoners' trousers, took away their belts and knew we had them. Their hands were busy after that, and fast running was out of the question. We made the march safely, and I do not believe that even Yankee ingenuity could have invented a simpler solution."—New York Tribune.

Queen of the Seas.

Keels for 22 merchant vessels have been laid within the last 12 months in the shipyards of Portland, Or. Our trade is going to have greater victories even than our war.—St. Louis Republic.

STAR BargainStore

CROWDED.

We were very crowded on Saturday when we are sorry to say we had to turn away dozens of customers, not being able to wait on them, although we had an extra force; and yesterday, though being for the most time a disagreeable day, we were very busy; and it is no wonder when we sell such

Seasonable

Merchandise

at Half Price,

and even less. If you have not been at our store Saturday, yesterday or today, be sure and call any time this week. It will pay you to lay in a stock of goods for later use. Please remember this sale is not only for a day or two, but until further notice—until our great stock will be reduced to a minimum. Evdery department is brimful of

BARGAINS,

and now is your chance to save your dollars. First come gets first choice; so do not wait too long.

A Few of Our Offerings.

60c dress goods for 25c.

39c dress goods for 19c.

50c India silk for 25c.

\$1 plaid and fancy silks for 59c

20 and 25c organdies for 10c.

10 and 12½c wash goods for

5c.

35c white table linen for 25c.

60c white damask for 42½c.

8c linen crash for 5c.

Large size towels for 4c.

35c linen towels for 22½c.

7c 40 inch muslin for 4½c.

9c lonsdale muslin for 6¾c.

\$1.50 dress skirts for 75c.

\$2.00 white P. K. skirts for \$1.25.

\$3.00 black grenadine shirts for \$1.25.

\$8.50 brocaded satin skirts for \$5.98.

\$1.25 and \$1.50 shirt waists for 75c.

\$1.50 new white shirt waists, with insertion, for 98c.

\$1.25 wrappers for 75c.

12½c seamless oxblood hose for 5c.

10c children's tan hose for 3c.

35c fancy ribbons for 12½c.

\$1.00 feather fans for 39c.

And all through the store you will find prices slashed right and left.

STAR BargainStore

138 and 140 Fifth Street.

WELLSVILLE.

MAYOR DENNIS TO TALK

When the Teachers' Institute Opens.

MEETING OF SCHOOL BOARD

Decided Last Night to Receive the County Association in Style—President White Will Also Make an Address—All the News of Wellsville.

Mr. Stevenson was the only member of the board of education not in his place yesterday evening when the meeting opened.

The safe committee reported and were ordered to buy a safe for \$60. An application from Health Officer Warren for the position of truant officer was handed in, but no action was taken. The board spent some time discussing the repairs to fences, and it was decided to repair and paint them at once. J. T. McCormick offered to put wash rooms on each floor of Central building for \$196, but the board did not have that much money to spend, and bids for less elaborate improvements will be asked.

Peter Davidson was paid \$56.50 for repairing stone steps, and H. A. Herbert got \$12.61; John Wilcoxon, \$25.66.

Arrangements for the teachers' institute to be held here the week beginning Aug. 22 were completed. Mayor Dennis will deliver the address of welcome, and President White will speak for the board.

The meeting then adjourned.

The News of Wellsville.

Miss Lida McKim and Miss Mary Burns, of Steubenville, are visiting J. H. Gitchel, of Broadway. Miss McKim is a sister of Mrs. Gitchel.

B. D. Beacom, who has been in Carroll county, returned home last evening. While gone he attended the funeral of John Billman at New Somerset which was held at 1 o'clock Sunday. The funeral was the largest held in that neighborhood for many years.

Miss Gertrude Bagley and Miss Jean Bagley, who have been visiting H. C. Wells for a few weeks, returned from Wheeling, W. Va., yesterday afternoon.

Miss Flora Joseph and William Er-langer, Sr., of East Liverpool, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Goetz took the train for Mackinac this morning.

Dr. H. H. Bean was a passenger for Cleveland on the morning train.

Mrs. J. E. Paisley and Mrs. A. M. Noble, of Irondale, dined with Mrs. J. E. Burnett yesterday.

Mrs. William Jones, Miss Etta Jones, Mrs. Gus Snyder, Charles McGilvray, Miss Ula Pickering and Mrs. Holloway took in the excursion to Silver Lake today.

Miss Anna Morrison has been visiting friends in Uniontown, Pa., for the past month. She returned last night.

N. Schiffler, of Brilliant, and J. J. McCormick, of Bellaire, were in town on business yesterday.

William Hill, of Salineville, was in town yesterday.

Miss Bertha Lowary is visiting in Lisbon.

Miss Mary Stoakes has been quite ill since Saturday with diphtheria. Miss Stoakes expected to have started to visit her friend, Miss Mary Kingon, at Tecumseh, Mich., today, but it will be some time before she is able to leave her room.

Miss Edna Wells is attending the teachers' institute in Toronto.

Mrs. Hanson Catlett is visiting friends in Cook's Ferry today.

Miss Julia McCain took the morning train for Chautauqua, where she will stay for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Snediker have returned from a visit among Belmont county relatives. They visited in Wheeling also while away. Mr. Snediker feels much improved in health from his drive through the country.

Miss Jennie Meahan is visiting her sister, Mrs. Maggie Gibson, in Toronto.

Mrs. Maggie Robinson and son, Harry, passed through town on their way to Cleveland. They have been visiting relatives in Pennsylvania.

Yesterday Lon Phillips, Jr., was liberated after securing bail for \$300.

Mrs. Elizabeth McGilvary and Mrs. Edward Mundy, of Salineville, were in town yesterday.

Miss Margaret Mealey and Miss Mary Mealey, who have been visiting Miss Maggie Connor since last Friday, returned to Salineville yesterday.

J. G. Moore, of Lisbon, spent yesterday in the city on business.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

Extraordinary Bargains.

50 good fast back school umbrellas at 38c each.

50 \$1 gloria umbrellas, steel rod, fancy handles, 78c.

15 dozen fine lace curtain ends, worth double the price, at 49c each.

A lot of 25 and 35c fancy ribbons to close at 14c a yard.

About 250 yards of 10 and 12½c wash goods at 5c a yard.

About 500 yards of 15 and 18c wash goods; choice for 7½c.

A lot of 50 and 59c corsets to close out at 38c a pair

A case of light colored calicos at 3c a yard.

About 20 pieces Irish lawns at 3c a yard.

25 \$2 separate skirts, black and colored, at \$1.25.

15 \$5 and \$6 separate skirts for \$3.50 each.

25 \$1 light colored wrappers; choice for 50c

A lot of 39c wash waists for 25c.

Choice of all \$1.25, \$1.35 waists for 95c each.

20 pieces 7c bleached and unbleached linen crash at 5c a yard.

These are 15 Extraordinary Big Bargains.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

CORPORAL FITCH'S STORY.

Experience of a Seventy-first Man During the Fighting Around Santiago.

J. B. N. Fitch, a corporal in Company I, Seventy-first regiment, has written to a friend in Yonkers, N. Y., of his experience during the fighting around Santiago. He says in part:

"Before we came upon the firing line we lay in a narrow road, and how the lead did pour down around us! A good many of our men were wounded there and some killed. Our orders came at last, and we went at it with a rush. Nearly half the regiment were mixed up in the regular ranks this trip. I got lost, and when I looked around I found I was in the Third United States cavalry, and how they can fight! I think it comes as a special gift to some people. We got our line of trenches, and while going for another the daogoes retreated to the top of the hill. The boys went up that hill like a gale, and I want to say right here that if any one tries to tell you that the Spaniards can't shoot tell them for me they just want to come down here and see whether they can or not. I held my hat up above the trench, and when I say I am not wearing the same one today you can guess the reason. A great many of the boys tried the same thing, putting their hats on their bayonets and running them up above the trench. The only trouble with the black devils is that a whole company will fire at one head if it is shown. How we took that hill and others also and captured a gang of daogoes in the blockhouse on top was a sight for the Bowery. The majority of them howled and cried like madmen, as their officers had told them they would all be killed by us if captured, and they went wild when they saw hard tack and water."—New York Sun.

A Corpse Range Finder.

Captain Minot of the steamer Cumberland of Galveston is back from Santiago de Cuba. He tells of one incident which illustrates American pluck and ingenuity. He says that during the battle on July 1 some of the American soldiers were shot at from some unknown point. One of the men fell, and his companions could not tell where the shot came from, because the Spaniards were concealed and they used smokeless powder. Well, the Americans propped their dead comrade up to the position in which he stood when he received the fatal shot, and then they figured the range from his posture and the position and slant of the wound. Then they fired a volley in that range and had the pleasure of dropping some Spanish sharpshooters from a tree.—Austin News.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER

FOR OVER 14 YEARS

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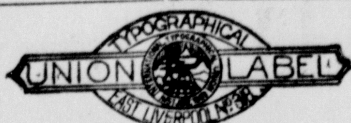
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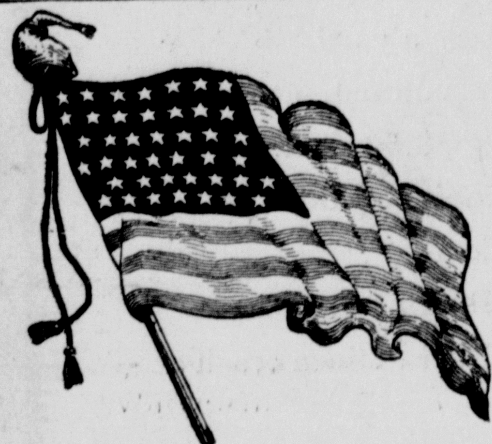
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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, AUGUST 9



UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Label at the head of their columns.



"REMEMBER THE MAINE."

If the Ohio Democracy comes out of the convention with a consistent platform even Allen O. Myers will wonder what has happened.

The queen regent may save the throne of Spain for her son, but it is an empty heritage, based upon the sin and iniquity of a long line of sinful and iniquitous ancestors.

UNCLE SAM'S position in this peace matter should not be misunderstood. He has the long end of the deal and can dictate any terms he desires. For him to accept any of Spain's excuses seems nothing short of a lack of appreciation of himself.

DURING the last few months we have heard much of Spanish honor, yet with all their aggressiveness of spirit not even the war correspondents have attempted to define it. Does anyone know what it is? Has anyone heard of it other than in jest except from a Spaniard?

It is nothing if not appropriate that the flag which Grover Cleveland ordered hauled down at Honolulu, when he made what was doubtless the most serious mistake of his official career, should be the one to be used when the formal services of annexation are passed through.

SOME of the knowing ones are already talking of a government for Cuba, and prophesying troubles galore for President McKinley. They may be right, but with a strong army of occupation there need be little doubt of the result. Even the nervous Cubans will recognize that this country is to run the machine for the present.

REMEMBERING THE DEAD.

The government has done right in deciding to bring home the bodies of its brave boys who were killed in battle or died of disease on foreign soil. Every grave is being plainly marked in order that there be no mistakes when the time for removal comes, and that time will be as soon as the proper arrangements can be made. This country differs from others in that its rulers are of the people, and they knowing the people do that, often without suggestion, which the people desire.

POLITICS IN THE ARMY.

There has doubtless been politics in the army and some men have been favored because of the positions they held in private life, but to the present there has been no excuse for the wholesale charges that have been so recklessly made on this line. If they are true, or if any considerable proportion can be proved, the public must have more evidence. These must be presented on array of facts which will show someone guilty of favoritism of a damaging kind.

CUTTING EXPENSES.

The end of the war is so near that Secretary Long feels justified in cutting down expenses, wherein the secretary is doing just what every business man with common sense would have him do. He realizes the uselessness of continued expenditure at this time, and forgetting that he may offend some politicians who have friends anxious for places and may become angry, he is using his pruning knife right and left. Yet he is the same man who spent money like water when it was necessary to reinforce the navy. Mr. Long seems to be the right kind of a secretary.

TO THE OLD FLAG

A Handsome Tribute From Rev. Dr. Farrell.

CARROLL CLUB PRESENTATION

The Weather Would Not Permit the Holding of the Exercises at Central School Building, and After the Flag Had Been Raised the People Crowded Association Auditorium Where They Heard Excellent Addresses—A Patriotic Event In Which East Liverpool Again Showed Its Love For Old Glory.

Again was an emblem of a liberty loving people raised in this city. The Carroll club in raising a large American flag at the Central school did themselves proud in every respect. The program was carried out as arranged. The parade was formed in Market street and marched to the school building, and from there to the Association hall in the following order:

Squad of police.
 Manley's band.
 Sons of Veterans.
 Grand Army.
 Carroll club.
 Carriages.

A platform had been built under the trees, and when the parade marched into Fourth street the crowd assembled to hear the addresses. The band continued its medley of national airs, the Sons of Veterans' gun squad took position and the flag was pulled to the top of the pole. Then as it unfolded and the scores of smaller flags fell down the salute from the cannon, the strains of "America" and the cheers of the crowd told that another time had East Liverpool demonstrated its patriotism.

When the enthusiasm had subsided Secretary Grafton of the Carroll club mounted the platform and said that owing to the inclement weather the addresses would be made at Association hall. There the crowd went at once.

The hall was crowded, at least 1,500 people being present. Upon the platform were the board of education, J. J. Purinton, Col. H. R. Hill, Revs. Fathers Smythe, Halligan and Farrell.

President Vodrey opened the meeting by introducing Father Smythe, who said: "We give thanks to God for this grand and glorious country in which we live. It is the grandest under the sun. No sectionalism in this country, but all under one grand flag."

Rev. Dr. Farrell, the speaker of the evening, said:

"To the board of education, I present to you this beautiful flag. To me it is a holy thing, the emblem of liberty. My heart goes back to my boyhood days, when, through the days of '61, I learned my first lesson in patriotism in this city.

"Thou hast a lesson to teach, thou glorious flag, and as thou floatest forth, thou beautiful banner, teach thy children in this grand land the events which thou hast passed through during the century. [Applause.]

"It is well, gentlemen, that this beautiful and sacred flag should float over every school house in this grand land, and why? we may ask. Because we would have it known that God-given rights to man in this great country are protected by this flag, this emblem of liberty and union.

"We, the people of this country, are the rulers of this land, and righteous rulers we are. The voters of this country are the prime rulers, and the man who cannot read and write intelligently cannot vote and think intelligently. It is very well, indeed, that every state has passed a law which compels the father to educate his children.

"There is only one more emblem that is, to my heart, more sacred than this beautiful flag. It is the holy cross of our Savior.

"Patriotism in our country, America, is something peculiar and unique. It differs greatly to that observed in other countries. In America, in the United States, patriotism is loyalty to the flag, love of union and liberty. It is something grand. This flag will tell to the children, now and to be, of this noble land that which has been taught by our forefathers, and that teaching is that all men are created equal in the sight of God and have equal rights in the government of a nation.

"Breathes there a man with soul so dead,

'Who never to himself has said, this is my own my native land.'

"The revolution in America was the outburst of patriotism, and what is now true Americanism. The outbreak of the revolution in France was the beginning of anarchy. Which is the best?

"The lesson this beautiful emblem teaches is, first of all, loyalty and inde-

pendence. It will also teach our children of those memorable events at Bunker Hill, Valley Forge, Yorktown and Lexington, and of the old continentals who yielded not in every battle in which they were engaged.

"The United States, over which floats the Stars and Stripes, the emblem of liberty, has welcomed to its doors the exiles of all the old nations. Our country in this single sense is the highest personification of human liberty. See how she welcomes the stranger and makes him and his to sit at the same table with us and our children. There is no line drawn, and all for love of liberty and humanitarianism.

"From the much-talked of and so-called foreign element, much of the bone and sinew of this country have been obtained. When they have been in this country the lawful number of years and swear allegiance to the flag of their recently adopted country they lose all of that distasteful prejudice.

"I say let no man take away the emblem that is ever ready to encircle and protect the immigrant.

"Star after star has been added to our great and glorious flag. But in our country there lay a danger and diversity of opinion, and in course of time this one flag has been compelled to teach this class the love of union.

"The nations until a few weeks ago looked upon us in astonishment and at our volunteer soldier. All honor to him, the volunteer. Those of other nations said, they are a lot of raw recruits, untrained, young and unfit to cope with an army of well drilled soldiers. Oh, what a difference and change of opinion there was within a short time. Those raw recruits that were unfit for service, as they said, picked up their guns and in a deadly fire from the enemy dashed up Santiago hill, through the deep trenches, and in the end won a glorious, grand and noble victory. I say what astonishment that was among the people of the other nations. What was it that inspired the hearts and breasts of those raw recruits, that made them, first, courageous, lastly heroes? It was those beautiful colors they carried in the flag.

"We are no heroes," they said, "we do not fight for our mere pay, we do not make a profession of arms, but instead of this all we have in our souls is courage and love of country. (Applause.)

"Among the great characters of this conflict there figures one most prominently. When the clouds of war began to arise and gather about our country, he stood among his counsellors, and with uplifted hand cautioned care and judgment. He stood aloft, out among the others and bravely faced the storm. He was slow to act his part, but when the time came this character acted most nobly. He faced the aggressive with a strong arm, and to those who were oppressed he stood ready to help in the most kindly way. I speak of one who has fought his part of the struggle bravely, of one who is near and dear to the hearts of this country and especially East Liverpool, of one whose record is unblemished, of William McKinley. (Applause.)

"When the terms of peace were being arranged for Turkey and Greece a year ago we heard the roar of the lion, the growl of the bear, but listen, do we hear such now. No such noises are to be heard this year. Some one has said, 'Hands off.' Like Dewey in Manila bay, when the German admiral wanted to interfere, said: 'If you come between me and the enemy I will sink your ships.'

"The Star Spangled Banner,

O! Long may it wave;
 O'er the land of the free
 And the home of the brave."

Mr. W. B. Hill, of the board of education, in accepting the flag, said in part:

"On behalf of the board of education, the citizens of East Liverpool, I accept the flag in the interest of which it is given. To this end we should thank our legislatures for the provision which allows such flags to float over public institutions. The flag, and that which it represents, are irrespective of both race and religion, and as our orator said there should be but one land, and that the land of the free and home of the brave.

WANT REVEREND CARSON.

His Congregation Asked For His Retention.

The last business meeting of the African M. E. church for this conference year was held in the church in Spring street last evening.

Matters for the year were attended to and the presiding elder of this district was instructed to ask for the retention of Reverend Carson for another year, making it the fourth year of his pastorate in this city.

Seven New Odd Fellows.

The Odd Fellows last evening initiated seven candidates. This is the largest number of candidates taken into the lodge at one time in the last 21 years.

There is no Kodak but the

Eastman Kodak.

1898 Kodaks are up to date.

HAMMOCKS.

Large assortment to select from at lowest prices.

Bargains in Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers and Bicycles.

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EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

134 and 136 Fifth Street.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O. For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, East Liverpool.

At Kinsey's.

WALL PAPER. WINDOW BLINDS.

Many are taking advantage of our SUMMER SALE of Wall Paper and Window Blinds.

10 patterns 25c grade paper at 12 to 15c
 10 patterns 15c grade paper at 8 to 10c
 Odd bolts paper at 1, 2 and 3c
 Hammocks at Closing Out Prices.
 Floor Oil Cloths 20, 25 and 30c
 Mrs. Potts' sad irons, set 85c

KINSEY'S 5 & 10,

Diamond, East Liverpool, O.

A REUNION.

Liverpool Veterans Met With Their Old Comrades.

The annual reunion of Company F, Forty-sixth Pennsylvania, was held in Rochester today, at the home of one of its members. Those from this city who attended were N. A. Frederick, Charles Shenkle, James Wildblood, Ben Haines, J. R. Todd. As a guest W. T. McCain, from this city, was present.

News of Spring Grove.

George Buxton, Sr., and family yesterday afternoon moved to the campground.

Rev. B. S. Taylor and a corps of ministers arrived yesterday afternoon and last evening took charge of the services. Evangelist Harris is expected to arrive today.

Council Will Meet.

Council will hold its regular meeting this evening, and while there is not much business to transact beyond hear-

ing the monthly reports of officers the session will no doubt be lengthy, as usual.

JOHN IS BETTER.

But the Ball Is Still In His Cheek.

John, the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Vaughn, of Third street, who was accidentally shot in the face yesterday afternoon, as a result of pounding a cartridge with a stone, was much improved this morning. The ball is still in his left cheek, but it is thought it will be extracted tomorrow.

FOR SALE.

Lady's bicycle. It has been used but little, and is the greatest bargain ever offered. Inquire at once at the News Review.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Erlanger and Miss Joseph, of Fifth street, left last evening for a few weeks stay at Mackinac Island.

POOR OLD SPAIN

Accepts All Our Conditions For Peace,
BUT PRESENTS SOME VIEWS

On Questions Which May Arise When the Conditions Are Executed—It Has Not Yet Been Decided by President McKinley Whether This Is Satisfactory, and It Is Probable Some Delay Will Follow—The Battle at Manila.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—[Special]—After many hours of anxious waiting the announcement has been made that Spain's answer to the President's note containing our terms of peace has been deciphered. It was delivered to President McKinley and the cabinet and is now being considered.

The reply is more than was expected. In it Spain accepts all conditions for peace imposed by this government, but also presents elaborate views on points involved and on questions which would naturally arise when the conditions in question are executed. Whether this can be considered as satisfactory by President McKinley remains to be seen, but it is announced this afternoon that no decision has yet been reached. The reply is not received with great favor in official circles.

FIGHT AT MANILA.

Spaniards Beaten After Three Hours of Battle.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—[Special]—Later details from Manila concerning the engagement which took place between the Spanish and American troops show that 11 of the latter were killed and 44 wounded, while the Spanish loss could not have been less than 500 in killed and wounded.

The Spanish, 3,000 strong, burst upon the American force, and were met by artillery, supported by infantry. For three hours the battle lasted, when the Spaniards were repulsed. They left a number of their dead to fall into our hands.

The battle took place July 31.

LAST REPORT

Says That Company E Boys Are All Well.

Robert Hall this afternoon received a letter from Mr. Weybrecht at Alliance, which says:

"Brother Andrew arrived home this morning. He was in a hospital with fever five days, and was sent home on the transport Louisiana. He left Santiago Aug. 1. Aside from being very much emaciated and nervous, he is all right.

"He reports having seen Lieutenant Hall the day he left and he is as well as any of the boys in the battalion. He says the Third battalion has been detached from the regiment for three weeks guarding headquarters and the hospital. Many of the boys are down for a few days with what he calls 'native fever.'

"He brought me a letter from the major in which is noted that Capt. Billy Hill, of Company E, has completely recovered from the illness of Camp Alger and parades around camp clothed in the costume of the country, with only a cigarette and a smile. He also mentions that Lieutenant Hall is well.

"Andrew states that four transports were at Santiago, ready to embark the cavalry, when he left. They met several large transports on the way to Santiago, to take Shafter's army to Long Island. He thinks the entire Fifth corps will be in the United States in 10 days.

TRANSFERRED

Residence Property Changed Hands Yesterday.

Doctor O. D. Shay yesterday sold his property in Seventh street to Will Reed. The consideration is private.

George H. Owen sold the Robinson property in Fifth street to Doctor Shay for \$3200. Doctor Shay will erect a handsome residence upon the property early next year.

Repaired a Break.

Foreman Hickey and his force of workmen yesterday repaired a broken water main at the intersection of Apple alley. The pipe had been leaking for several weeks, and it made the track sink at that place.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

TWO WANDERERS

Were Ordered From Town by Mayor Bought.

Mayor Bought this morning had several cases to dispose of, but as two of them were put down as tramps, the city treasury was not enriched one cent.

John Connelly was drunk last night in Sixth street, and Officer White called the patrol and John was soon sleeping on a hard bed. On the bottom of the charge slip was this note:

"When I told him to move on he said for me to move him and I did."

When brought out this morning he had not much to say, and the mayor gave him his choice of going to the workhouse for 90 days or getting away from town. He left Liverpool as soon as it was possible.

Patrick Sheenan was a victim of Officer Terrence last night. He is a wanderer, and when he came to town yesterday loaded up on bad whisky. He wandered to the Erlanger store and was soon sleeping on the steps. The patrol took him to jail. This morning he took his choice of six months to the works or going to Wellsville. He went to the lower river town.

J. H. Moore was another victim of Officer White. He was asleep on some steps at the corner of Fifth and Market streets late last night, and after being taken to jail made arrangements for his appearance today.

Thomas Amos, who was to appear yesterday on a charge preferred against him by a Broadway woman, had not appeared up to noon.

Henry Palmer, who was arrested by Officer Whan in Sixth street, Saturday, and who was charged with disorderly conduct, appeared yesterday afternoon and pleaded not guilty. His hearing was set for 2 o'clock this afternoon.

McConnaughy is still in jail, as no one has appeared to secure his release with the necessary bond.

TO PLAY IN TORONTO.

The Local Team Will Try a Game There Tomorrow.

The local ball team will tomorrow go to Toronto where they will meet the team of that city. The lineup:

Davis, catcher; McCurran or Ashbaugh, pitcher; McNicol, short; Heckathorn, first; Carev, second; Godwin, third; Barker, left; Finch, middle; Clark, right; Webb, substitute.

Will Carey has returned from New Kensington where he has been playing second base for the team of that place. He put up an elegant game, but the club disbanded owing to a lack of support.

George McNicol has signed to captain and manage the Freedom, Pa., club and will assume charge next Saturday.

ALMOST BROKE.

The City Only Has a Little Money on Hand.

The report of City Treasurer Herbert for the month shows the finances of the city to be in a very poor condition, but the balance of the August apportionment, amounting to about \$10,000, is due this month.

The street fund is overdrawn \$891.07, and the interest \$437.72. The balance in the other funds are as follows: General, \$1,075.03; wharf, \$68.97; fire, \$2.40; police, \$542.76; light, \$1,172.17; sinking, \$5,284.39; sanitary, \$40.48; bridge, \$529.44.

SEBRING EMPLOYES

Will Picnic Some Day In the Near Future.

The Sebring potteries are arranging to give a picnic at Columbian park the latter part of this month.

The sports will be for the employees of their three plants, and will be hotly contested. One of the features of the day will be a ball game between the employees of the East Palestine plant and the employees of the Sebring and French China company potteries.

SHE STOLE AFFECTIONS

According to a Petition Filed In Court.

MRS. HAY WANTS FINANCIAL BALM

She Has Brought Suit For \$5,000 Against the Defendant, Relating a Story Which Dates Back Almost Ten Years—The Husband Seeks a Divorce.

LISBON, Aug. 9.—[Special]—The most sensational suit filed in court in many months was placed on the books this morning. It involves well known residents of East Palestine.

Mrs. Clyde Hay has begun proceedings against Laura Rowe to recover \$5,000 damages for alienating the affections of her husband, Joseph Hay.

Mrs. Hay claims they were married June 14, 1885, and the defendant has been bringing her evil influence to bear upon him since 1889.

Her husband left her Dec. 7, 1897, and some time ago began proceedings for divorce, alleging that she was an habitual drunkard, and that she had been untrue to him. They have one child, Monta Hay, aged 10 years, for whose custody the father asks in his petition for divorce.

George Flowers sued the Wellsville Pioneer Pottery Works company before Mayor Dennis for \$43.69 for labor performed, and obtained a judgment for \$15.69. The defendant gave \$100 bond, and appealed the case to common pleas court.

In the case of Mary Ann Rogers against Hannah Smith, upon execution, Sheriff Gill offered 160 acres of land in Wayne township for sale, but no bidders were found. The property was appraised at \$4,500.

A deed was left in the recorder's office today for record, bearing date of 1864, upon which were ten five cent internal revenue stamps of that date. The grantor was John Goodwin and the grantee was Luther Duel. The property conveyed was a tract of land situated in Phelps's addition to Wellsville, consideration \$200.

POTTERS' NOTICE.

Go to the Grand and Hear the Middleman Tonight.

Tuesday and Wednesday, Aug. 9 and 10, the great potters' play, the "Middleman," will be presented in its entirety at the opera house. The play is a masterpiece of pathos and humor from the pen of Arthur Jones as played by E. S. Willard, of London, Eng., and can be seen a dozen times without losing any of its charm. It deals exclusively with pottery life, and for this reason alone should awaken the interest of the citizens of East Liverpool. The plot lingers on the recovery of a lost art and depicts the struggles of a genius (Cyrus Blink-arm) to discover it.

One of the most interesting features of the play is the kiln shed in the third act in which two kilns are used. This scene has been specially painted for the occasion, the models used being two kilns from McNicol's pottery. It is impossible to describe the beauty and grandeur of this play. One must see it before he can fully appreciate its worth.

It is hoped that our potters and citizens in general will avail themselves of the opportunity of seeing the grand presentation of the "Middleman" as it is a chance that may never occur again. Ladies and children are particularly invited to attend the beautiful play.

Arrangements have been made with the street railway company to furnish cars at the conclusion of each performance for the convenience of persons residing in Wellsville, East End and the camp grounds. Reserved seats on sale at Reed's drug store. Prices, 15, 25 and 35c.

Looking For Thieves.

Chief Johnson this afternoon received a letter from Schmid & Co., of New Castle, who was robbed on July 7. For the capture of the thief or thieves a reward of \$500 is offered.

Following is a list of the articles stolen: Watches, 20; diamonds, 7; rings, 100. All these rings were set with diamonds.

A Good Attraction.

The Elks have secured Willie Collier for their sixth annual benefit, and he will present "The Man From Mexico" at the Grand, Sept. 28.

Special No. 2 For Wednesday & Thursday.

300 yards of oriental lace worth 19c to 35c a yard, only 10 yards to a customer, to go at 10c a yard at

THE LEADER.

CLEARANCE SALE ALL THIS WEEK

This sale presents an opportunity to supply your dry good needs at prices which mean quite a saving to you.

TABLE LINENS.

Goods you use every day of the week.

The 50c goods for 42c
The 69c goods for 55c
The \$1 goods for 89c
The \$1.25 goods for \$1.10
The \$1.40 goods for \$1.20
and like reductions on all other grades.

UMBRELLAS

What Could be more reasonable. Reduced prices on entire stock.

\$.75 ones reduced to .65
1.00 " .78
\$1.25 " \$1.05
1.50 " 1.25
2.00 " 1.60
2.25 " 1.85
3.00 " 2.50
4.00 " 3.50
5.00 " 4.25
All parasols at one-half former price.

WRAPPERS.

A good dark calico wrapper that was cheap at 50c for 39c.

\$.75 wrappers for \$.60
.89 " .70
1.00 " .75
1.25 " 1.00

Come in this week. We believe we can prove to you that you will save money by trading with us this week.

D.M.OGILVIE & Co

SHIRT WAISTS.

A lot of waists in light colors, some of them were 59c, some 50c, your choice of them now at .25c

A lot of dark colored waists, blue and white red and white and polka dot at .39c

The 69c and 75c waists at .50c

The 98c and \$1 waists at .65c

The \$1.25 waists at .95c

The \$1.50 waists at \$1.05

These prices are for colored waists only.

BLACK DRESS GOODS

Plain black mohair Henrietta, serges, figured mohairs, crepons, in short, all black goods, from 12½c to \$2.75 per yard, at reduced prices.

COLOR DRESS GOODS

The .25 goods at 21c.
The .50 " 40c.
The .75 " 60c.
The \$1.00 " 79c.



W.A. HILL

5 AND 10,

Wholesale and Retail.

Wagons at 75c, 99c, \$1.25, \$1.50.

Mason's 1 qt. jars.....50c
Mason's ½ qt. jars.....85c
Tin cans (warranted).....25c
Hammocks.....50c to \$3.00
4 qt. coffee pot.....10c
3 qt. granite coffee pot.....25c
Clark's O. N. T.....4
Window Shades.....10c, 15c, 25c

TABLE OIL CLOTH 12½c and 15c.

Wall Paper Remnants. Having gone stock and assorted out all odds and ends, we have yet a lot of Remnants to sell you at less than half price. Come now, they will not last long.

Two Second Hand Bikes Cheap.

W. A. HILL, 5 & 10.

OUR BOYS WERE WELL

When Cook Martin Wrote a Letter July 30.

John Travis today received a letter from Cook Fred Martin, of Company E, bearing date of July 30 and postmarked Santiago De Cuba. The writer enclosed several flowers and some grass which he had picked from in front of the entrenchments, and stated that the boys were all enjoying good health.

Special No. 3 For Wednesday & Thursday.

100 muslin undershirts worth 75c to go at 59c each at

THE LEADER.

One Man Made Changes.

Paul Rhoades, employed as checkman at the freight depot, severely sprained his back yesterday, causing him to rest for several days. Harry LeMoyné, of the outbound platform, is in his place, while an extra roller is employed at the outbound platform.

Special No. 1 For Wednesday & Thursday.

100 boys blouse waists worth 35c and 49c to go at 19c each at

THE LEADER.

The News Review for news.

The Pittsburg Grocery,

Cor. Second and Washington Sts.

H. SOHN

has started a first-class grocery and produce house, at the corner of Second and Washington streets, where he will handle all kinds of groceries at the lowest prices in the city.

Here Are a Few Prices.

Standard flour, per sack.....55c
Armour's washing powder, 5c packages, two for.....5c
Lenox soap, ten bars for.....25c
Ginger snaps, lunch biscuits and oyster crackers, per lb.....5c

Cor. Second and Washington.

WANTED—Experienced dining room girl. Inquire S. J. Martin, Broadway.

CLAIMS ARE COMING IN

For the Damage Caused by Recent Storms.

MR. CHAMBERS SENT A LETTER

It Will Be Presented to Council This Evening—He Thinks His Property Was Injured to the Extent of Fifty Dollars, and Wants It.

All the damage claims against the city by reason of the late flood have not yet been filed, and they are still coming in.

Clerk Hanley yesterday received the following communication, which will be presented at council tonight. It is as follows:

"To the honorable council of the city of East Liverpool, Ohio,

"GENTLEMEN:—The damage done to my property, being lots No. 1,840, 1,841 on Pennsylvania avenue, by the late floods, owing to the bridge on said street not being large enough to carry the volume of water, I ask damages in the sum of \$50. In my opinion it will cost that amount to replace damage done. Am willing for street committee to confer, as this is the third time I have suffered loss, and am unable to bear such loss, and this is the first time I have asked damages. Please give it your attention.

Yours truly,
HENRY CHAMBERS,
East End, City."

The communication will no doubt find its way to Solicitor McGarry.

A DELIGHTFUL TRIP.

The Pennsylvania Company Takes Care of Its Passengers.

The service of the Pennsylvania company east of Pittsburgh is, as it is throughout the system, the best in the world.

The traveler who desires to go east these hot summer days should take the Pennsylvania for a great many reasons. The line passes through a beautiful mountain country, where the scenery is such as to materially relieve what might otherwise prove a tedious journey. The Allegheny mountains are now at their best, and thousands of travelers who have gone that way remark upon the hours they have spent watching the constantly changing panorama.

The service is of the best. Nothing that the passengers could desire has been omitted. It has been said that nowhere on earth is the Pennsylvania railroad excelled, and that applies to the equipment, as well as the line itself. Not only are there necessities, but provision has been made for comforts, so many of them that to enumerate them all would require much space. Suffice to say that never in the history of railroads has there been a system so complete as the Pennsylvania, and never was the science of railroading developed to a higher degree. Money seems not to worry the competent officials, for they are determined that the passenger service over which they preside shall be without a rival.

CAUGHT A THIEF.

But He Was Not Turned Over to the Police.

A leading business man of the city has for some time been missing small articles from his home, and once the refrigerator was robbed.

As these thefts always occurred in the evening he determined to watch, and Sunday night he was rewarded by seeing a colored lad near the house. He waited, and in a short time went to the kitchen. He arrived in time to see the boy going over the fence. He followed and caught the youngster, but he pleaded so hard for liberty that he was released. The merchant has sufficient faith in human nature to believe he will have no more trouble.

MUSICAL UNION LOCAL NO. 77.

Board and local meets Wednesday, August 10, at Manley's band room. Important business. E. B. GOULD, Secretary.

Not Informed.

When Freight Agent T. J. Thomas was asked this morning if he could throw any light upon the work of Engineer McConnell near Georgetown, he said:

"I am aware that they are working in that vicinity, and that is all I know."

MONEY FOR SOLDIERS.

As was announced in the News Review several days ago, contributions for the Red Cross society will be received at this office.

Bright and spicy—NEWS REVIEW.

MEMORIES.

The heart grows sad sometimes when strange hands waken
A strain, a melody of other days.
And backward through the past the mind goes straying
Till heartstrings snap in twain on which he plays.

I walked today along the village highway.
A sunny head was bowed, a form, bent low—
Ah, with a pang it brought to me sweet memories
Of one so like him in the long ago!

But bitter sweet, the memories that waken
The love that filled each heart was never told.
For both of us were proud, and I, so fearful
My secret should be known, was silent, cold.

Ah, well, the same old tale, so oft repeated!
I knew not that he loved me—ah, you smile—
Twas after years I learned it, but he never,
Never knew I loved him all the while.

—Rose Van B. Speece.

CHINESE SHOES.

The Comfort and Healthfulness of Woven Straw Sandals.

"I may seem to be quarreling with my bread and butter," said an up town chiropodist to one of his best customers the other day, "but in my humble and somewhat professional opinion, the most sensible of all men in the matter of footwear is the Chinaman. Did you ever notice his feet? I don't believe there is such a thing as a corn or a bunion in all China. Chiropodists would starve to death there so far as the requirements of the masculine foot are concerned. Whatever the deformities inflicted on the feet of women in China may be, the men certainly enjoy sound and comfortable understandings. Look at the Chinese laundrymen here in Washington. They stand at their work 18 hours a day. No class of workingmen I know of spend so many hours on their feet as they do. Yet they never break down there, and, physically, they are a wonderfully healthy race.

"Simple living and freedom from the nervous pursuits of our civilization may have something to do with it, but I attribute their exemption from foot weakness and disease to the kind of house shoe so universally worn by them. I have a pair that I have worn for several years, and I wouldn't wear anything else for genuine indoor comfort. They are woven of straw and seaweed and soled with horse hide. There is a thick sole of straw above the leather, and through this the air can circulate freely, keeping the muscles of the underpart of the foot always cool. The laundrymen, you notice, are usually barefoot, which is an added advantage in the matter of healthfulness. There is about as little material in the uppers as is consistent with the idea of a shoe, and this is just enough to keep the thing on the foot. This upper, too, is woven loosely of seaweed, so that the air can have access to the foot. Nowhere does this shoe pinch or in the least degree press the foot.

"These are the indoor shoes of the Chinaman. On the street here in the United States nowadays he wears very commonly the leather shoes or boots of American manufacture. That is one of the ways in which he is becoming Americanized. But the outdoor cloth shoe of China is a great deal worn also. That, like the indoor shoe, is very thick and soft in the sole, and the foot is never pinched or strained by it. The healthiest footgear ever known probably was the sandal of the Greeks. It had no upper, and, as you will see in statuary, the feet of men and women were ideally perfect. All the sandal afforded was a protection from the ground. To him who wears sandals," say the Arabs, "it is as if the world were shod with leather." The Chinaman seems to follow out this motto, and his shoes are nearly soles and nothing more. But the great secret of the excellence of his indoor shoe is the half inch straw sole."

—Washington Star.

Neatly Caught.

A certain Greek adventurer some years ago undertook to palm off upon the public some false copies of the gospel manuscripts. Many learned men were deceived, but not Dr. Cox, librarian of the Bodleian library at Oxford. How he detected the fraud is related in his own words in The Spectator:

I never really opened the book, but I held it in my hand and took one page of it between my finger and thumb while I listened to the rascal's account of how he found this most interesting antiquity.

At the end of three or four minutes I handed it back to him with the short comment, "Nineteenth century paper, my dear sir," and he took it away in a hurry and did not come again.

Yes, I was pleased, but I have handled several ancient manuscripts in my time, and I know the feel of old paper.

Easily Managed.

Scene—Editor's sanctum. Printer (rushing in excitedly)—Here's a go! Johnson, the murderer, has just been found innocent, and the government has telegraphed a pardon. We've got the whole account of the hanging set up, with illustrations, and the form is on the press.

Editor (coolly)—Don't get excited, man. Just put over the account in large capitals: "Johnson Pardoned. Full Account of What He Escaped!"—Pearson's Weekly.

A Thing to Remember.

We have remembered the Maine, we have substantially freed Cuba; let us now remember our own interests and those of humanity.—Chicago Chronicle.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant, English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch.

Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

REDUCED FARES

To Various Points via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as indicated in the following paragraphs. Although concessions in fare are authorized for meetings of certain Orders, tickets may be obtained by any person whether a member of the order or interested in the event. The reduced rates will be open to everybody.

To Saratoga, N. Y.—August 1st and 2d, account Young People's Christian Union, U. P. Church. Return limit August 10th, with privilege to extend until August 31st.

To Indianapolis, Ind.—August 8th, and 9th for L. A. W. National Meet. Return limit August 15th.

To Richmond, Ind.—August 19th and 20th, food returning until August 28th, account Society of Friends Conference.

To Indianapolis, Ind.—August 20th, 21st and 22d, for Knights of Pythias Grand Encampment and Supreme Lodge Session. Return limit August 30th, with privilege to extend until September 10th.

To Cincinnati, Ohio.—September 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th, for the G. A. R. National Encampment. Good returning until September 13th, with privilege of extension until October 2d.

To Pittsburgh, Pa.—October 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, good returning until October 17th, account Knights Templar Triennial Conclave. Return limit may be extended until October 31st.

During the excursion season special rates will also be in effect via Pennsylvania Lines for special and local events. For particular information please apply to the nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or address J. K. Dillon, District Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Summer in Colorado.

Colorado is particularly inviting as a summer haven. The climate is remarkable for its invigorating effect, and the state is rich in grand scenery and points of interest where a vacation may be pleasantly spent. Special arrangements are being made for the entertainment of visitors who are this season expected to be attracted to the seclusion and quiet of the Rockies and the hills and canyons of that great wonderland.

Colorado today is nearer home than in former years. The fast schedules of the Pennsylvania route and connecting lines bring the centennial state within easy reach, and the cost of a trip thither is no longer a luxury. The special low rate tourist tickets over the Pennsylvania lines places the cost for transportation within the limit of the usual allowance for vacation trips. For special information about rates, time of trains and other details please apply to nearest Pennsylvania lines ticket agent or address J. K. Dillon, D. P. agt., Pittsburgh, Pa. *

Summer Travels.

Illustrated information about America's popular summer resorts is being distributed by passenger and ticket agents of the Pennsylvania lines. It includes descriptions of leading places of summer sojourn along the coast, in the mountains of the east, and in the lake region and Northern Michigan, all of which are within easy reach over the Pennsylvania route. For a copy please apply to the nearest Pennsylvania lines ticket agent, or address your requests to J. K. Dillon, district passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Change the Schedule.

A change in the schedule of passenger trains on the Pennsylvania lines went into effect Sunday, June 26. Under the new schedule the time of trains at East Liverpool, O., is as follows: Depart for the west at 12:30, 7:30, 9 a. m., 2:49 and 6:14 p. m. Depart for the east at 4:01, 6:57, 11:07 a. m., 3:20 and 7 p. m. *

Read the NEWS REVIEW for news.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59
	AM	PM	PM	PM	AM
Pittsburgh ..lv.	15:45	11:30	14:30	11:00	17:30
Rochester .."	6:40	2:15	5:25	11:50	8:25
Beaver .."	6:45	2:20	5:33	11:55	8:30
Vanport .."	6:50		5:38	11:59	8:34
Industry .."	7:00		5:50	12:10	8:44
Cooks Ferry .."	7:03		5:55	12:11	8:48
Smiths Ferry .."	7:11	2:40	6:04	12:20	8:55
East Liverpool .."	7:20	2:49	6:12	12:30	9:05
Wellsville ..ar.	7:33	3:00	6:28	12:40	9:15
Wellsville ..lv.	7:42				12:45
Wellsville Shop .."	7:46				12:50
Yellow Creek .."	7:52				12:55
Hammondsville .."	8:01				1:03
Irontdale .."	8:06	3:22			1:06
Sallenville .."	8:25	3:38			1:27
Bayard .."	9:09	4:10			2:05
Alliance ..ar.	9:40	4:33			2:35
Ravenna ..lv.	10:05	4:58			2:55
Hudson .."	11:02	5:25			3:30
Cleveland ..ar.	12:10	6:25			4:30
Wellsville ..lv.	7:47	3:10	6:55	15:55	11:02
Wellsville Shop .."	7:52	3:15	6:58	15:59	11:05
Yellow Creek .."	7:57	3:18	7:04	16:01	11:08
Port Homer .."	8:03	3:23	7:09	16:09	
Empire .."	8:10	3:28	7:14	16:11	21
Elliottsville .."	8:17	3:33	7:18	16:11	21
Toronto .."	8:21	3:38	7:23	16:30	28
Costonia .."	8:28	3:43	7:30	16:37	
Steubenville ..ar.	8:44	4:00	7:45	16:55	11:45
Mingo Je ..lv.	8:51	4:07	7:53	17:05	11:51
Brilliant .."	8:58	4:14	8:00	17:14	12:01
Rush Run .."	9:07	4:23	8:09	17:24	12:10
Portland .."	9:14	4:30	8:15	17:30	12:16
Yorkville .."	9:19	4:35	8:20	17:37	12:21
Martins Ferry .."	9:32	4:48	8:28	17:52	12:28
Bridgeport .."	9:40	4:56	8:35	17:58	12:35
Bellaire ..ar.	9:50	5:05	8:45	18:10	12:45

Eastward.	3:40	3:36	3:38	3:40	3:42
	AM	PM	PM	PM	PM
Bellaire ..lv.	14:45	19:00	14:45	11:00	12:45
Bridgeport .."	4:53	9:09	4:54	11:00	12:58
Martins Ferry .."	5:01	9:15	5:02	11:05	13:05
Yorkville .."	5:10		5:12		13:17
Portland .."	5:20	9:28	5:21	11:28	
Rush Run .."	5:28	9:33	5:29	11:34	14:22
Brilliant .."	5:35	9:43	5:36	11:41	14:31
Mingo Je .."	5:44	9:56	5:45	11:58	14:40
Steubenville ..ar.	5:44	9:56	5:50	11:58	14:40
Costonia .."	6:00	10:12			14:55
Toronto .."	6:07	10:17			15:02
Elliottsville .."	6:11	10:19			15:06
Empire .."	6:13	10:21			15:08
Port Homer .."	6:20	10:27			15:15
Yellow Creek .."	6:26	10:37			15:21
Wellsville Shop .."	6:31	10:42			15:26
Wellsville ..ar.	6:35	10:50			15:29
Wellsville ..lv.	7:42				3:05
Wellsville Shop .."	7:46				3:09
Yellow Creek .."	7:52				3:15
Hammondsville .."	8:01				3:22
Irontdale .."	8:06				3:27
Sallenville .."	8:25				3:46
Bayard .."	9:09				4:30
Alliance ..lv.	10:05				5:25
Ravenna .."	10:40				6:00
Hudson .."	11:02				6:22
Cleveland ..ar.	12:10				7:30
Wellsville ..lv.	6:45	10:57	7:01	3:10	3:50
East Liverpool .."	6:57	11:07	7:10	3:20	4:01
Smiths Ferry .."	7:07	11:18	7:18	3:30	4:12
Cooks Ferry .."	7:10	11:21	7:21	3:33	4:15
Industry .."	7:25	11:30	7:27	3:42	4:25
Vanport .."	7:34	11:40	7:36	3:53	4:36
Beaver .."	7:40	11:45	7:42	3:58	4:41
Rochester .."	7:50	11:50	7:52	4:08	4:51
Pittsburgh ..ar.	8:50	12:40	8:30	5:10	5:40

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, 526-58-H PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.



Is Your Head Clear? Do you feel a boundless energy in your blood? You can have these and renewed vitality by taking a dose of Paragon Tea before retiring. Cerebral Stipitation Cured. 25 cents for one month's treatment. All druggists. Send 2 cent stamp for sample. S. E. FAIR & CO. Cleveland, O.

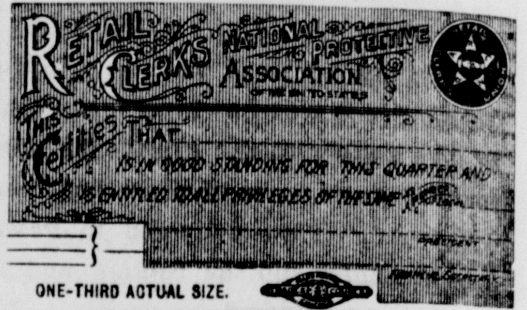
UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the R. C. N. P. A.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE. COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER. Good only during months named in lower left corner and when properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap on the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it on another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.

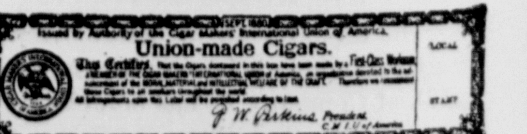


You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

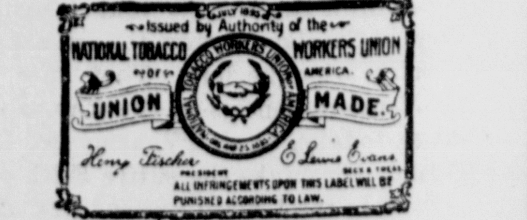
"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold. The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is a guarantee that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



THE
NEWS
REVIEW
PRESS.

TO THE ADVERTISERS.

The Evening News Review has the largest bonafide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The library directors will hold their regular meeting Friday evening.

A force of men are at work today cleaning the West Market street sewer.

Morgan Simms, of East End, Pittsburg, was in the city today on business.

Hon. David Boyce left at noon for Chautauqua where he will remain several weeks.

This morning a lot of machinery was received in the lower yards for the East End flint mill.

Next Sunday morning Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert will preach a temperance sermon at the First U. P. church.

John E. Sandusky, a buyer for several firms in Atlanta, Ga., was in the city yesterday and today placing orders.

The remains of Mrs. Kingsley Lucas were last evening on the steamer Avalon sent to Bellville, W. Va., for interment.

Father Smythe, of St. Aloysius church, left this morning for Salineville, where he is assisting in a 40 hours' service.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Peach and family will leave this evening for the Mackinac islands where they will spend one month.

The First Presbyterian Sunday school will hold their annual picnic at Columbian park, Thursday. The scholars will meet at the church at 10 o'clock.

The Camera club held their regular meeting last evening. The appointment of various committees and other business occupied the evening.

Last evening a passenger on a late street car lost his hat while going down Franklin street. The car was stopped while the passenger went after his hat.

The funeral of Mrs. Ellen Durber took place this afternoon from St. Stephen's church, Reverend Jones officiating. Interment was made at Spring Grove.

The street force are today putting in a four-inch sewer at the foot of Fourth street. They are also unloading a car of sewer pipe to be used on Bradshaw avenue.

The NEWS REVIEW is in receipt of a number of London papers containing interesting articles on the Spanish war. They were sent by Chas. E. Macrum, consul to Pretoria, S. A. R.

The flag presented to the Central school by the Carroll club presented a beautiful sight this morning. Early in the day Janitor Albright hoisted it on the pole and soon a stiff wind carried it out to its full length.

Councilman John Cain is in Pittsburg today on business, and when he returns he will bring with him a new oil pump for the Diamond well. It will be placed in position at once, and the well started as soon as possible.

The barbers association held an interesting meeting in their hall last evening. Several matters of importance in addition to routine business were given attention. A pleasant luncheon was served after the business session.

The Catholic Mutual Benefit association of this section are today holding their annual outing at Silver lake. A special train composed of 15 coaches left this city at 8 o'clock this morning. About 400 tickets were sold in this city.

The fourth quarterly meeting of the Free Methodist church will commence this evening. Rev. J. S. McGeary, the district elder, will be present and preach tonight and tomorrow night. After the preaching tomorrow evening baptism and the sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered.

A large amount of freight was sent from the outbound platform at the freight depot yesterday and a large number of cars were loaded and sent out. Today business was even better than yesterday, and it is safe to predict a larger number of cars were dispatched than yesterday.

A GOOD TITLE.

Abstracts Will Be Furnished of East End Land Company's Lots.

Purchasers of homes in the East End Land company's tract can be assured of an absolutely good title to their property. Abstracts will be furnished to all who desire. The records in this property were looked up and approved by Prosecuting Attorney Brookes and General Riley. They pronounced the title held by the East End Land company as perfect, so no one need hesitate to purchase these lots and all can be promised a clear title.

The investment is sure to be a profitable one to all who purchase direct from the company and the opportunity will not long be open. There are a few choice lots left and these will undoubtedly be sold during the present week.

For particulars in reference to lots, call on S. J. Cripps, president, or H. F. Harris, secretary. Mr. Cripps can be seen at Reed's drug store and Mr. Harris at the Crisis office.

A LIVERPOOL MAN

Named by the Socialists For Infirmary Director.

At the convention of the Socialist Labor party held in Salem, William Buchagen, of this place was named for infirmary director. He took a prominent part in the convention.

The county ticket named is as follows: Auditor, Charles Bonsell, Salem; commissioner, T. R. Whinnery, Winona; coroner, E. Weigel, Salineville.

ONLY ONE MEETING

Was Held by Rev. Geo. H. Vibbert Last Night.

Owing to the flag raising last evening Reverend Vibbert only conducted one meeting. That was in the tent and was well attended.

The gentleman will conduct services in the Diamond and in the tent this evening.

On the River.

Once more are rivermen a happy lot, as the Ohio is rising again, and the prospects for a 10-foot stage by midnight are very good. This amount of water will allow the coalboats to get out, and about 2,500,000 bushels will go south. At a late hour this morning the marks at the wharf registered eight feet and rising. This afternoon the marks registered 9.6 feet and still rising.

Like the times of old, the packets are now running on schedule time. The Queen City was up today, and the Kanawha is down tonight. The Ben Hur is up tomorrow and the Queen City down. Thursday the Cummings and Urania are up, and the Ben Hur down.

Card of Thanks.

The Carroll club desire to return thanks to the Sons of Veterans, General Lyon post, Young Men's Christian association and all citizens who aided in making the flag raising so successful. We appreciate the patriotic spirit of the people.

D. T. McCARRON,

J. S. GRAFTON, Secretary.

Entertained Buyers.

Geo. W. Clark, western traveler for the Laughlin company, yesterday entertained Mr. Kesner and brother, leading crockery buyers of New York.

Special No. 4 For Wednesday & Thursday
125 belts in all colors have been 25c to go at 15c at

THE LEADER.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Joe Chapman is visiting friends in Empire.

—William Scullen, of Cleveland, is in the city visiting friends.

—Doctor and Mrs. Gardner are spending a few weeks at Chautauqua.

—Mrs. Curfman and her son, William, are spending a few days in Steubenville.

—A. Solomon and W. R. Wilkoff will leave next Thursday for an extended eastern trip.

—James Green, W. H. Shindler and H. G. Moore, of Toronto, spent yesterday in the city.

—Mrs. C. T. Hard left at noon for Chautauqua, where she will remain several weeks.

—Miss Annie B. Todd is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Todd, Lincoln avenue.

—Mrs. C. S. Chambers, of East End, Pittsburg, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. John E. Anderson, West End.

—Earnest Norton left this morning for his home in Salamara, N. Y. He will remain there several weeks.

—Mrs. Newell, of Walnut street, left yesterday for Allegheny where she will remain several weeks with friends.

TAKES PHILIP'S PLACE.

Sigsbee to Command the Texas and Philip May Go to Mare Island.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Two important changes in the command of vessels of the navy were announced last evening by Secretary Long. Captain Charles B. Sigsbee, who commanded the battleship Maine when she met her fate in the harbor of Havana, and who has been in command of the auxiliary cruiser St. Paul since the war began, has been ordered to relieve Captain John W. Philip of command of the



CAPTAIN PHILIP.

battleship Texas, now undergoing repairs in New York. It is understood that Captain Philip will be assigned to shore duty, probably the command of the Mare Island navyyard at San Francisco.

Secretary Long announced also that Captain Caspar F. Goodrich of the auxiliary cruiser St. Louis had been ordered to the command of the Newark, Commodore Schley's new flagship, to succeed Captain Albert S. Barker, who has been transferred to the battleship Oregon on account of the illness of Captain Charles E. Clark.

SEVENTEEN KILLED.

A Party of Klondikers and a Missionary and His Family Lost.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—A letter received by the Alaska Commercial company, dated Unalak, July 28, says: Information received here is to the effect that an entire party of 12 prospectors, calling themselves the Columbia Exploring company, together with the Rev. R. Weber, a Moravian missionary, his wife and two native pilots, bound for the Muskovite river, have been lost. Not long ago the Rev. Weber was asked by some of the prospecting party, who were on board the steamer Lakme, to go with them as pilot and interpreter, with two Indian pilots, up the Muskovite river. He agreed to do so, taking his wife and children along. On June 24 Weber met the party, who had a 50-foot steamer and two barges. They were at Good News bay, but were short one boat, which was needed to carry their stores.

On July 27th, the natives say the small steamer with two barges in tow left Good News bay to proceed up the river. Soon after their departure a terrific storm arose. A few days later the natives reported a stranded barge ashore on the north side of the river. It was laden with supplies all of which were appropriated by the finders. Later on a raft was found adrift. Nothing has been heard of any of the 17 persons who started up the river and all are thought to have perished. The names of the prospectors have not yet been ascertained.

A DENIAL BY SHAFTER.

Declared He Was Not Responsible For Neglect of Wounded in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—General Shafter, in a report to the war department, emphatically denies that he is responsible for the inadequate provision made for the sick and wounded brought from Santiago to the United States on the Seneca and Concho. Everything possible, he says, was sent with the sick and wounded. The matter of shortage of water, he says, is inexcusable. He partly said in closing:

"There is no excuse for lack of food, as there has at all times been plenty of that. I have no doubt that many more were put on the ship than should have been, owing to the great desire to get home, as they had the fear of yellow fever, and were almost wholly without hospital accommodation."

"The sick and wounded had only the clothing on that they wore into battle, and, of course, that was ragged and worn out by the time they reached home. There was none to issue to them at the time they left, and their own extra clothing they could not get at. There has never been a case of suffering here that could be remedied by the means at hand that was not attended to. The surgeons have worked as well as any men that ever lived, and their complaint has been universal of lack of means and facilities."

Union Veterans' Union.

ROCK ISLAND, Ills., Aug. 9.—General H. L. Street, commander-in-chief of the Union Veterans' union, and other workers arrived yesterday. The thirtieth national encampment opened today and lasts four days.

Origin of Cuba.

Haiti is a native name, meaning mountainous country. The name Cuba is of native origin. The meaning is unknown.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 8.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 76¢ for old; 66¢ for new.

CORN—No. 2 yellow, ear, 43¢; 43¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 39¢; 39¢; high, mixed, shelled, 38¢.

OATS—No. 1 white oats, 32¢; 32¢; No. 2 white clipped, 32¢; 32¢; extra, No. 3 white, 31¢; 31¢; light mixed, 30¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy hay, new, \$9.00; 9.50; No. 1 timothy, old, \$8.75; 10.00; No. 2, \$7.50; 8.50; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$5.50; 6.00; packing, \$6.00; 6.25; wagon hay, \$9.50; 10.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 70¢; 80¢ per pair; small, 55¢; 65¢; spring chickens, 12¢; 13¢ per dozen; ducks, 40¢; 50¢ per pair; turkeys, 70¢; 80¢ per pound; geese, 50¢; 70¢ per pair; spring chickens, 15¢; 17¢; ducks, 11¢; 12¢; turkeys, 12¢; 14¢; geese, 70¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 21¢; 22¢; extra creamery, 20¢; 21¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 18¢; 17¢; country roll, 12¢; 13¢; low grades and cooking, 9¢; 11¢.

CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 8¢; 8¢; new Ohio, full cream, 8¢; 8¢; do skims, 7¢; 7¢; Wisconsin Swiss, 11¢; 12¢; Limburger, new, 9¢; 9¢; brick cheese, 5-pound average, 9¢; 10¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 11¢; 12¢; candied, 12¢; 13¢.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 8.

CATTLE—Receipts 60 loads; market firm on best grades, others steady. Extra, \$5.10; 5.15; prime, \$5.00; 5.10; good, \$4.80; 4.90; tidy, \$4.55; 4.75; fair, \$4.25; 4.40; common, \$3.80; 4.00; fat oxen, \$2.25; 4.00; common to good fat, \$2.00; 4.00; good fresh cows, \$3.50; 4.50; common to good fresh cows and springers, \$3.00; 3.50.

HOGS—Receipts light, about 17 loads on sale; market a shade higher than on Saturday. We would quote: Prime mediums and good Yorkers, \$4.10; 4.15; common to fair, \$4.00; 4.05; heavy, \$4.00; 4.10; pigs, \$3.70; 4.00, roughs, \$2.50; 3.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply 15 loads; market 10¢ higher on best sheep and 25¢ higher on lambs. We quote: Choice, \$4.50; 4.60; good, \$4.30; 4.40; fair, \$3.90; 4.15; common, \$3.25; 3.75; spring lambs, \$4.50; 6.00; veal calves, \$6.00; 6.50; heavy and thin calves, \$4.00; 5.00.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 8.

HOGS—Market active and higher at \$3.35; 4.10.

CATTLE—Market active at \$2.75; 4.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep steady at \$2.25; 4.00. Lambs higher at \$4.50; 6.50.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.

WHEAT—Spot market easy; No. 2 red, 78¢; 79¢ f. o. b. float, export grade, to arrive.

CORN—Spot market steady; No. 2, 38¢; f. o. b. float.

OATS—Spot market firm; No. 2, 28¢; No. 2 white, 32¢.

CATTLE—Market slow; prime steers firm to a higher grade; others steady; general market closed firm. Native steers, \$4.45; 5.35; cows, \$1.25; 3.05.

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Glorious Meetings Every Day and Night.

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LADY ATTENDANT.

LOST—Left on a street car Monday evening a black silk umbrella with tassel on handle. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at this office.



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Captured by Uncle Sam didn't drop into his hat through sheer luck—strength and shrewd judgment won them. Business successes are won in the same way. It isn't luck that enables us to offer you the most expert, scientific optical service to be found anywhere, at extremely low prices. It is full and perfect equipment, investment and enterprise. We employ a first class Oculist, a medical doctor especially educated in the treatment of the eye. When you come to us you take no chances, but are sure of first class service. Examination free of charge. Why not have the best?

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THE NEWS REVIEW

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